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(54) Title: WD-40-DERIVED PEPTIDES AND USES THEREOF

(57) Abstract

The present invention relates to a polypeptide composition effective to alter the activity of a first protein that interacts with a second protein, where the second protein contains at least one WD-40 region. The polypeptides of the present invention typically have between 4 and 50 amino acids whose sequence is the same as a sequence of the same length in the WD-40 region of the second protein. The invention further includes a method of altering the activity of a protein kinase C, where the protein kinase C interacts with a second protein, and the second protein contains at least one WD-40 region (e.g., RACK1).

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WD-40 - DERIVED PEPTIDES AND USES THEREOF

Field of the Invention

The present invention relates in general to compositions and methods of modulating the function of proteins involved in protein-protein interactions. It relates more specifically to modulating the function of a first protein of a pair of interacting proteins wherein a second protein of the pair contains a "WD-40" or " β -transducin" amino acid repeat motif.

10 Background Art

Many intracellular processes are carried out or regulated by multi-subunit protein complexes that become active or repressed by the association or dissociation of individual polypeptide subunits.

15 One such group or family of proteins is related to the β subunit of transducin. Members of this group are all at least somewhat homologous to the β -subunit of transducin at the amino acid level, and contain a varying number of repeats of a particular motif identified in β -transducin. The repeats have
20 been termed " β -transducin", or "WD-40" repeats (Fong, et al.).

Among the members of this protein family (Duronio, et al.) are the $G\beta$ subunits that couple many receptors to their intracellular effector molecules, $G\beta/\gamma$ subunits that anchor another protein kinase (the β -adrenergic receptor kinase, β ARK),
25 DNA binding proteins and yeast cell cycle proteins. All of these require a transient protein-protein interaction for their function. However, the sequences at the interface of these proteins and their partners have not been identified.

The following are the references cited above and
30 throughout the specification:

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Disclosure of the Invention

The invention includes, in one aspect, a polypeptide composition effective to alter the activity of a first protein, such as protein kinase C, or β -adrenergic receptor kinase (β ARK). The polypeptide blocks or inhibits an interaction, such as a binding interaction, between the first protein and a second protein containing a WD-40 region.

The polypeptide contains between 4 and 50 amino acids whose sequence is the same as a sequence of the same length in the WD-40 region of the second protein.

The polypeptide may block the binding of the first to the second protein, or may be an agonist or antagonist of the first protein. The WD-40 region preferably has an amino acid sequence homologous or identical to the sequences defined by SEQ ID NO:76-261.

In a second embodiment, the invention includes a method of altering the activity of the first protein of the type defined above. The method includes selecting a polypeptide having between 4 and 50 amino acids whose sequence is the same as a sequence of the same length in the WD-40 region of the second protein, and contacting the polypeptide with the first protein under conditions which allow the formation of a complex between the polypeptide and the first protein, where this interaction alters the activity of the first protein.

In another embodiment, the contacting is effective to stimulate the activity of the first protein.

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The polypeptide preferably has an amino acid sequence homologous or identical to the sequences defined by SEQ ID NO:76-261.

In a more specific aspect of the invention, the invention includes a polypeptide composition effective to alter the activity of protein kinase C, where the protein kinase C interacts with a second protein, and the second protein contains at least one WD-40 region. The polypeptide has between 4 and 50 amino acids whose sequence is the same as a sequence of the same length in the WD-40 region of the second protein.

In a preferred embodiment, the second protein is a receptor for activated protein kinase C, and has the sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:27.

In other specific embodiments, the polypeptide is (i) an agonist of protein kinase C, and the polypeptide has the sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:7; (ii) an antagonist of the activity of protein kinase C; and/or (iii) an inhibitor of the interaction between protein kinase C and the second protein. In the latter embodiment, the polypeptide has sequence corresponding to SEQ ID NO:4 or SEQ ID NO:7.

The WD-40 region preferably has an amino acid sequence homologous or identical to SEQ ID NO:69-75.

In a related embodiment, the invention includes a method of altering the activity of a protein kinase C that interacts with a second protein, where said second protein contains at least one WD-40 region.

The method includes selecting a polypeptide having between 4 and 50 amino acids whose sequence is the same as a sequence of the same length in the WD-40 region of the second protein, and contacting the polypeptide with the protein kinase C under conditions which allow the formation of a complex between the polypeptide and the protein kinase C.

compositions of the invention wherein said polypeptide is coupled to a solid support, as well as a method to bind

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polypeptide composition bound to solid support and removing any unbound components of the sample from said composition.

In still another aspect, the invention relates to a method to assess the interaction of a first protein with a polypeptide represented by an amino acid sequence contained in a second protein, wherein said second protein contains at least one WD-40 region, which method comprises contacting a sample containing said first protein with a polypeptide composition wherein the polypeptide has between 4 and 50 amino acids whose sequence is the same as the sequence of the same length in the WD-40 region of the second protein, and observing any interaction of the first protein with said polypeptide composition. The invention also concerns a method to assess the ability of a candidate compound to bind a first protein which method comprises contacting said first protein with a polypeptide composition which binds said first protein, wherein the polypeptide of said composition has between 4 and 50 amino acids whose sequence is the same as a sequence of the same length in a WD-40 region of a second protein which interacts with said first protein, in the presence and absence of said candidate compound; and measuring the binding of said polypeptide in the presence and in the absence of said candidate, wherein decreased binding of the polypeptide in the presence as opposed to the absence of said candidate indicates that said candidate binds to said first protein.

In still another aspect, the invention is directed to recombinant materials for the production of the polypeptides of the invention and methods for their production.

These and other objects and features of the invention will become more fully apparent when the following detailed description of the invention is read in conjunction with the accompanying drawings.

Figure 1A shows the cDNA sequence of rat brain RACK1.

Figure 1B shows an amino acid self-homology matrix

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Figure 1C shows the amino acid sequence of RACK1, aligned to show the seven WD-40 repeats represented in the molecule.

Figure 2 shows the results of an overlay assay to
5 detect PKC binding to immobilized RACK1 in the presence and absence of PKC activators.

Figure 3 shows the results of an overlay assay to detect PKC binding to immobilized RACK1 in the presence and absence of WD-40-derived peptides.

10 Figure 4 shows the results of an overlay assay to detect binding of β PKC to either peptide I (SEQ ID NO:1) or peptide rVI (SEQ ID NO:7) immobilized on nitrocellulose membranes under various conditions.

Figure 5A shows the effects of injecting peptides I
15 (SEQ ID NO:1) and rVI (SEQ ID NO:7) on PKC-mediated germinal vesicle breakdown (GVBD), a measure of insulin-induced oocyte maturation.

Figure 5B shows the effects of injecting peptides I
(SEQ ID NO:1) and rVI (SEQ ID NO:7) on PKC-mediated germinal
20 vesicle breakdown (GVBD) in the absence of insulin induction.

Figure 5C shows the effects of injecting peptide rIII (SEQ ID NO:4) on PKC-mediated germinal vesicle breakdown (GVBD) in the absence of insulin induction.

Figure 6 shows the distribution of β PKC in *Xenopus*
25 oocytes between the cytosolic and membrane-associated fractions following microinjection of either injection solution, peptide I (SEQ ID NO:1) or peptide rVI (SEQ ID NO:7) with or without insulin stimulation.

Figure 7 shows the effects of peptides I and rVI on
30 the sensitivity of β PKC to Arg-C endopeptidase.

Figure 8 shows the effects of peptides I and rVI on PKC activity in the presence of various

35 activators.

Figure 10 shows the effects of peptide rIII on PKC activity in the presence of various

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Figure 11 shows the amino acid sequence of the 56 kDa human protein with the WD-40 repeats aligned and putative binding peptide regions delineated by a box.

Figure 12 shows the amino acid sequence of the AAC-rich protein with the WD-40 repeats aligned and putative binding peptide regions delineated by a box.

Figure 13 shows the amino acid sequence of the B-TRCP protein with the WD-40 repeats aligned and putative binding peptide regions delineated by a box.

Figure 14 shows the amino acid sequence of the Beta-prime-COP protein with the WD-40 repeats aligned and putative binding peptide regions delineated by a box.

Figure 15 shows the amino acid sequence of the CDC4 protein with the WD-40 repeats aligned and putative binding peptide regions delineated by a box.

Figure 16 shows the amino acid sequence of the Chlam-3 protein with the WD-40 repeats aligned and putative binding peptide regions delineated by a box.

Figure 17 shows the amino acid sequence of the COP-1 protein with the WD-40 repeats aligned and putative binding peptide regions delineated by a box.

Figure 18 shows the amino acid sequence of the CORO protein with the WD-40 repeats aligned and putative binding peptide regions delineated by a box.

Figure 19 shows the amino acid sequence of the Coronin p55 protein with the WD-40 repeats aligned and putative binding peptide regions delineated by a box.

Figure 20 shows the amino acid sequence of the Cstf 50 kDa protein with the WD-40 repeats aligned and putative binding peptide regions delineated by a box.

Figure 21 shows the amino acid sequence of the bovine G-beta-2 protein with the WD-40 repeats aligned and putative binding peptide regions delineated by a box.

Figure 22 shows the amino acid sequence of the bovine G-beta-2 protein with the WD-40 repeats aligned and putative binding peptide regions delineated by a box.

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Figure 23 shows the amino acid sequence of the drosophila G-beta protein with the WD-40 repeats aligned and putative binding peptide regions delineated by a box.

Figure 24 shows the amino acid sequence of the human
5 G-beta-1 protein with the WD-40 repeats aligned and putative binding peptide regions delineated by a box.

Figure 25 shows the amino acid sequence of the human G-beta-2 protein with the WD-40 repeats aligned and putative binding peptide regions delineated by a box.

10 Figure 26 shows the amino acid sequence of the mouse G-beta protein with the WD-40 repeats aligned and putative binding peptide regions delineated by a box.

Figure 27 shows the amino acid sequence of the drosophila groucho protein with the WD-40 repeats aligned and
15 putative binding peptide regions delineated by a box.

Figure 28 shows the amino acid sequence of the squid GTP-binding protein with the WD-40 repeats aligned and putative binding peptide regions delineated by a box.

Figure 29 shows the amino acid sequence of the HSIEF
20 930 protein with the WD-40 repeats aligned and putative binding peptide regions delineated by a box.

Figure 30 shows the amino acid sequence of the human 12.3 protein with the WD-40 repeats aligned and putative binding peptide regions delineated by a box.

25 Figure 31 shows the amino acid sequence of the human IEF-7442 protein with the WD-40 repeats aligned and putative binding peptide regions delineated by a box.

Figure 32 shows the amino acid sequence of the insulin-like growth factor binding protein complex with the WD-
30 40 repeats aligned and putative binding peptide regions delineated by a box.

35 by a box.

Figure 34 shows the amino acid sequence of the human
WD-40 repeats with the WD-40 repeats aligned and putative binding peptide regions delineated by a box.

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Figure 35 shows the amino acid sequence of the MD6 protein with the WD-40 repeats aligned and putative binding peptide regions delineated by a box.

Figure 36 shows the amino acid sequence of the yeast MS11 protein with the WD-40 repeats aligned and putative binding peptide regions delineated by a box.

Figure 37 shows the amino acid sequence of the mouse pc326 MUS protein with the WD-40 repeats aligned and putative binding peptide regions delineated by a box.

Figure 38 shows the amino acid sequence of the ORD RB1 protein with the WD-40 repeats aligned and putative binding peptide regions delineated by a box.

Figure 39 shows the amino acid sequence of the periodic trp protein with the WD-40 repeats aligned and putative binding peptide regions delineated by a box.

Figure 40 shows the amino acid sequence of the PLAP protein with the WD-40 repeats aligned and putative binding peptide regions delineated by a box.

Figure 41 shows the amino acid sequence of the retinoblastoma binding protein with the WD-40 repeats aligned and putative binding peptide regions delineated by a box.

Figure 42 shows the amino acid sequence of the S253 protein with the WD-40 repeats aligned and putative binding peptide regions delineated by a box.

Figure 43 shows the amino acid sequence of the SOF1 protein with the WD-40 repeats aligned and putative binding peptide regions delineated by a box.

Figure 44 shows the amino acid sequence of the STE4 yeast protein with the WD-40 repeats aligned and putative binding peptide regions delineated by a box.

Figure 45 shows the amino acid sequence of the TF1 transcription factor with the WD-40 repeats aligned and putative binding peptide regions delineated by a box.

Figure 46 shows the amino acid sequence of the TF1 protein with the WD-40 repeats aligned and putative binding peptide regions delineated by a box.

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Figure 47 shows the amino acid sequence of the TUP1 homolog protein with the WD-40 repeats aligned and putative binding peptide regions delineated by a box.

Figure 48 shows the amino acid sequence of the YCU7
5 protein with the WD-40 repeats aligned and putative binding peptide regions delineated by a box.

Figure 49 shows the amino acid sequence of the YCW2 protein with the WD-40 repeats aligned and putative binding peptide regions delineated by a box.

10 Figure 50 shows the amino acid sequence of the YKL25 protein with the WD-40 repeats aligned and putative binding peptide regions delineated by a box.

Figure 51 shows the amino acid sequence of the YRB140 protein with the WD-40 repeats aligned and putative binding
15 peptide regions delineated by a box.

Detailed Description of the Invention

I. Definitions

Unless otherwise indicated, all terms used herein have the same meaning as they would to one skilled in the art of the
20 present invention. Practitioners are particularly directed to Current Protocols in Molecular Biology (Ausubel) for definitions and terms of the art.

Abbreviations for amino acid residues are the standard 3-letter and/or 1-letter codes used in the art to refer to one
25 of the 20 common L-amino acids. Likewise, abbreviations for nucleic acids are the standard codes used in the art.

An "amino acid group" refers to a group of amino acids where the group is based on common properties, such as hydrophobicity, charge, or size.

30 A "conserved set" of amino acids refers to a

conserved set is between two and ten contiguous residues in
35 length. The individual positions within a conserved set each

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at a particular position, the conserved set sequence will contain only that residue at that position. For example, for the two peptides WRTAA (SEQ ID NO:263) and WRTAV (SEQ ID NO:264), there are 4 identical positions (WRTA; SEQ ID NO:265) and one position where the residue is an "A" or a "V".

Proteins are typically long chains of amino acid based polyamides (polypeptides) capable of creating secondary and tertiary structure. Proteins may be composed of one, two or more polypeptide chains and may further contain some other type of substance in association with the polypeptide chain(s), such as metal ions or carbohydrates. The size of proteins covers a rather wide range from ~5,000 to several hundred thousand g/mole. The 5,000 figure corresponds to the presence or roughly 40-45 amino acids.

Unless otherwise indicated, the sequence for proteins and peptides is given in the order from the amino terminus to the carboxyl terminus. Similarly, the sequence for nucleic acids is given in the order from the 5' end to the 3' end.

The term "interacting proteins" refers to a pair of polypeptides that can form a stably-associated complex due to, for example, electrostatic, hydrophobic, ionic and/or hydrogen-bond interactions under physiological conditions.

Proteins smaller than about 5,000 g/mole are typically referred to as polypeptides or simply peptides (Bohinski).

Two amino acid sequences or two nucleotide sequences are considered homologous (as this term is preferably used in this specification) if they have an alignment score of >5 (in standard deviation units) using the program ALIGN with the mutation gap matrix and a gap penalty of 6 or greater (Dayhoff). The two sequences (or parts thereof) are more preferably homologous if their amino acids are greater than or equal to 50% more preferably 70% identical.

parent peptide or polypeptide if it has an amino acid sequence that is identical or homologous to the amino acid sequence of the parent peptide or polypeptide.

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ID NO:4) and peptide rVI (SEQ ID NO:7), which are derived from the third and seventh WD-40 repeats of RACK1 (SEQ ID NO:27), respectively.

5 The term "expression vector" refers to vectors that have the ability to incorporate and express heterologous DNA fragments in a foreign cell. Many prokaryotic and eukaryotic expression vectors are commercially available. Selection of appropriate expression vectors is within the knowledge of those having skill in the art.

10 The term "PKC" refers to protein kinase C, or C-kinase.

The term "RACK" refers to receptor for activated C-kinase.

The term "PS" refers to phosphatidylserine.

15 The term "DG" refers to diacylglycerol.

The term "PL" refers to phospholipids. Phospholipids include both phosphatidylserine and diacylglycerol.

The term "GVBD" refers to germinal vesicle breakdown, a measure of insulin-induced maturation in *Xenopus* oocytes.

20 The term "PCR" refers to polymerase chain reaction.

The term "NMR" refers to nuclear magnetic resonance.

The term " β ARK" refers to β -adrenergic receptor kinase.

II. General Overview of Invention.

25 The invention relates to interacting proteins, at least one of which contains an amino acid sequence with one or more of the characteristic repeats termed WD-40 (Fong, et al.).

According to one aspect of the invention, the function of a first protein of a pair of interacting proteins may be modulated, altered or disrupted by the addition, to a solution

30

pair of interacting proteins.

35 The modulation or disruption of function of the first

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protein. The consequences of the binding or association of the binding peptide with the first protein depend on the sequence of the peptide.

Typically, the presence of the binding peptide will
5 inhibit the binding of the first protein to the second protein. This binding may be assayed *in vitro* by, for example, an overlay assay, whereby the degree of binding of one protein to another may be assessed. Several adaptations of overlay assays applied to embodiments of the present invention are described herein.

10 Regardless of whether or not the WD-40-derived peptide affects the association of the first protein with the second protein, the peptide may alter or modulate defined activities of the first protein. These activities may be assayed by a variety of methods *in vivo* and/or *in vitro*. The method(s) employed
15 depend on the protein whose activity is being measured.

An exemplary first protein of a pair of interacting proteins is protein kinase C (PKC). Upon activation, PKC interacts with receptors for activated C kinase (RACKs), at least one of which (RACK1) contains WD-40 repeats. Several
20 assays for determining the activity of PKC in the presence and in the absence of peptides derived from the WD-40 region of RACK1 are detailed herein.

Certain "interacting proteins" interact only after one or more of them has been stimulated by an exogenous or
25 endogenous factor(s). For instance, PKC, as shown herein, does not bind to RACK proteins until it has been activated by, for example, phosphatidylserine (PS), diacylglycerol (DG) and calcium. However, peptides derived from WD-40 repeats of a second protein of such a pair may be able to associate with or
30 bind to the first protein even in the absence of activators of the first protein, and in so doing, affect the function of the first protein.

50 second protein of a pair of interacting proteins, may be useful as specific agonists, antagonists, potentiators of function, and

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example, direct use in therapeutic applications or as lead compounds for the development of other therapeutic agents, e.g., small organic molecules.

III. Advantages of the Invention for the Inhibition of Activated PKC Binding to RACK1.

Protein kinase C (PKC) is a family of at least 10 isozymes that share common structures and biochemical characteristics. It has been demonstrated that several isozymes are present within a single cell type, and it has been assumed that individual PKC isozymes are involved in different cellular functions. However, so far, the available activators and inhibitors of PKC do not appear to be isozyme-specific. Therefore, it is currently impossible to determine the role of individual PKC isozymes in normal cellular functions as well as in disease.

PKC activation by, for example, diacylglycerol and calcium, induces the translocation of PKC from a soluble (cytosolic) to a cell particulate (membrane-associated) fraction, as shown in experiments herein (Example 8). Activated PKC is stabilized in the cell particulate fraction by binding to membrane-associated receptors (receptors for activated C-Kinase, or RACKs).

In experiments done in support of the present invention and described herein, a clone (pRACK1) encoding a RACK has been isolated (Example 1). RACK1 belongs to a growing family of proteins that are homologous to the β -subunit of transducin and contain the WD-40 motif (Fong, et al.). It was demonstrated that peptide I (SEQ ID NO:1) binds to purified PKC (see Example 6 and Fig. 4), inhibits the binding of PKC to purified recombinant RACK1 protein (see Example 4 and Fig. 3),

identified in the sixth WD-40 repeats of RACK1 (see Fig. 1C). A synthetic peptide was prepared based on this sequence (peptide

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corresponding regions in repeats I-V and VII (peptides rI-rV, rVII; SEQ ID NO:2-6, 8; underlined regions in corresponding repeats, Fig. 1C). Some of the peptides were also found to inhibit the binding of PKC to RACK1 (see Example 4 and Fig. 3).

5 In addition, some of the peptides were found to bind to purified PKC (see Example 6, Fig. 4), partially activate PKC in the absence of other activators (peptide rVI; see Examples 7, 10, 11 and Figs. 5, 8 and 9), and potentiate the effects of known PKC activators on the enzyme (see Examples 7-9 and Figs. 5-7).

10 In *Xenopus* oocyte maturation studies (see, for instance, Example 7), peptide rVI (SEQ ID NO:7) is an agonist of β PKC. Peptide rIII, while less potent, is also an agonist of PKC; it enhances insulin-induced oocyte maturation at 50 and 500 μ M.

15 In cardiac myocytes, norepinephrine (NE, 2 μ M) causes translocation of δ and ϵ PKC isoforms from the cytosolic to the particulate fraction. Introduction into cardiac myocytes of peptide rIII, and to a lesser extent peptide rVI, caused an immediate translocation of δ and ϵ PKC isoforms in the absence of
20 hormone stimulation. This peptide-induced translocation was followed by degradation of δ and ϵ PKC isoforms. Moreover, NE-induced translocation is further enhanced in cells containing peptide rIII.

In contrast, introduction of peptide I to these cells does
25 not affect PKC distribution in the absence of hormone stimulation, nor does it induce PKC degradation. Furthermore, NE-induced translocation is inhibited by peptide I. Similar concentrations of a number of control peptides did not affect PKC distribution or degradation in control or NE-treated cells.

30 In studies on rat cardiac myocytes, peptide rIII induced δ PKC and ϵ PKC activation that was followed by degradation of these activated isoforms.

fig. 6). In contrast, peptide I (SEQ ID NO:1) inhibited hormone-induced translocation of PKC isoforms (Example 8, Fig 6) and did not cause degradation.

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The data summarized above demonstrate that peptides derived from WD-40 repeats of RACK1 can serve as PKC agonists and antagonists *in vivo*, and suggest that peptides derived from WD-40 regions of RACK1 contain at least part of the protein-protein interface between PKC and RACK1.

Furthermore, the results suggest that (i) WD-40 repeats present in other proteins, such as G β subunit, may also be located at or near a surface involved in protein-protein interactions, (ii) peptides derived from these repeats may be effective in disrupting the interactions of the proteins with their partners (e.g. β -adrenergic receptor kinase (β ARK)), (iii) the peptides may modulate or alter the activity of the proteins with which the WD-40 repeat-containing proteins interact, and (iv) the peptides may therefore have specific biological effects when administered *in vivo*.

IV. Identification of Pairs of Interacting Proteins.

A. Biochemical Approaches.

Novel interacting proteins may be identified and isolated by a number of methods known to those skilled in the art. For example, monoclonal antibodies raised to a mixture of antigens, such as a particular tissue homogenate, may be characterized and used to immunoprecipitate a single class of antigen molecules present in that tissue. The precipitated proteins may then be characterized further, and used to co-precipitate other proteins with which they normally interact (Hari, et al., Escobedo, et al.).

An alternate method to identify unknown polypeptides that interact with a known, isolated protein is by the use of, for example, an overlay assay (Wolf, et al., Mochly-Rosen, et al., 1991). A mixture (such as a fraction of a tissue homogenate, for example) is spotted onto a membrane,

nitrocellulose or nylon membrane, and contacted with a solution containing the known protein and any necessary co-factors or small molecules.

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with a probe for the known protein, for example an antibody or a mixture of antibodies, and the signal visualized.

B. Molecular Approaches.

Putative binding proteins of a known protein may be isolated from tissue homogenates, as described above. Alternatively, DNA clones encoding putative binding proteins may be identified by screening, for example, an appropriate cDNA expression library. Expression libraries made from a wide variety of tissues are commercially available (for example, from Clonetech, Palo Alto, CA). Expression libraries may also be made *de novo* from organisms and tissues of choice by practitioners skilled in the art.

The screening of expression libraries for clones expressing a protein or protein fragment of interest may be readily accomplished using techniques known in the art, for example, an overlay assay.

An overlay-assay screening method may be used to identify clones expressing a (known or unknown) protein or protein fragment that binds to a probe in hand. The probe may be a protein postulated to be involved in protein-protein interactions with a protein expected to be present in a cDNA library selected for screening (as was the case for the cloning of RACK1, detailed in Example 1).

Actual screening of a selected cDNA library may be accomplished by inducing plated clones to express cloned exogenous sequences, transferring replicas of the induced plaques or colonies to filter membranes, and screening the membranes with an appropriate probe. According to this method, lifts of filters (for example, nylon or nitrocellulose) from an appropriately-induced cDNA library plates (induced by, for example, IPTG) are washed with buffer containing the probe

present on the filters. The filters may then be washed and reacted with a reagent (for example, antibodies such as alkaline phosphatase conjugated with anti-rabbit IgG) to visualize the

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Indianapolis, IN). Additional reactions may be carried out as required to detect the presence of bound probe.

One such overlay assay, described in Example 1, was used to screen a rat brain cDNA expression library for proteins that bind purified PKC in the presence of PKC activators (phosphatidylserine, diacylglycerol and calcium). The filters were screened with a mixture of rat brain PKC isozymes (α , β , γ , δ , ϵ and ζ). Following a series of washes, bound PKC isozymes were detected with a mixture of anti- α , β , γ PKC mouse monoclonal antibodies, and anti- δ , ϵ and ζ PKC rabbit polyclonal antibodies. Bound antibodies were detected using alkaline phosphatase-conjugated goat anti-rabbit or anti-mouse antibodies and 5-bromo-4-chloro-3-indoyl phosphate p-toluidine salt as a substrate.

Once a clone is identified in a screen such as the one described above, it can be isolated or plaque purified and sequenced. The insert may then be used in other cloning reactions, for example, cloning into an expression vector that enables efficient production of recombinant fusion protein. Examples of appropriate expression vectors are pGEX (Smith, et al., 1988) and pMAL-c2 (New England BioLabs, Beverly, MA). An expression vector containing an insert of interest may be used to transform appropriate host cells, such as *E. coli*, and the transformed host cells can be used to produce the recombinant protein in large amounts.

Typically, a recombinant protein is expressed in tandem with a bacterial or viral gene product (endogenous polypeptide) as part of a fusion protein. The junction between the endogenous polypeptide and the recombinant protein typically includes a recognition site for a rare-cutting protease. The endogenous peptide may be designed to incorporate a unique

recombinant protein may then be purified from the fusion protein using the appropriate protease.

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peptides or substances that inhibit binding between the recombinant protein and an interacting protein.

An example of the use of a cDNA clone to express protein is detailed in Example 2. RACK1 cDNA, isolated as
5 described above and in Example 1, was subcloned into an expression vector (pMAL-c2, New England BioLabs, Beverly, MA) capable of expressing a cloned insert in tandem with maltose-binding protein (MBP). The vector containing the RACK1 insert was used to transform TB1 *E. coli*, which were then induced with
10 IPTG. The cells produced a 78 kDa fusion protein comprised of RACK1 fused to the MBP. The overexpressed fusion protein was purified on an amylose affinity column according to the manufacture's protocol (New England BioLabs, Beverly, MA) and incubated with protease Xa to separate the expressed insert from
15 the MBP. Following the incubation, a 36 kDa RACK1 protein was obtained.

V. Identification of WD-40 Repeats.

According to a method of the present invention, protein-protein interactions can be disrupted and/or the
20 activity of an interacting protein can be altered, given at least one of the interacting proteins contains a WD-40 motif, or region, with a peptide(s) derived from a WD-40 repeat(s) of one of the proteins.

WD-40 repeats are typically found in a family of
25 proteins having at least a limited homology with the β subunit of transducin. WD-40 repeats present in a selected member of this family can be identified by (A) performing a self-homology analysis on a selected protein using a homology matrix (performed by, for example, the computer program DNA Strider
30 1.2, available from Christian Marck, Service de Biochimie et de

revealed by the homology matrix analysis, and (C) identifying
35 conserved amino acid residues that typically serve to define a

- 20 -

A. Homology matrix analysis.

Determining whether a particular amino acid sequence contains repeated motifs may be accomplished by a number of methods known to those skilled in the art. They range from a simple visual inspection of the sequence to the use of computer programs which can identify repeated motifs. One widely-implemented computer-assisted method is to generate a self-homology matrix. A self-homology matrix computes the homology of each amino acid residue in a particular sequence with every other residue in that sequence. The homology scores are stored in a 2-dimensional matrix.

Values higher than a selected criterion level are flagged and displayed as points on an x-y coordinate. The x- and y-axes correspond to consecutive amino acid positions in the sequence.

An example of a self-homology matrix analysis is shown in Figure 1B. The matrix was generated using the computer program DNA Strider 1.2 (Christian Marck, Service de Biochemie et de Genetique Moleculaire, Department de Biologie Cellulaire et Moleculaire, Direction des Sciences de la Vie - CEA - FRANCE) with the amino acid sequence of RACK1 (SEQ ID NO:27) with a window setting of 21 and a stringency of 6. Some typical features of a self-homology matrix are evident in the figure. The graph shows a "primary" diagonal line extending from the origin with a slope of unity, corresponding to the fact that the sequence is identical to itself. If the sequence contains repeating elements, as RACK1 does, there will be other, shorter sets of contiguous points arranged in diagonal lines substantially parallel to the primary diagonal and offset from the primary diagonal in the x- or y-directions. These shorter lines identify the locations of repeating elements with the

The data displayed in a homology matrix analysis can be used to locate and roughly align the sequences of repeating

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Fig. 1B highlights the fact that portions of that region of RACK1, that is, the amino acids between about amino acid 100 and amino acid 130, are repeated a total of seven times in the sequence of RACK1. Arrows point to the repeats in the homology matrix. For purposes of rough alignment, the short diagonal lines pointed out by the arrows can be extended to the horizontal line at amino acid ~100 on the y-axis, and the x-axis location corresponding to the intersection be noted. For example, the intersection corresponding to the second repeat (second arrow from the left) is at $x \approx 50$.

Values determined in this manner may then be used to align the amino acid sequence of the repeats with each consecutive repeat beneath the preceding one, the start of each repeat corresponding approximately to the amino acid position determined by the analysis in the preceding paragraph. The amino acid sequence of RACK1, aligned in this manner, is shown in Fig. 1C.

Most commercially-available DNA and protein sequence analysis programs have the capability to perform a self-homology matrix analysis. One example is the program DNA Strider 1.2 (Christian Marck, Service de Biochimie et de Genetique Moleculaire, Department de Biologie Cellulaire et Moleculaire, Direction des Sciences de la Vie - CEA - FRANCE).

Once the repeating elements are identified and the sequences corresponding to repeating elements are roughly aligned, one may proceed to define the degree of homology among the individual repeats at the specific positions within the repeats, as is described below.

B. Aligning amino acid sequences.

If a self-homology matrix was used to obtain a crude alignment, the sequences

programs effective to accomplish an alignment include "MACDRAW PRO" (Claris Corp., Santa Clara, CA) and "WORD" (Microsoft Corp., Redmond, WA).

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well as IBM-compatible computers running "WINDOWS" (Microsoft Corp.).

Amino acid sequences corresponding to internal repeats can also be aligned automatically using a protein sequence analysis program, such as "MACVECTOR" (Eastman Kodak Co., New Haven, CT).

According to a method of the invention, aligned sequences are examined further to determine if they fulfil criteria to be defined as WD-40 repeats. These criteria are detailed in part C, below.

C. Amino acid residues that define a WD-40 repeat.

Upon completion of steps outlined in parts A and B above, that is, determining whether a particular protein contains internal repeats, and if so, aligning those repeats, it is necessary to determine whether the aligned repeats contain WD-40 regions.

A WD-40 motif is roughly defined as a contiguous sequence of about 25 to 50 amino acids with relatively-well conserved sets of amino acids at the two ends (amino- and carboxyl-terminal) of the sequence. Conserved sets of at least one WD-40 repeat of a WD-40 repeat-containing protein typically contain conserved amino acids at certain positions. The amino-terminal set, comprised of two contiguous amino acids, often contains a Gly followed by a His. The carboxyl-terminal set, comprised of six to eight contiguous amino acids, typically contains an Asp at its first position, and a Trp followed by an Asp at its last two positions.

A more accurate definition of a WD-40 motif incorporates the observation that while specific residues, such as those identified above, are not always conserved within a WD-

In order to better define the class of conserved residues at selected positions, it is necessary to group amino

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is to analyze the normalized frequencies of amino acid changes between corresponding proteins of homologous organisms (Schulz). According to such analyses, groups of amino acids may be defined where amino acids within a group exchange preferentially with each other, and therefore resemble each other most in their impact on the overall protein structure (Schulz). Examples of amino acid groups defined in this manner, some of which are used in the definition of a WD-40 motif herein, include:

- (i) a charged group, consisting of Glu and Asp, Lys, Arg and His,
- (ii) a positively-charged group, consisting of Lys, Arg and His,
- (iii) a negatively-charged group, consisting of Glu and Asp,
- (iv) an aromatic group, consisting of Phe, Tyr and Trp,
- (v) a nitrogen ring group, consisting of His and Trp,
- (vi) a large aliphatic nonpolar group, consisting of Val, Leu and Ile,
- (vii) a slightly-polar group, consisting of Met and Cys,
- (viii) a small-residue group, consisting of Ser, Thr, Asp, Asn, Gly, Ala, Glu, Gln and Pro,
- (ix) an aliphatic group consisting of Val, Leu, Ile, Met and Cys, and
- (x) a small hydroxyl group consisting of Ser and Thr.

In addition to the groups presented above, each amino acid residue may form its own group, and the group formed by an individual amino acid may be referred to simply by the one and/or three letter abbreviation for that amino acid commonly used in the art.

A "WD-40" motif is defined herein as a contiguous set of amino acids between (inclusive) two sets of relatively well conserved residues. termed herein as "WD-40" motifs.

The residue at the first position is typically selected from groups ii, vi or viii, while the residue at the second position is typically selected from groups ii, vi or viii.

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respectively. The Gly and His residues are typically present in at least one of the aligned repeats of a WD-40-containing protein.

The carboxyl-terminal conserved set typically includes
5 eight residues, but may contain as few as six residues. The most well-conserved residue in WD-40 motifs identified thus far is an Asp residue, comprising the first amino acid of the carboxyl-terminal conserved set. It is present in virtually all WD-40 repeats illustrated herein. In those repeats where it is
10 not present, the position is occupied by a residue from groups iii or Gly.

The last two amino acids in the carboxyl-terminal conserved set are typically selected from groups iv or Ile, and groups i or viii, respectively. The most commonly used residue
15 at the first of these positions is Trp. It is typically present in at least one of the WD-40 repeats of any given protein. The second position is occupied less consistently by a single residue, but is often occupied by Asp. The Trp-Asp (WD) combination is part of the namesake of WD-40 repeats.

20 The amino acids present in the internal portion of the carboxyl-terminal conserved set are less well-conserved than the terminal residues, and their total number may differ by up to two residues in different WD-40 repeats. The third position in from the carboxyl-terminal end of the carboxyl-terminal
25 conserved set is typically selected from groups viii or ix, more typically ix. The fifth position in from the carboxyl-terminal end of the carboxyl-terminal conserved set is also typically selected from groups viii or ix, more typically ix.

The length of a WD-40 repeat, including the amino-
30 terminal and carboxyl-terminal conserved sets is typically between about 25 and about 50 residues, more typically between about 29 and 34 residues.

35 The number of WD-40 repeats in a particular protein can range from two to more than eight. The average number is about 5.

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A determination of whether or not a set of aligned internal repeats are WD-40 repeats can be facilitated by an examination of all of the repeats as a whole, rather than an examination of each repeat individually. This is in part
5 because not all of the aligned repeats will necessarily contain all of the conserved sequences that serve to identify WD-40 repeats, although the conserved residues will typically appear in at least one of the repeats.

For example, Fig. 1C shows the RACK1 amino acid
10 sequence aligned to illustrate the internal repeats present in the sequence. All of the repeats are WD-40 repeats, even though the amino-terminal conserved set of repeat VI, for instance, contains an "LD" as opposed to the more usual "GH", and the carboxyl-terminal conserved set contains a "G" at its first
15 position, as opposed to the highly-conserved "D". Similarly, the carboxyl-conserved set of, for example, repeat I, contains a "WK" at the last to positions, as opposed to the more usual "WD".

It will be appreciated that certain residues or sets
20 of residues will be well-conserved in the WD-40 repeats of a selected protein, even though they may not be conserved in WD-40 repeats in general. Such residues or sets of residues may be useful in several ways. For example, they may be used in performing an alignment of internal repeats in a selected
25 protein, as described in part B, above. The residues may also be useful for identifying regions based on which effective binding peptides may be designed (see section VI., below).

D. Identification of WD-40 repeats in RACK1.

In experiments done in support of the present
30 invention, a protein that binds to activated PKC was cloned and sequenced (see Example 1).

The aligned repeats were identified as WD-40 repeats
35 by application of the criteria identified in parts A, B and C above. For example, the sequence of repeat I is:

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repeats IV, VI and VII, the set consists of other residues. These other residues, however, are contained in at least one of the amino acid groups identified above as conserved at the appropriate position. The conserved carboxyl-terminal set
5 contains the highly-conserved "D" at its first position in all repeats except repeat VI. The second-to-last position of this set contains the relatively-well conserved "W" in each repeat, while the last position contains the typical "D" in repeats II, V and VI, and other residues in the other repeats.

10 Taken together, these data indicate that the repeats contained in RACK1 are WD-40 repeats. The data also illustrate that not all repeats contain all of the elements typical of a WD-40 motif, but that when the repeats are aligned and viewed together as a whole, a WD-40 motif is apparent in all repeats.

15 E. Identification of WD-40 repeats in sequenced proteins.

Data were compiled in support of the present invention to illustrate how WD-40 repeats in various proteins may be identified, and to illustrate the diversity of amino acid sequences that may be properly identified as WD-40 repeats by
20 those skilled in the art following the guidance set forth herein. Two methods that were used to identify WD-40-containing protein sequences are detailed in Example 7.

In the first method, proteins identified in their description as having a homology to β -transducin were examined
25 as detailed in parts B-D, above, for WD-40 repeats. 30 proteins were identified in this manner. The amino acid sequences of these proteins, with the WD-40 regions aligned and delineated, are shown in Figs. 12-18, 20-27, 29-30, 34-35, 37-38, 40 and 42-50. The sequences are represented in the Sequence Listing as
30 SEQ ID NO:29-35, 37-44, 46-47, 51-52, 54-55, 57 and 59-67.

proteins containing WD-40 repeats were identified with this
35 strategy. The amino acid sequences of those proteins, with the

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the Sequence Listing as SEQ ID NO:28, 36, 45, 48-50, 53, 56, 58, and 68.

Other types of searches may be equally effective at identifying proteins which may contain WD-40 repeats. For example, on-line databases such as GenBank or SwissProt can be searched, either with an entire sequence of a WD-40-containing protein, or with a consensus WD-40 repeat sequence. Various search algorithms and/or programs may be used, including FASTA, BLAST or ENTREZ. FASTA and BLAST are available as a part of the GCG sequence analysis package (University of Wisconsin, Madison, Wisconsin). ENTREZ is available through the National Center for Biotechnology Information, National Library of Medicine, National Institutes of Health, Bethesda, MD.

Sequences identified with a protein homology search are then analyzed as described in parts A, B and C, above, to identify potential WD-40 motifs. Once located, the motifs can be aligned, and effective binding peptides may be designed.

F. Identification of WD-40 regions in novel polypeptides.

WD-40 repeats may be identified in a novel polypeptide by, for example, the methods described in parts A-D above. It will be appreciated, however, that step A above (homology matrix) is not required in the identification of WD-40 repeats. Following the guidance of the present invention, one skilled in the art may, for instance, identify a WD-40 motif while scanning the sequence of some, perhaps novel, polypeptide merely through a recognition of one or more of the features characteristic of WD-40 repeats.

The precise methods by which one skilled in the art arrives at the conclusion that a particular motif is a WD-40 repeat is less relevant to the present invention than is the use of sequences derived from WD-40 motifs.

proteins and/or to disrupt protein-protein interactions.

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Upon the alignment and recognition of WD-40 repeats in a particular protein, one may proceed to design a peptide or a set of peptides that may be effective to associate with or bind to the protein with which the WD-40-containing protein normally associates. Such a binding or association may be expected to alter or modulate the activity of the protein and/or disrupt the association of the pair of interacting proteins.

The sequence of such a peptide will typically be homologous, if not identical to, a contiguous amino acid sequence contained within at least one of the WD-40 repeats. Examples of the selection of WD-40-derived peptides effective to disrupt protein-protein interactions are detailed in parts C and D below, for RACK-PKC and $G\beta/\gamma$ - β ARK interactions, respectively.

A. Choosing an appropriate region within a WD-40 repeat.

Putative binding peptides may be selected from any portion of a WD-40 repeat. If it is desired to obtain a degree of discrimination between the various WD-40-containing proteins, peptides should be chosen from the region between, and not including, the amino-terminal and carboxyl-terminal conserved sets. This "central region" typically shows greater sequence diversity between different WD-40-containing proteins than the terminal regions, and is roughly outlined by boxes in Figures 11-51, which show the amino acid sequences and aligned WD-40 repeats of various WD-40 repeat-containing proteins. Within the central region, peptides should be selected from sequences that have little or no homology to any other known sequences, save the sequence(s) of the protein(s) targeted for disruption.

For example, peptides rIII (SEQ ID NO:4, seven amino acids) and rVI (SEQ ID NO:7, eight amino acids), are identical to segments of RACK1 WD-40 repeats (III and VI, respectively)

binding peptides comprise the left portion of the central region of the respective WD-40 repeats, and are not well-conserved in

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If it is desired to inhibit the interactions of, for example, all of the isoforms of a particular WD-40-containing protein family, a sequence is selected that includes a significant number of residues that are shared or highly homologous among at least one WD-40 repeat of each of the targeted isoforms.

If, on the other hand, an isoform-specific reagent is desired, a sequence is selected from a WD-40 repeat(s) of a specific isoform, where that sequence does not include a significant number of residues that are identical or highly homologous to residues in WD-40 sequences from related isoforms.

B. Choosing an appropriate length for a peptide.

Effective binding peptides may be designed that range in length from as few as about four residues to 40 or more residues. Preferably, binding peptides will have a length of at least about six residues, and less than about 20 residues. The length will be determined in part by the degree of desired homology to other WD-40 repeats, as described in part A above, and by the level of discrimination between proteins that is required.

For example, binding peptides selected from RACK1 sequences to inhibit RACK1/PKC interactions were seven and eight amino acids in length. The peptides are long enough to bind specifically to the targeted sequences, but short enough to not cross-react with other WD-40 repeat binding proteins. These properties enable the peptides to have very selective and specific effects, as is shown below in Examples 6-11.

C. Design of RACK1 WD-40-derived peptides to inhibit RACK1-PKC interactions.

Peptides VIII (SEQ ID NO

identical to segments of RACK1 WD-40 repeat sequences beginning five amino acids in from the amino termini of the WD-40 repeats from which they are derived. The WD-40 repeat sequences

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of the central region of the WD-40 repeats. The peptides were tested for their ability to disrupt protein-protein interactions *in vitro* and *in vivo*, as described in section VII and Examples 6-11 below.

5 D. Peptides derived from WD-40 repeats of Human G-Beta inhibit interactions of G-Beta subunits with β ARK.

Methods described in section V part E were used to identify WD-40 repeats (SEQ ID NO:128-134) in Human G-Beta (SEQ ID NO:41). Segments from the first six WD-40 repeats were
10 selected for the design of G-beta binding peptides (SEQ ID NO:13-18). The segments were selected based on criteria detailed in parts A and B, above.

The G-beta binding peptides are used to disrupt the interactions of G-beta subunits with β ARK. The disruption is
15 assayed using a modification of the overlay assay described in Example 4.

VII. Testing of Putative Binding Peptides.

Detailed below are several assays by which the efficacy of WD-40-derived peptides at binding to a target
20 protein, inhibiting protein-protein interactions, and altering or modulating the activity of a target protein may be determined.

One class of assays, widely-used to assess the binding of two proteins to each other, are overlay assays. Overlay
25 assays are generally applicable to most proteins. They can be used to, for example, assess the binding of WD-40-derived peptides to their targets, as shown in Example 6 and described in part B below. Overlay assays can also be used to assess the ability of WD-40-derived peptides to inhibit the binding of two

Other assays may be used to assess effects of WD-40-derived peptides on the activity of the target protein. These

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the proteins involved and on the system(s) and/or process(es) that involve the interacting proteins against which the peptide was targeted. For instance, the assays described in parts D-I below are appropriate for characterizing PKC activity *in vivo* and *in vitro*.

While many of the assays below are particularly useful for characterizing the activity of PKC, they also illustrate a general framework of experiments by which the effects of WD-40 derived peptides on other proteins may be assessed.

10 A. Overlay assays to evaluate efficacy of putative binding peptides derived from WD-40 regions.

 An overlay assay can be used to assess the disruption of the ability of a pair of proteins to associate. Methods for conducting overlay assays are well-known in the art (see, for example, Mochly-Rosen, et al., 1991).

 Applications of overlay assays to evaluate putative binding peptides for PKC/RACK1 interactions are presented in Examples 4 and 5 herein. The assays can be generally described as follows.

20 One protein of a pair of interacting proteins ("immobilized" protein) can be resolved on an SDS/PAGE gel and blotted onto an appropriate membrane (for example, nitrocellulose or nylon) by methods known to those skilled in the art. The blots may then be contacted with a solution containing the other protein of the pair of interacting proteins ("overlay" protein) in the presence, and in the absence of putative binding peptides. Following appropriate wash steps, bound overlay protein can be detected by the use of an appropriate probe, such as an antibody directed against the overlay protein.

 The modification consists of performing another SDS/PAGE electrophoresis between the steps of binding the

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pieces sized to just encompass the area occupied by the blotted immobilized protein, after the overlay protein had been contacted (in the presence or in the absence of binding peptides) and allowed to bind to the blot. The pieces of membrane are then incubated in a sample buffer, placed in the wells of a second SDS polyacrylamide gel and subjected to electrophoresis.

Following electrophoresis, the gel is blotted as above, and contacted with a probe, for example antibodies, to detect bound overlay protein.

B. Binding of β PKC to peptides homologous to a WD-40 region of RACK1.

The binding of β PKC to peptide I (SEQ ID NO:1), peptide rVI (SEQ ID NO:7) and control peptide (SEQ ID NO:9) was assessed in Example 6 using a PKC overlay assay similar to that described in Example 3. Increasing amounts of peptides were applied onto nitrocellulose using a slot-blot apparatus. The membranes were incubated with PKC in the presence and absence of PS, DG, and calcium.

The data are shown in Figure 4, and show that activated PKC bound to both peptides I and rVI at peptide amounts as low as 5 μ moles, but not to the control peptide. Unactivated PKC did not bind to peptide I, but did bind to peptide rVI at similar concentrations.

The results indicate that while the peptides were homologous to one another and were capable of binding to the same protein, they behaved differently. Peptide rVI (SEQ ID NO:7; 8 residues) was able to bind to both activated as well as unactivated forms of PKC, whereas peptide I (SEQ ID NO:1; 15 residues) could bind only to activated PKC. The differences

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C. Effects of peptides homologous to WD-40 region of RACK1 on PKC binding to RACK1

Two peptides (peptide rIII; SEQ ID NO:4 and peptide rVI; SEQ ID NO:7) identical to regions of RACK1 WD-40 repeats (underlined, Figure 1C) were tested for their ability to inhibit PKC binding to recombinant RACK1 using a modification of the overlay procedure referred to above. The experiment is detailed in Example 4 and the results are shown in Figure 3.

Peptide I caused an 81±6% inhibition of PKC binding to recombinant RACK1 as compared with binding in the absence of added peptide. Both peptides rIII and rVI inhibited the binding of PKC to RACK1. In addition, peptides rI and rII were also effective inhibitors of the interaction of PKC to RACK1. A lesser inhibitory effect was obtained with peptides rIV and rV and no inhibition was obtained with peptide rVII.

The difference in the peptide's ability to inhibit binding may reflect differences in the roles played by the corresponding WD-40 repeats in the protein-protein interactions between PKC and RACK1. The peptide's ability or inability to inhibit protein-protein interactions as assayed by an overlay assay, however, is not necessarily correlated with the effects those peptides may have on the activity of the targeted proteins, as measured by both *in vivo* and *in vitro* assays and described in parts D-I below.

D. Effects of peptides homologous to WD-40 regions of RACK1 on PKC-mediated oocyte maturation.

Peptides I (SEQ ID NO:1), rIII (SEQ ID NO:4) and rVI (SEQ ID NO:7) were also tested for their ability to affect insulin-induced, PKC-mediated maturation in *Xenopus* oocytes, as detailed in Example 7 and shown in Figures 5A and 5C.

PKC is involved in the maturation of oocytes.

Oocyte maturation in the absence of hormones. Exposure to insulin causes an increase in diacylglycerol levels and microinjection of activated PKC causes oocyte maturation.

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proteins causes a significant decrease in the rate of oocyte maturation (Smith, et al., 1992). The insulin-induced oocyte maturation assay therefore provides an effective *in vivo* assay for compounds that interfere with the function of PKC.

5 The maturation response was quantified by monitoring the appearance of a white spot in the animal hemisphere of the oocyte, indicating germinal vesicle breakdown (GVBD) and maturation. The indicated peptides were microinjected into *Xenopus* oocytes and the percent of oocytes with GVBD following
10 insulin exposure was plotted as a function of time in Figures 5A and C.

 Approximately 80-85% of sham-injected (control) oocytes exposed to insulin reach maturation, as compared with 45-50% of oocytes injected with peptide I. The rate of
15 maturation of those oocytes that did mature was similar in the two cases. In contrast the effects of peptide I, both peptides rIII and rVI potentiated the effects of insulin on oocyte maturation, both in terms of the rate of maturation, and in the total fraction of oocytes that mature during the experiment.
20 Injection of peptides rIII or rVI increases the fraction of maturing oocytes to essentially 100%. Furthermore, peptide rVI induced oocyte maturation in the absence of insulin stimulation (Fig. 5B).

 Together, the data above indicate that peptides
25 homologous to the WD-40 region of RACK1 can modulate the function of a protein with which RACK1 interacts (e.g. PKC), that the modulation can occur *in vivo*, and that it can have clear and profound physiological consequences. Furthermore, the results with peptide rVI suggest that under appropriate
30 circumstances, the peptide alone may act to activate PKC, in the absence of other activating substances.

~~Insulin causes the redistribution of β PKC, but not~~

35 other PKC isozymes, from a cytosolic form to a membrane-

- 35 -

To assess the effects of RACK1 WD-40-derived peptides on insulin-induced PKC translocation, 50 nl of a 20 mM NaCl solution containing the indicated peptides were microinjected into *Xenopus* oocytes. The oocytes were then homogenized, and the relative amount of PKC in the soluble and particulate fractions was assayed. The protocol followed was a modification of a method described by Smith, et al (1992). The results are shown in Figure 6.

Peptide I (50 μ M) did not affect β PKC distribution in untreated oocytes, but inhibited insulin-induced β PKC translocation (Fig. 3, lanes 7,8). In contrast, peptide rVI (50 μ M) induced β PKC translocation in the absence of insulin treatment (Fig. 3, lanes 3,4). These results suggest that peptide I is an antagonist of hormone-induced PKC translocation, whereas peptide rVI is an agonist and an activator of PKC translocation. In light of the results presented in Example 7, the data also suggest that the inhibition of insulin-induced GVBD following microinjection of peptide I was due to an inhibition of β PKC translocation.

F. Effects of peptides homologous to WD-40 regions of RACK1 on sensitivity of β PKC to Arg-C endopeptidase.

Upon activation of PKC, a pseudosubstrate autoinhibitory sequence at the N-terminus of PKC dissociates from the catalytic site and renders the molecule sensitive to endopeptidase Arg-C (Orr, et al.). Exposure of activated β PKC to Arg-C results in a limited proteolysis, or "nicking" of the enzyme. The nicking typically generates a 78 kDa fragment and several small fragments. Continued exposure to Arg-C typically results in the disappearance of β PKC (Orr, et al.).

Since peptides rIII (SEQ ID NO:4) and rVI (SEQ ID NO:7) exhibited PKC agonist activities in the manner

a manner to make it susceptible to endopeptidase Arg-C. The experiments are detailed in Example 9 and the results are shown in Figure 7.

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In the presence of effective concentrations of PKC activators (0.8 $\mu\text{g/ml}$ DG, 50 $\mu\text{g/ml}$ PS and 1 mM CaCl_2), exposure of βPKC to Arg-C resulted in nicking, generating the 78 kDa fragment (Fig. 7, lane 2). In the absence of PKC activators, exposure of βPKC (80 kDa) to endopeptidase Arg-C had no effect on the enzyme (Fig 7, lane 1).

Incubation of βPKC with Arg-C at low concentrations of activators (2.5 $\mu\text{g/ml}$ PS and 50 μM CaCl_2) in the absence of added peptide, in the presence of control peptide (SEQ ID NO:9) and in the presence of peptide I (SEQ ID NO:1) did not result in appreciable nicking activity (Fig. 7, lanes 4, 8 and 9, respectively). However, incubation of βPKC with the same low concentration of activators in the presence of peptides rIII or rVI resulted in the appearance of the 78 kDa nicked PKC fragment (effects of peptide rVI in Fig. 4, lanes 5-7). Concentrations as low as 10 nM of peptide rVI were sufficient to result in nicking activity, indicative of βPKC activation.

The results indicate that peptides rIII and rVI, but not peptide I, are effective to stabilize PKC in an activated conformation that renders it susceptible to Arg-C under conditions of low PKC activators that would otherwise not render the enzyme susceptible to Arg-C.

G. Effects of peptides homologous to WD-40 regions of RACK1 on βPKC autophosphorylation.

Activated PKC is capable of autophosphorylation, which can be assayed by incubation with $[\gamma\text{-}^{32}\text{P}]\text{ATP}$ and visualized on an autoradiograph of a gel. Anti-pseudosubstrate antibodies were shown previously to induce autophosphorylation in the absence of PKC activators (Makowske, et al.). Since peptide rVI (SEQ ID NO:7) was effective to induce PKC translocation and GVBD in the absence of PKC activators,

and the data are shown in Figure 8.

PKC activated with PS (50 $\mu\text{g/ml}$), DG (0.8 $\mu\text{g/ml}$) and

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(lane 2), or in the absence of PKC activators with peptide I (SEQ ID NO:1; lane 5) or control peptide (SEQ ID NO:9; lane 6). In contrast, peptide rVI in the absence of PKC activators induced PKC autophosphorylation to over 80% of the levels obtained for PKC alone in the presence of optimal concentration of PS, DG, and calcium (compare Fig. 8 lane 1 (control) with lane 4 (peptide rVI)).

H. Effects of peptides homologous to WD-40 regions of RACK1 on histone phosphorylation by β PKC.

10 Another measure of PKC activity is the ability of activated PKC enzyme to phosphorylate histones. PKC phosphorylation of histone was carried out using a modification of the protocol described by Mochly-Rosen, et al., (1987). Phosphorylation was carried out in the presence or absence of
15 PKC activators (PS, DG and calcium) and RACK1-derived peptides. Phosphorylated histone was detected by autoradiography, following SDS-PAGE on a 10% gel.

Since peptide rVI (SEQ ID NO:7) was effective to induce the autophosphorylation of PKC in the absence of PKC
20 activators, and both peptides rIII (SEQ ID NO:4) and rVI rendered PKC susceptible to proteolysis by Arg-C, experiments were performed to characterize the effect of the peptides on histone type III phosphorylation by PKC. The experiments are detailed in Example 11 and the results are shown in Figures 9
25 and 10.

The results are similar to those obtained for the effects of peptide rVI on autophosphorylation of PKC, that is, peptide rVI was effective to induce PKC-mediated histone phosphorylation in the absence of the PKC activators PS, DG, and
30 calcium, once again supporting that peptide rVI is an agonist of PKC activation.

VIII. Utility.A. Peptides as probes for the identification of target proteins.

WD-40 derived peptides may be used, for example, to
5 isolate clones encoding target proteins from an expression
library. Variations on the cloning methods described herein can
be used to identify clones expressing sequences capable of
binding the peptides. For example, WD-40 derived peptides may
be used to detect a target protein on a membrane using a
10 standard binding assay. Positive clones may be detected, for
example, by radiolabeling the peptides and exposing the membrane
to film.

Target proteins isolated in this manner may be
completely novel, or they may be partially characterized (in
15 terms of a biological activity in a homogenate, or a band on a
protein gel, for example).

Upon isolation of a cDNA encoding a binding protein,
the cDNA may be expressed, for example, as detailed herein, and
the protein may be characterized. Purified protein thus
20 isolated may be used for a number of applications, including the
production of antibodies.

Peptides designed according a method of the present
invention may also be used, for example, as probes in a Western
blot of a tissue homogenate to identify and determine the
25 molecular weight of known or putative target proteins.

Screens such as those described above may be
facilitated by the modification of peptides used for screening
to incorporate any of a variety of reporter moieties. For
example, the peptides can be radiolabeled with ^{125}I .
30 Alternatively, the peptides can be modified with a sequence-tag
or a ligand for an affinity column by methods known to those
skilled in the art.

35 various affinity reagent for cross linking known to those
skilled in the art. This enables the isolation of target
proteins that bind the peptide.

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B. Peptides as substitutes for defective WD-40 containing proteins.

In cases where a WD-40 containing protein is implicated in a disease (see, for example Reiner, et al.), peptides derived from WD-40 regions of the defective protein may be used as substitutes, for example, to activate a target enzyme. Such an approach may be more feasible than attempting therapy with intact proteins. The approach has an additional advantage in that it does not require knowledge of the chromosomal location of the affected gene.

The peptides can be introduced into affected cells by any of several methods known to those skilled in the art, including through the use of an appropriate expression vector or through *in vitro* synthesis and administration by an effective, expedient route. *In vitro* studies can be carried out using skinning or microinjection techniques.

C. Peptides as pharmaceutical agents.

WD-40 derived peptides of the present invention may be used therapeutically, as described above. Such peptides may be designed so as to interact with endogenous target molecules to augment or correct their function. Alternatively, peptides may be designed to specifically interact with target molecules unique to a pathogenic organism.

D. Peptides as modulators of enzyme activity of proteins involved in protein-protein interactions.

Peptides synthesized according to a method of the invention may be effective to modulate the function of a target molecule (e.g. serve as agonists or antagonists). As shown herein, for example, peptides rVIII and rVI can serve to

other compounds which may affect the function of target molecules such as PKC. In particular, because WD-40 derived

- 40 -

useful for identifying molecules or compounds that may interfere with PKC function *in vivo*, but might not necessarily interfere with PKC *in vitro*.

For example, peptide rVI can be used to stimulate PKC
5 in the absence of traditional PKC activators, and the rVI-stimulated enzyme may be used in a screen to identify, for example, novel PKC-inhibiting or PKC-potentiating compounds.

If constitutive activation or inactivation of a target enzyme is desired, peptides may be designed with integrated or
10 derivatized cross-linking moieties. The peptides can be cross-linked to their targets upon binding such that the target molecule assumes the desired state of activity for the lifetime of the target molecule.

Conversely, as described herein for PKC, peptides may
15 also be designed so as to accelerate the degradation of the target molecule. For example, peptide rIII accelerated the degradation of PKC in cardiac myocytes.

E. WD-40 derived peptides as specific modulators of isozymes.

20 Peptides designed according to a method of the present invention can also be used to provide target isozyme-specific modulator molecules. For example, most cells have several PKC isozymes, all of which are activated by the same cellular stimuli. Determining the function of the individual isozymes is
25 therefore difficult.

WD-40 derived peptides that selectively stimulate or inhibit specific target isozymes or groups of isozymes may be useful, both in terms of therapeutic value, and in terms of determining the roles of different isozymes in cellular function
30 and disease. Such information can be useful for the

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F. Compounds designed based on the predicted structure of binding peptides as pharmaceutical agents.

Peptides derived from WD-40 repeats may be useful for identifying lead compounds for drug development. Peptides as small as 7 residues have been shown herein to possess specific bioactivities upon interaction with their targets *in vivo*. The structure of such small peptides can be readily determined by a number of methods, such as NMR and X-ray crystallography. A comparison of the structures of peptides similar in sequence, but differing in the biological activities they elicit in the target molecules, can provide information about the structure-activity relationship (SAR) of the target enzyme.

For example, peptide I and RACK1-derived peptides rIII (SEQ ID NO:4) and rVI (SEQ ID NO:7) had opposite effect *in vivo*, although they are homologous in sequence.

Information gleaned from the examination of structure-activity relationships can be used to design either modified peptides, or other small molecules or lead compounds which can be tested for predicted properties (e.g. agonist or antagonist), as related to the target enzyme. The activity of the lead compounds can be evaluated using assays similar to those used in the evaluation of peptide-binding effects.

Information relating to a SAR of a target enzyme may also be obtained from co-crystallization studies. In such studies, a peptide with a desired activity is crystallized in association with a target protein, and the X-ray structure of the complex is determined. The structure can then be compared, for example, to the structure of the target protein in its native state, and information from such a comparison may be used to design compounds expected to possess specific activities. The compounds can be evaluated using assays similar to those used in the evaluation of peptide-binding effects.

Results presented herein suggest that the middle

Results presented herein suggest that the middle

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is likely to play a central role in the activity of a polypeptide complex comprised of interacting proteins, some genetic diseases may include mutations at these regions of WD-40 containing proteins. Therefore, if a WD-40 containing protein is implicated in a genetic disorder, it may be possible to use PCR to amplify DNA from the WD-40 regions to quickly check if a mutation is contained within one of the WD-40 motifs. Primers can be made corresponding to either (i) the flanking regions of each repeat or (ii) the flanking regions of a series of tandem repeats from the affected gene. Standard sequencing techniques can be used to determine whether a mutation is present. This method does not require prior chromosome mapping of the affected gene and can save time by obviating the need to sequence the entire gene encoding a defective WD-40 protein.

15 H. WD-40 based polypeptides as affinity ligands

Since the polypeptide compositions of the invention are able to bind proteins of interest, generically called a "first protein", the polypeptide compositions can also be used to retrieve the proteins of interest from samples and the peptides can be used as affinity ligands for chromatographic procedures to purify and analyze said proteins. Standard chromatographic techniques are employed. Typically, the polypeptide is coupled to a solid support and the sample putatively containing the first protein is contacted with the polypeptide composition of the invention; any unbound components of the sample are removed and, if desired, the first protein, bound to support, is eluted and recovered.

I. Use of peptides in screening tests for candidates

Various candidate compounds, not necessarily polypeptides, may be shown to bind to a first protein using the

with the polypeptide composition of the invention in the presence and absence of the candidate compound and evaluating

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the polypeptide in the presence of the candidate indicates that the candidate binds to the first protein.

More broadly, the interaction of a protein with a polypeptide subsequence contained in the second protein can be assessed by contacting the first protein with a polypeptide representing the subsequence and observing any interaction with the polypeptide composition.

IX. Production of the Peptides of the Invention

The polypeptides of the invention can be prepared using standard techniques for the synthesis of peptides from amino acids. Such techniques, when conducted in solid phase chemistry are available commercially.

The polypeptides of the invention may also be produced using recombinant methods. These methods are by now well known in the art; DNA molecules containing nucleotide sequences encoding the desired polypeptides can readily be synthesized and ligated into expression systems for production of the peptides as is understood in the art. A wide variety of hosts is available, including procaryotic and eucaryotic hosts. The construction of expression vectors, means to modify these hosts, and culturing the modified hosts for recombinant production of polypeptides are conducted using standard techniques.

The following examples illustrate, but do not limit the present invention.

25 Materials and Methods

Nitrocellulose filters were obtained from Schleicher and Schuell (Keene, NH).

Synthetic peptides were prepared using commercially available automated peptide synthesizers. Alternatively, custom

peptides. The oligonucleotide sequences may be either synthesized directly by standard methods of oligonucleotide synthesis, or, in

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fragments corresponding to the coding sequence (Crea; Yoshio, et al.; Eaton, et al.). Oligonucleotide coding sequences can be expressed by standard recombinant procedures (Maniatis, et al.; Ausubel, et al.).

5 "Triton" refers to a nonionic detergent comprising a polyoxyethylene ether and other surface-active compounds. An exemplary Triton detergent is "TRITON X-100", available from Sigma Chemical Company, St. Louis, MO.

10 "Tween" refers to a nonionic detergent comprising polyoxyethylenesorbitan monolaurate with a fatty acid composition of approximately 55% lauric acid, with a balance composed primarily of myristic, palmitic and stearic acids. An exemplary Tween detergent is "TWEEN 20", available from Sigma Chemical Company, St. Louis, MO.

15 "SDS" refers to sodium dodecyl sulfate.

"PAGE" refers to polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis.

"IPTG" refers to isopropyl β -D-thiogalactopyranoside.

Example 1

Expression Cloning of a PKC-binding Protein

20 A. Buffers.

Overlay block buffer: 50 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.5), 0.2 M NaCl, 3% bovine serum albumin (BSA) and 0.1% polyethylene glycol.

Overlay buffer: 50 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.5), 0.2 M NaCl, 12 mM 2-mercaptoethanol, 0.1 % BSA, 1% polyethylene glycol, 10 μ g per
25 ml soybean trypsin inhibitor and 10 μ g per ml leupeptin.

B. Isolation of a PKC-binding cDNA clone by an overlay assay.

A rat brain (Sprague Dawley) cDNA expression library, constructed in the lambda phage cloning vector "UNI-ZAP XR" (Stratagene, La Jolla, CA) was screened.
30

Library plates were incubated for 2 hours in overlay block buffer. The filters were then transferred to overlay buffer with or without
35 a unit of a mixture of protein kinase C (PKC) isozymes.

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at room temperature with PKC activators (60 μ g/ml phosphatidylserine (PS), 2 μ g/ml diacylglycerol (DG), 1 mM CaCl_2).

Following three 15 minute washes in the overlay buffer, the filters were incubated in the overlay block buffer in the presence of a mixture of monoclonal anti- α , β and γ PKC antibodies (1:1000 dilution; Seikagaku Kogyo, Tokyo, Japan) and polyclonal anti- δ , ϵ and ζ PKC antibodies (1:500 dilution; Life Technologies, Gaithersburg, MD). After a 16 hr incubation at room temperature, the filters were washed three times, 15 minutes per wash, in overlay buffer.

Binding of PKC was determined using alkaline phosphatase-conjugated goat anti-rabbit or goat anti-mouse antibodies (1:2000 dilution, Boehringer Mannheim Biochemicals, Indianapolis, IN). The alkaline phosphatase reaction used 5-bromo-4-chloro-3-indoyl phosphate p-toluidine salt as a substrate, and was performed following the manufacturer's protocol.

Library screening of 2.4×10^6 recombinant "UNI-ZAP" lambda phage plaques yielded one clone, pRACK1, that reacted with anti-PKC antibodies in the PKC overlay membrane, but not in the control overlay membrane. These results suggest that pRACK1 encodes a PKC binding protein.

C. Cloning and sequencing cDNA from positive plaques.

The clone pRACK1, identified as detailed in part B above, was plaque purified and cDNA inserts were isolated as phagemids by in vivo excision of the cloning vector, according to the manufacture's protocol (Stratagene, La Jolla, CA). DNA sequencing of pRACK1 was carried out using standard di-deoxy sequencing techniques (Maniatis, et al.) The DNA sequence of RACK1 is shown in Figure 1A. The sequence is also contained in the Sequence Listing as SEQ ID NO:19.

coli

A PstI/XhoI DNA fragment containing an open reading frame of 317 amino acids from the putative protein was cloned into a

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upstream of the initiating methionine was subcloned into *E. coli* expression vector pMAL-c2 (New England BioLabs, Beverly, MA). This vector contains the *malE* gene, which encodes maltose-binding protein (MBP). Induction of *E. coli* containing the vector results
5 in the production of an MBP-fusion protein (Ausubel, et al.). The vector also includes a recognition site for the protease factor Xa, which allows the protein of interest to be cleaved from MBP after purification without adding any vector-derived residues to the protein.

10 A culture of TB1 *E. coli* transformed with RACK1-containing pMAL-c2 was induced by a 3 hr incubation with 1.8 mM IPTG. A protein fraction containing a 78 kDa fusion protein, comprised of RACK1 fused to MBP was isolated from the cultured *E. coli* by standard methods (Ausubel). The fusion protein was
15 purified on an amylose affinity column according to the manufacture's protocol (New England BioLabs, Beverly, MA) and incubated with protease Xa (New England BioLabs) to yield a 36 kDa protein (RACK1) and a 34 kDa protein (possibly a RACK1 degradation product).

20

Example 3

Binding of PKC to Recombinant RACK1

A. Buffers.

PBS/Tween buffer: 140 mM NaCl, 8 mM Na₂PO₄, 1.5 mM KH₂PO₄, 3 mM KCl and 0.05% Tween at pH 7.0.

25

Overlay wash buffer: 50 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.5), 0.2 M NaCl, 12 mM 2-mercaptoethanol, 0.1% polyethylene glycol and 0.1 mM CaCl₂.

B. Overlay assay.

Purified recombinant RACK1 protein (100-250 µg per lane, produced as detailed in Example 2) was subjected to SDS/PAGE and

30

of a mixture of PKC isozymes (α , β , γ , δ , ϵ and ζ , ~10 nM each final concentration) and PKC activators (60 µg/ml

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in overlay wash buffer. Where indicated, PKC activators were present during the incubation of PKC with the nitrocellulose strips. The conditions for each sample and corresponding results are presented in part D below.

5 C. Detection of bound PKC.

PKC bound to RACK1 immobilized on nitrocellulose strips was detected as follows. The strips were incubated for 16 hours at room temperature with a mixture of anti-PKC antibodies as detailed in part B of Example 1, and then washed three times, 15 minutes per wash, with PBS/Tween buffer. The strips were incubated with anti-mouse and anti-rabbit horseradish peroxidase-linked secondary antibodies (Amersham Life Science, Arlington Heights, IL) diluted 1:1000 in PBS/Tween buffer supplements with 2% BSA, for 1 hour at room temperature. After washing three times, 15 minutes per wash with PBS/Tween buffer, the strips were subjected to a chemiluminescent reaction with luminol (diacylhydrazide) as detailed in the manufacturer's protocol (Amersham Life Science, Arlington Heights, IL), followed by an immediate exposure to autoradiography film (Eastman Kodak, Rochester, NY) for 30 seconds to 5 minutes.

D. Effects of PKC activation on PKC binding to RACK1.

The results presented in Figure 2 show the influence of PKC activators on the binding of PKC to RACK1 immobilized on nitrocellulose membranes. The overlay assay was carried out as described in part B above. The test reagents contained in each sample and the corresponding lanes on the blot presented in Fig. 2 are as follows. Lane 1: PKC, 60 μ g/ml PS, 2 μ g/ml DG and 1 mM CaCl_2 ; lane 2: PKC and 1 mM EGTA; lane 3: PKC, 60 μ g/ml PS and 2 μ g/ml DG; lane 4: PKC and 1 mM CaCl_2 ; lane 5: No PKC added; lanes 6 and 7: PKC 60 μ g/ml PS 2 μ g/ml DG 1 mM CaCl_2 .

Three independent experiments.

It can be appreciated that the binding of PKC as detected by anti-PKC antibodies is inhibited by the presence of

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presence of phosphatidylserine (PS) and diacylglycerol (DG; lane 3), and is maximal in the presence PS, DG and calcium (lane 1). Antibody binding was not observed in the absence of added PKC (lane 5). Furthermore, maltose binding protein alone, or an extract from
5 non-transformed *E. coli* did not bind PKC.

The concentration dependence of PKC binding to RACK1 was characterized with β PKC, since this isozyme is a major component of the PKC mixture used for the overlay assay. The mean half maximal binding was ~ 0.375 nM, and maximal binding was ~ 4 nM ($n=3$;
10 values reflect binding of β PKC isozyme in the presence of other PKC isozymes and was determined by scanning autoradiograms in the linear range of detection, as described in Mochly-Rosen, et al., (1991).

The results presented above indicate that in order for
15 PKC to bind to RACK1 it must be activated. *In vitro*, activation may be accomplished, for example, by phosphatidylserine and diacylglycerol, or, more preferably, by phosphatidylserine, diacylglycerol and calcium.

Example 4

20 Inhibition of PKC Binding to RACK1 by RACK1-specific WD-40-homologous Peptides

Assays for the inhibition of PKC binding to RACK1 by putative binding peptides were carried out by combining a variation of the overlay protocol described in Example 3 part B above, with
25 an overlay extraction assay described in part B below. The variation in the overlay protocol consisted of incubating the putative binding peptides with a mixture of PKC isozymes for 15 minutes at room temperature before the mixture was used to contact the nitrocellulose strips containing immobilized RACK1.

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B. Overlay extraction protocol.

Nitrocellulose strips containing immobilized RACK1, that had been contacted with a solution containing a mixture of PKC isozymes, were washed and the area corresponding to the 36 kDa (RACK1-containing) band was cut out. The pieces (containing PKC/RACK1 complexes) were incubated with sample buffer for 10 minutes at 80°C. The sample buffer and the nitrocellulose pieces were then placed in wells in the PAGE gel and subjected to SDS-PAGE to elute the bound proteins. The gel was blotted onto nitrocellulose and a Western blot analysis was carried out using the mixture of antibodies (specific for PKC α , β , γ , δ , ϵ and ζ isozymes) described in Example 1 part B. Bound antibodies were detected by ^{125}I -protein A.

C. PKC overlay in the presence of binding peptides.

Peptides derived from or homologous to WD-40 repeats of RACK1 were tested for their ability to inhibit PKC binding to recombinant RACK1. Binding of PKC to RACK1 was carried out using a variation of the overlay procedure described in Example 3 part B. In the experimental samples, peptides were incubated with a solution containing a mixture of rat brain PKC isozymes (~10 nM each) for 15 minutes at room temperature.

Following completion of the modified overlay protocol, the samples were subjected to the overlay-extraction protocol detailed in part B, above.

The results in Figure 3 show the binding of PKC to RACK1, carried out without (lane 1) or with (lanes 2-4) a preincubation of peptides with PKC. Lane 2 shows PKC binding following a preincubation with 10 μM peptide I (SEQ ID NO:1). Peptide I caused an 81 \pm 6% inhibition of PKC binding to recombinant RACK1 as compared with binding in the absence of added peptide (n=3). Lanes 3 and 4 show PKC binding following a preincubation with peptide rIII and peptide rVI, respectively.

It can be seen that peptide rIII is somewhat more effective than peptide rVI. The results shown are representative of three independent experiments.

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The overlay-extraction method (part B above) was used in experiments relating to the peptide inhibition of PKC binding in order to decrease the possibility that some part of the inhibition of PKC binding to RACK1 reflects an interference in the binding of anti-PKC antibodies to the PKC/RACK1 complexes. Free peptides are effectively removed from the PKC/RACK1 complexes during the second round of SDS/PAGE, prior to blotting and detection of immobilized PKC/RACK1 complexes by anti-PKC antibodies.

Example 5

10 Identification of Sequenced Proteins Containing WD-40 Repeats

A search for WD-40 motif-containing proteins was done using the ENTREZ program, release 6.0 (National Center for Biotechnology Information, National Library of Medicine, National Institutes of Health, Bethesda, MD). The ENTREZ database was searched for protein sequences related to the β subunit of transducin.

Protein sequences homologous to β -transducin were examined for the existence of WD-40 repeats, following the guidance for identification of WD-40 repeats presented in section V of the specification, above.

The proteins were also used to carry out additional searches of the database, in order to identify other proteins which may contain WD-40 repeats, but which might not be homologous to the β subunit of transducin. Sequences identified during the second round of searches were again examined for WD-40 repeats.

This search strategy identified 30 proteins containing WD-40 sequences. The amino acid sequences of these proteins, with the WD-40 regions aligned and delineated, are shown in Figs. 12-18, 20-27, 29-30, 34-35, 37-38, 40 and 42-50. The sequences are represented in the Sequence Listing as SEQ ID NO:29-35, 37-44, 46-

pattern can be inferred based on the teachings presented in part V of the specification above.

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(Eastman Kodak Co., New Haven, CT) to search GenBank (December 1993 release). Default settings (matrix=250) were used for the search. The search identified the 250 proteins with the highest homology to the consensus sequence. These proteins were examined, as detailed in part V above, for WD-40 repeats. Ten additional proteins containing WD-40 repeats were identified with this strategy. The amino acid sequences of those proteins, with the WD-40 repeats aligned and delineated, are shown in Figs. 11, 19, 28, 31-33, 36, 39, 41 and 51. The sequences are represented in the Sequence Listing as SEQ ID NO:28, 36, 45, 48-50, 53, 56, 58 and 68.

Example 6

Binding of β PKC to RACK1 WD-40-derived Peptides

A. Buffers.

Peptide overlay block buffer: 20 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.5), 0.2 M NaCl, 3% bovine serum albumin (BSA) and 0.1% polyethylene glycol.

Overlay wash buffer: 50 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.5), 0.2 M NaCl, 12 mM 2-mercaptoethanol, 0.1% polyethylene glycol and 0.1 mM CaCl_2 .

B. PKC overlay of immobilized peptides.

The binding of β PKC to peptide I (SEQ ID NO:1), peptide rVI (SEQ ID NO:7) and control peptide (SEQ ID NO:9) was assessed using a PKC overlay assay similar to that described in Example 3. Increasing amounts of peptides (0.5 μ mole, 1.0 μ mole, 5.0 μ mole and 10.0 μ mole) suspended in 20 mM NaCl were applied individually onto nitrocellulose using a slot-blot apparatus (Schleicher and Schuell, Keene, NH). The nitrocellulose membrane was washed three times, 15 minutes per wash, in peptide overlay buffer and incubated for two hours in peptide overlay block buffer. The membrane was cut into sections and the sections were transferred to different PKC-containing solutions and incubated for 30 minutes.

30, and calcium. The membranes were then washed three times, 15 minutes per wash, in peptide overlay buffer and incubated in peptide overlay block buffer containing anti- β PKC antibody.

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a 16 hr incubation at room temperature, the filters were washed three times, 15 minutes per wash, in peptide overlay buffer.

Binding of PKC was determined using chemiluminescence as described in Example 3, part C. Quantitation of PKC binding was carried out using a "MICRO SCAN" 1000 gel analyzer (Galai Inc., Yokneam, Israel).

The data show that activated PKC bound to both peptides I and rVI, but not to the control peptide, at peptide amounts as low as 5 μ moles. Unactivated PKC did not bind to peptide I, but did bind to peptide rVI at similar concentrations.

The results indicate that peptide rVI is capable of binding both activated as well as unactivated forms of PKC, whereas peptide I binds only to activated PKC.

Example 7

Effects of RACK1 WD-40-derived Peptides on PKC-mediated Oocyte Maturation

Exposure to insulin induces maturation in *Xenopus* oocytes via a PKC-dependent pathway (Smith, et al., 1992). The maturation response may be quantified by monitoring the appearance of a white spot in the animal hemisphere of the oocyte, indicating germinal vesicle breakdown (GVBD) and maturation. To assess the effects of RACK1 WD-40-derived peptides on insulin-induced PKC-mediated maturation, 50 nl of a 20 mM NaCl solution containing the indicated peptides [peptide I (SEQ ID NO:1; ●), peptide rVI (SEQ ID NO:7; ■), or injection solution (□)] (peptides at 50 μ M) were microinjected into *Xenopus* oocytes. The symbols refer to symbols used in Figure 5, which shows the data from this example. One hour following the peptide injections, the oocytes were exposed to a solution containing insulin (8.25 μ g/ml) for 2 minutes (t=0). 10-15 oocytes were used for each sample.

in Figure 5.

In oocytes injected with buffer or control peptide, onset

- 53 -

time-course, reaching a plateau of about 85-90% GVBD at about 10-12 hours. These data indicate that approximately 80-85% of sham-injected oocytes exposed to insulin at $t=0$ reach maturation, and that maturation is reached relatively quickly (within about 10
5 hours) relative to the time-course of the experiment (20 hours).

Oocytes injected with peptide I (SEQ ID NO:1) responded in a manner similar to control oocytes, except the plateau was at about 45-50% GVBD. These data suggest that injection of peptide I blocked maturation in approximately 40-45% of oocytes that would
10 normally proceed to maturation, but had little effect on the kinetics or extent of maturation of the remaining (50-55%) oocytes.

Oocytes injected with peptide rVI (SEQ ID NO:7) responded with a slightly shorter delay (about 3-4 hours), but reached a higher plateau (about 95-100% GVBD) more quickly (within about 5
15 hours) than control oocytes. These data suggest that peptide rVI potentiates the effects of insulin on oocyte maturation, both in terms of the rate of maturation, and in the total fraction of oocytes that mature during the experiment. Injection of peptide rVI increases the maturing fraction to essentially 100%

20 The effects of both peptides I and rVI on GVBD were dose-dependent between 5 μM -500 μM .

Since peptide rVI enhanced insulin-induced GVBD, experiments were performed to determine whether peptide rVI can induce GVBD in the absence of insulin. The data from these
25 experiments are shown in Fig. 5B. Microinjection of peptide rVI (50 μM) alone, but not peptide I, control peptide or buffer, induced GVBD. Maturation initiated with a longer delay (about 6-7 hours) than in the control insulin-induced oocytes in Fig. 5A (about 4-5 hours), and reached a plateau of about 50% GVBD.

30 Together, the data above indicate that peptides homologous to the WD-40 region of RACK1 modulate the function of PKC. Peptide I inhibited PKC mediated

of insulin. The latter result suggests that peptide rVI, under appropriate circumstances, may act to activate PKC in the absence of other activating substances

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Example 8Effects of RACK1 WD-40-derived Peptides on PKC Translocation in
Xenopus OocytesA. Buffers.

5 Homogenization buffer: 20 mM Tris HCl, pH 7.5, 10 mM EGTA, 2 mM EDTA, 0.25M sucrose, 10 μ M phenylmethylsulfonyl fluoride, 20 μ g/ml of each leupeptin and soybean trypsin inhibitor.

B. PKC translocation in oocytes.

Insulin causes the translocation of β PKC, but not other
10 PKC isozymes, from a cytosolic form to a membrane-associated form, as evidenced by the relative levels of PKC in the soluble vs. the particulate fraction of oocyte homogenate. To assess the effects of RACK1 WD-40-derived peptides on insulin-induced PKC
translocation, 50 nl of a 20 mM NaCl solution containing the
15 indicated peptides were microinjected into *Xenopus* oocytes. The oocytes were then homogenized, and the relative amount of PKC in the soluble and particulate fractions was assayed. The protocol followed was a modification of a method described by Smith, et al. (1992). The results are shown in Figure 6.

20 Batches of 50 oocytes were microinjected with either peptide rVI (SEQ ID NO:7; 50 μ M; lanes 3, 4), peptide I (SEQ ID NO:1; 50 μ M, lanes 7, 8) or injection solution (NaCl 20 mM, lanes 1,2 and 5,6). Homogenates from each batch were prepared 60 minutes after microinjection (lanes 1-4) or 60 minutes after
25 addition of insulin (lanes 5-8). The homogenates were centrifuged at 10,000 g for 3 minutes, the upper layer (containing fat and yolk) was removed, and the remainder was frozen at -70 °C. Prior to use, the samples were thawed, 200 μ l homogenization buffer was added and the samples were centrifuged at 100,000 g for 30 minutes
30 at 4 °C. The supernatants (soluble fraction) were removed and

resolved on an 8% SDS/PAGE gel and blotted onto nitrocellulose.
35 The amount of PKC in each fraction was determined by Western blot

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Tokyo, Japan). Bound primary antibodies were detected by chemiluminescence as described in Example 3, part C.

The antibodies showed immunoreactivity with an ~80 kDa protein that corresponds to β PKC. Data are representative of three experiments.

The data are shown in Figure 6. Lanes 1, 3, 5 and 7 contain particulate fractions (p), while lanes 2, 4, 6 and 8 contain soluble (cytosol) fractions (c). Peptide I (50 μ M) did not affect β PKC distribution in untreated oocytes, but inhibited insulin-induced β PKC translocation (Fig. 3, lanes 7,8). In contrast, peptide rVI (50 μ M) induced β PKC translocation in the absence of insulin treatment (Fig. 3, lanes 3,4).

The results above suggest that peptide I is an antagonist of insulin-induced PKC translocation, whereas peptide rVI is an agonist and an activator of PKC translocation. In light of the results presented in Example 7, the data also suggest that the inhibition of insulin-induced GVBD following microinjection of peptide I was due to an inhibition of β PKC translocation.

Example 9

Effects of RACK1 WD-40-derived Peptides on Sensitivity of PKC to Arg-C Endopeptidase

A. Buffers.

Sample buffer: 0.3 M Tris HCl, 5% SDS, 50% glycerol, 0.01% bromophenol blue and 5% β -mercaptoethanol.

B. Nicking of β PKC by Arg-C endopeptidase.

Upon activation of PKC, a pseudosubstrate autoinhibitory sequence at the N-terminus of the molecule dissociates from the catalytic site and becomes sensitive to endopeptidase Arg-C (Orr, et al.). In the absence of PKC activators, exposure of the 80 kDa β PKC to endopeptidase Arg-C has no effect on the

of the PKC (i.e. limited proteolysis generating a 78 kDa fragment and several small fragments (see Fig. 7, lane 2)). Continued exposure to Arg-C results in the disappearance of the

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the WD-40 region of RACK1 alter the sensitivity of β PKC to endopeptidase Arg-C.

The methods used to assay Arg-C sensitivity are a modification of methods described by Orr, et al. Rat brain PKC (~5 nM) was incubated at room temperature in 500 μ l of 20 mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH 7.5) alone or with Arg-C (5 units/ml) in the presence or absence of the indicated peptides (final concentration 10 μ M or as indicated), PS, DG, and calcium (as indicated). 50 μ l aliquots were removed into 20 μ l of sample buffer during the reaction as indicated (samples in all the lanes were incubated for 30 minutes, except lanes 5, and 6, which were incubated for 5 and 15 minutes, respectively). The samples were boiled for 10 minutes at 80°C and loaded onto 8% SDS-PAGE. β PKC was detected by Western blot analysis using anti- β PKC antibodies as described in Examples 6 and 8.

The results are shown in Figure 7. PKC was incubated for the indicated time alone (lane 1) or in the presence of Arg-C (lanes 2-9), with DG (0.8 μ g/ml), PS (50 μ g/ml) and CaCl_2 (1 mM; lane 2), with PS (50 μ g/ml) and CaCl_2 (1 mM; lane 3), with PS (2.5 μ g/ml) and CaCl_2 (50 μ M; lane 4); with PS (2.5 μ g/ml), CaCl_2 (50 μ M) and with either peptide rVI (SEQ ID NO:7; 10 μ M; lanes 5-7), control peptide (SEQ ID NO:9; lane 8) or with peptide I (SEQ ID NO:1; lane 9).

Incubation of β PKC with Arg-C at low concentrations of activators (2.5 μ g/ml PS and 50 μ M CaCl_2) in the absence of added peptide did not result in appreciable nicking activity (Fig. 7, lane 4). Similarly, nicking of β PKC did not occur in the presence of this concentration of activators with peptide I (lane 9) or with control peptide (lane 8). However, incubation of β PKC with the same concentration of activators in the presence of peptide rVI resulted in a time-dependent appearance of the 78 kDa nicked PKC

rVI, but not peptide I, is effective to stabilize PKC in an activated conformation that renders it susceptible to Arg-C under

- 57 -

Example 10Effects of RACK1 WD-40-derived Peptides on PKCAutophosphorylation

Activated PKC is capable of autophosphorylation. Since peptide rVI (SEQ ID NO:7) was effective to induce PKC translocation and GVBD in the absence of an activator such as insulin, the ability of the peptide to induce PKC autophosphorylation in the absence of PKC activators was assessed.

PKC autophosphorylation in the presence of β PKC pseudosubstrate antibodies or the indicated peptides was carried out using a modification of the method described by Makowske, et al. Anti-pseudosubstrate antibodies, which were shown previously to induce autophosphorylation in the absence of PKC activators (Makowske, et al.) were used as a positive control. The results are shown in Figure 8.

Rat brain PKC (~ 10 nM) was incubated with mild agitation in a final volume of 250 μ l of overlay buffer, as in Example 1 either with anti- β PKC pseudosubstrate antibodies (1:10 dilution, Life Technologies, Gaithersburg, MD) or with the indicated peptide (10 μ M). Where indicated, PS (50 μ g/ml), DG (0.8 μ g/ml) and CaCl_2 (1 mM) were also added. The amount of autophosphorylation was determined after 2 hours for the reaction with the anti-pseudosubstrate antibodies, or after 15 minutes for the other samples. 50 μ l of a buffer comprised of 20 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.5), 20 mM MgCl_2 , 20 μ M ATP and 5 μ ci/ml [γ - 32 P]ATP. The mixture was incubated for 15 minutes at room temperature and the reaction was stopped by adding 60 μ l sample buffer (see Example 9). The samples were then boiled for 10 minutes, loaded onto a 10% SDS-PAGE mini gel and electrophoresed. The gel was fixed with 50% methanol and 10% acetic acid for 1 hour, and the autophosphorylation of PKC was determined by autoradiography.

The results in Figure 8 show PKC autophosphorylation in the

antibodies (diluted 1:10 in 20 mM Tris-HCl; lane 3), in the presence of peptide rVI (SEQ ID NO:7; 10 μ M; lane 4), in the presence of peptide I (SEQ ID NO:1; 10 μ M; lane 5).

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Peptide rVI in the absence of PKC activators induced PKC autophosphorylation to over 80% of the autophosphorylation obtained in the presence of optimal concentration of PS, DG, and calcium (compare Fig. 8 lane 1 (control) with lane 4 (peptide rVI)).

5 Neither peptide I nor control peptide induced PKC autophosphorylation in the absence of PKC activators (Fig. 8 lanes 5 and 6, respectively).

Example 11

Effects of RACK1 WD-40-derived Peptides on Histone

10 Phosphorylation by PKC

Incubation of PKC with peptide rVI (SEQ ID NO:7) induced histone phosphorylation by PKC. The method used was a modification of the protocol described by Mochly-Rosen, et al. (1987). The results are shown in Figure 9.

15 Histone type IIIs (Sigma Chemical Company, St. Louis, MO) was phosphorylated by PKC (~ 10 nM) in the absence (lane 1) and presence of peptide rVI (10 μ M) (lanes 2 and 3) and in the presence and absence of DG (0.8 μ g/ml), PS (50 μ g/ml) and CaCl_2 (1 mM) (lane 3). The results are expressed as percentage of control that

20 is the amount of Histone phosphorylation by PKC in the presence of DG (0.8 μ g/ml), PS (50 μ g/ml) and CaCl_2 (1 mM). The results are the average \pm SEM of two independent experiments. PKC was first incubated with the peptide rVI (10 μ M) for 15 minutes in overlay buffer as described above. Histone type IIIs (40 μ g/ml) was added

25 in Tris-HCl (20 mM), MgCl_2 (20 mM), ATP (20 μ M) and [γ - 32 P]ATP (5 μ ci/ml) with or without PS (50 μ g/ml), DG (0.8 μ g/ml) and CaCl_2 (1 mM). Histone phosphorylation was determined by autoradiography as above.

PKC activators PS, DG, and calcium were not required for

30 either peptide rVI-induced autophosphorylation or histone

IIIs (25 μ M) by PKC (10 nM) was not inhibited by RACK1; rather, a

35 4.5 \pm 0.1 fold increase of histone phosphorylation occurred when co-

- 59 -

SEQUENCE LISTING

(1) GENERAL INFORMATION:

5

(i) APPLICANT: Mochly-Rosen, Daria
Ron, Dorit

10

(ii) TITLE OF INVENTION: WD-40 - Derived Peptides and Uses
Thereof

(iii) NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 265

(iv) CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:

15

(A) ADDRESSEE: Dehlinger & Associates

(B) STREET: P.O. Box 60850

(C) CITY: Palo Alto

(D) STATE: CA

(E) COUNTRY: USA

20

(F) ZIP: 94306-0850

(v) COMPUTER READABLE FORM:

(A) MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk

(B) COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible

25

(C) OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS

(D) SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.25

(vi) CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:

30

(A) APPLICATION NUMBER: 08/190,802

(B) FILING DATE: 01-FEB-1994

(C) CLASSIFICATION:

(viii) ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:

35

(A) NAME: Fabian, Gary R.

(B) REGISTRATION NUMBER: 33,875

(C) REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 8600-0139

(ix) TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:1:

- 60 -

(B) TYPE: amino acid
(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

5

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

10

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: Peptide I

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:1:

15

Lys Gly Asp Tyr Glu Lys Ile Leu Val Ala Leu Cys Gly Gly Asn
1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:2:

20

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

25

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

30

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: Peptide, rI, Fig. 1C

35

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:2:

.....

.....

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

- 61 -

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

5 (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: Peptide rII, Fig. 1C

10

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:3:

Phe Val Ser Asp Val Val Ile

1 5

15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:4:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

20 (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

25 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

30 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: Peptide rIII, Fig. 1C

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:4:

35 Asp Val Leu Ser Val Ala Phe

1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:5:

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

- 62 -

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

5 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: peptide rIV, Fig. 1C

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:5:

10

Val Ser Cys Val Arg Phe Ser

1

5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:6:

15

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

20

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

25

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: Peptide rV, Fig. 1C

30

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:6:

Gly Tyr Leu Asn Thr Val Thr

1

5

35

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:7:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

FORM 1 SHOW

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

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(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: Peptide rVI, Fig. 1C

5

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:7:

Asp Ile Ile Asn Ala Leu Cys Phe

10

1

5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:8:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

15

(A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

20

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

25

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: Peptide rVII, Fig. 1C

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:8:

30

Pro Gln Cys Thr Ser Leu Ala

1

5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:9:

35

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

- 64 -

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: control peptide 1, homol. to RACK1
261-266, LKGKIL

5

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:9:

Leu Lys Gly Lys Ile Leu
1 5

10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:10:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
15 (B) TYPE: amino acid
(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

20

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

25 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: control peptide 2, iden. to RACK1,
265 to 270 IIVDEL

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:10:

30

Ile Ile Val Asp Glu Leu
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:11:

35

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 18 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

- 65 -

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: PKC substrate peptide, (Ser25)
PKC(19-36)

5

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:11:

Arg Phe Ala Arg Lys Gly Ser Leu Arg Gln Lys Asn Val His Glu Val
1 5 10 15

10

Lys Asn

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:12:

15

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 18 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

20

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

25

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: PKC Pseudosubstrate Inhibitor
(PCK(19-36))

30

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:12:

Arg Phe Ala Arg Lys Gly Ala Leu Arg Gln Lys Asn Val His Glu Val
35 1 5 10 15

Lys Asn

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

- 66 -

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

5 (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: GBH Peptide, rI, Fig. 24

10 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:13:

Trp	Val	Thr	Gln	Ile	Ala	Thr	Thr	Pro	Gln	Phe	Pro	Asp	Met	Ile
1				5				10					15	

15 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:14:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

20 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

25

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: GBH Peptide rII, Fig. 24

30

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:14:

Phe	Val	Ser	Asp	Val	Val	Ile	Ser	Ser	Asp	Gly	Gln	Phe	Ala	Leu
35	1			5				10					15	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:15:

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

- 67 -

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: GBH Peptide rIII, Fig. 24

5

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:15:

Asp Val Leu Ser Val Ala Phe Ser Ser Asp Asn Arg Gln Ile Val
1 5 10 15

10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:16:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids

15

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

20

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

25

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: GBH Peptide rIV, Fig. 24

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:16:

30

Trp Val Ser Cys Val Arg Phe Ser Pro Asn Ser Ser Asn Pro Ile
1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:17:

35

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

- 68 -

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: GBH Peptide rV, Fig. 24

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:17:

5 Tyr Leu Asn Thr Val Thr Val Ser Pro Asp Gly Ser Leu Cys Ala
 1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:18:

10 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

15 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

20

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: GBH Peptide rVI, Fig. 24

25 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:18:

 Thr Leu Asp Gly Gly Asp Ile Ile Asn Ala Leu Cys Phe Ser Pro
 1 5 10 15

30 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:19:

 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 1115 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
35 (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- 69 -

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:19:

GGCACGAGGG GTCGCGGTGG CAGCCGTGCG GTGCTTGGCT CCCTAAGCTA TCCGGTGCCA
 60
 5 TCCTTGTCGC TGC GGCGACT CGCAACATCT GCAGCCATGA CCGAGCAAAT GACCCTTCGT 120
 GGGACCCTCA AGGGCCATAA TGGATGGGTT ACACAGATCG CCACCACTCC GCAGTTCCCG 180
 10 GACATGATCC TGTGCGCGTC TCGAGACAAG ACCATCATCA TGTGGAAGCT GACCAGGGAT 240
 GAGACCAACT ACGGCATACC ACAACGTGCT CTTGAGGTC ACTCCCACTT TGTTAGCGAT 300
 GTTGTCACTCT CCTCTGATGG CCAGTTTGCC CTCTCAGGCT CCTGGGATGG AACCCTACGC 360
 15 CTCTGGGATC TCACAACGGG CACTACCACG AGACGATTG TCGGCCACAC CAAGGATGTG 420
 CTGAGCGTGG CTTTCTCCTC TGACAACCGG CAGATTGTCT CTGGGTCCCG AGACAAGACC 480
 20 ATTAAGTTAT GGAATACTCT GGGTGTCTGC AAGTACACTG TCCAGGATGA GAGTCATTCA 540
 GAATGGGTGT CTTGTGTCCG CTTCTCCCCG AACAGCAGCA ACCCTATCAT CGTCTCCTGC 600
 GGATGGGACA AGCTGGTCAA GGTGTGGAAT CTGGCTAACT GCAAGCTAAA GACCAACCAC 660
 25 ATTGGCCACA CTGGCTATCT GAACACAGTG ACTGTCTCTC CAGATGGATC CCTCTGTGCT 720
 TCTGGAGGCA AGGATGGCCA GGCTATGCTG TGGGATCTCA ATGAAGGCAA GCACCTTTAC 780
 30 ACATTAGATG GTGGAGACAT CATCAATGCC TTGTGCTTCA GCCCAACCG CTA CTGGCTC 840
 TGTGCTGCCA CTGGCCCCAG TATCAAGATC TGGGACTTGG AGGGCAAGAT CATGGTAGAT 900
 GAACTGAAGC AAGAAGTTAT CAGCACCAGC AGCAAGGCAG AGCCACCCCA GTGTACCTCT 960
 35 TTGGCTTGGT CTGCTGATGG CCAGACTCTG TTTGCTGGCT ATACCGACAA CTTGGTGCGT 1020
 GTATGGCAGG TGA CTATTGG TACCGGCTAA AACTTTATCA CAGACTCTTA GAACTAACT 1080

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:20:

SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

POSITION: 1-1080

TYPE: NUCLEOTIDE

- 70 -

(C) STRANDEDNESS: double
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

5

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

10

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: RACK1 rI DNA Sequence, Fig. 1A

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:20:

15

GGCCATAATG GATGGGTTAC ACAGATCGCC ACCACTCCGC AGTTCCTGGA CATGATCCTG
60

TCGGCGTCTC GAGACAAGAC CATCATCATG TGGAAG

20

96

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:21:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

25

(A) LENGTH: 94 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: double

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

30

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

35

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: RACK1 rII DNA Sequence

GGTCACTCCC ACTTTGTTAG CGATGTTGTC ATCTCCTCTG ATGGCCAGTT TGCCCTCTCA
60

- 71 -

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:22:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 5 (A) LENGTH: 93 base pairs
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: double
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

10

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

15 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: RACK1 rIII DNA Sequence, Fig. 1A

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:22:

20

GGCCACACCA AGGATGTGCT GAGCGTGGCT TTCTCCTCTG ACAACCGGCA GATTGTCTCT

60

GGGTCCCGAG ACAAGACCAT TAAGTTATGG AAT

25 93

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:23:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 30 (A) LENGTH: 99 base pairs
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: double
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

35 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: RACK1 rIV DNA Sequence, Fig. 1A

- 72 -

AGTCATTCAG AATGGGTGTC TTGTGTCCGC TTCTCCCCGA ACAGCAGCAA CCCTATCATC
60

GTCTCCTGCG GATGGGACAA GCTGGTCAAG GTGTGGAAT
5 99

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:24:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
- 10 (A) LENGTH: 93 base pairs
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: double
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- 15 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- 20 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: RACK1 rV DNA Sequence, Fig. 1A
- 25 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:24:

GGCCCACTG GCTATCTGAA CACAGTGA CTCTCTCCAG ATGGATCCCT CTGTGCTTCT
60

GGAGGCAAGG ATGGCCAGGC TATGCTGTGG GAT
30 93

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:25:

- 35 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
- (A) LENGTH: 93 base pairs
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: double
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- 45 (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

- 73 -

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: RACK1 rVI DNA Sequence, Fig. 1A

5 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:25:

TTAGATGGTG GAGACATCAT CAATGCCTTG TGCTTCAGCC CCAACCGCTA CTGGCTCTGT
6010 GCTGCCACTG GCCCCAGTAT CAAGATCTGG GAC
93

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:26:

15 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 99 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: double

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

20

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

25 (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: RACK1 rVII DNA Sequence, Fig. 1A

30

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:26:

AGCAAGGCAG AGCCACCCCA GTGTACCTCT TTGGCTTGGT CTGCTGATGG CCAGACTCTG
60

35

TTTGCTGGCT ATACCGACAA CTTGGTGCCT GTATGGCAG
99

SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 317 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) TOPOLOGY: unknown

MOLECULE TYPE: protein

- 74 -

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

5 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: RACK1 Amino Acid Sequence, Fig. 1C

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:27:

10

Met Thr Glu Gln Met Thr Leu Arg Gly Thr Leu Lys Gly His Asn Gly
 1 5 10 15

15

Trp Val Thr Gln Ile Ala Thr Thr Pro Gln Phe Pro Asp Met Ile Leu
 20 25 30

Ser Ala Ser Arg Asp Lys Thr Ile Ile Met Trp Lys Leu Thr Arg Asp
 35 40 45

20

Glu Thr Asn Tyr Gly Ile Pro Gln Arg Ala Leu Arg Gly His Ser His
 50 55 60

Phe Val Ser Asp Val Val Ile Ser Ser Asp Gly Gln Phe Ala Leu Ser
 65 70 75 80

25

Gly Ser Trp Asp Gly Thr Leu Arg Leu Trp Asp Leu Thr Thr Gly Thr
 85 90 95

30

Thr Thr Arg Arg Phe Val Gly His Thr Lys Asp Val Leu Ser Val Ala
 100 105 110

Phe Ser Ser Asp Asn Arg Gln Ile Val Ser Gly Ser Arg Asp Lys Thr
 115 120 125

35

Ile Lys Leu Trp Asn Thr Leu Gly Val Cys Lys Tyr Thr Val Gln Asp
 130 135 140

Glu Ser His Ser Glu Trp Val Ser Cys Val Arg Phe Ser Pro Asn Ser

165

170

175

Trp Asn Leu Ala Asp Cys Lys Leu Lys Thr Ser His Thr Gly Thr Thr

- 75 -

	Gly	Tyr	Leu	Asn	Thr	Val	Thr	Val	Ser	Pro	Asp	Gly	Ser	Leu	Cys	Ala
	195							200					205			
5	Ser	Gly	Gly	Lys	Asp	Gly	Gln	Ala	Met	Leu	Trp	Asp	Leu	Asn	Glu	Gly
	210						215						220			
	Lys	His	Leu	Tyr	Thr	Leu	Asp	Gly	Gly	Asp	Ile	Ile	Asn	Ala	Leu	Cys
	225					230					235				240	
10	Phe	Ser	Pro	Asn	Arg	Tyr	Trp	Leu	Cys	Ala	Ala	Thr	Gly	Pro	Ser	Ile
					245					250					255	
	Lys	Ile	Trp	Asp	Leu	Glu	Gly	Lys	Ile	Ile	Val	Asp	Glu	Leu	Lys	Gln
					260				265					270		
15	Glu	Val	Ile	Ser	Thr	Ser	Ser	Lys	Ala	Glu	Pro	Pro	Gln	Cys	Thr	Ser
					275				280					285		
	Leu	Ala	Trp	Ser	Ala	Asp	Gly	Gln	Thr	Leu	Phe	Ala	Gly	Tyr	Thr	Asp
20		290					295						300			
	Asn	Leu	Val	Arg	Val	Trp	Gln	Val	Thr	Ile	Gly	Thr	Arg			
	305					310					315					

25

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:28:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 30 (A) LENGTH: 501 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

35 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:28:

1	5	10	15	
Val Ala Lys Glu Thr Pro Asp Lys Val Glu Leu Ser Lys Glu Glu Val	20	25	30	
Lys Arg Leu Ile Ala Glu Ala Lys Glu Lys Leu Gln Glu Glu Gly Gly	35	40	45	
Gly Ser Asp Glu Glu Glu Thr Gly Ser Pro Ser Glu Asp Gly Met Gln	50	55	60	
Ser Ala Arg Thr Gln Ala Arg Pro Arg Glu Pro Leu Glu Asp Gly Asp	65	70	75	80
Pro Glu Asp Asp Arg Thr Leu Asp Asp Asp Glu Leu Ala Glu Tyr Asp	85	90	95	
Leu Asp Lys Tyr Asp Glu Glu Gly Asp Pro Asp Ala Glu Thr Leu Gly	100	105	110	
Glu Ser Leu Leu Gly Leu Thr Val Tyr Gly Ser Asn Asp Gln Asp Pro	115	120	125	
Tyr Val Thr Leu Lys Asp Thr Glu Gln Tyr Glu Arg Glu Asp Phe Leu	130	135	140	
Ile Lys Pro Ser Asp Asn Leu Ile Val Cys Gly Arg Ala Glu Gln Asp	145	150	155	160
Gln Cys Asn Leu Glu Val His Val Tyr Asn Gln Glu Glu Asp Ser Phe	165	170	175	
Tyr Val His His Asp Ile Leu Leu Ser Ala Tyr Pro Leu Ser Val Glu	180	185	190	
Trp Leu Asn Phe Asp Pro Ser Pro Asp Asp Ser Thr Gly Asn Tyr Ile	195	200	205	
Val Asp Ser Leu Glu Pro Val Phe Thr Leu Gly Ser Lys Leu Ser Lys	225	230	235	240

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	Asp	Ala	Val	Leu	Asp	Leu	Ser	Trp	Asn	Lys	Leu	Ile	Arg	Asn	Val	Leu	
				260					265						270		
5	Ala	Ser	Ala	Ser	Ala	Asp	Asn	Thr	Val	Ile	Leu	Trp	Asp	Met	Ser	Leu	
				275				280						285			
	Gly	Lys	Pro	Ala	Ala	Ser	Leu	Ala	Val	His	Thr	Asp	Lys	Val	Gln	Thr	
				290				295					300				
10	Leu	Gln	Phe	His	Pro	Phe	Glu	Ala	Gln	Thr	Leu	Ile	Ser	Gly	Ser	Tyr	
		305					310					315				320	
	Asp	Lys	Ser	Val	Ala	Leu	Tyr	Asp	Cys	Arg	Ser	Pro	Asp	Glu	Ser	His	
				325						330					335		
15	Arg	Met	Trp	Arg	Phe	Ser	Gly	Gln	Ile	Glu	Arg	Val	Thr	Trp	Asn	His	
				340						345					350		
	Phe	Ser	Pro	Cys	His	Phe	Leu	Ala	Ser	Thr	Asp	Asp	Gly	Phe	Val	Tyr	
20				355					360					365			
	Asn	Leu	Asp	Ala	Arg	Ser	Asp	Lys	Pro	Ile	Phe	Thr	Leu	Asn	Ala	His	
				370					375					380			
25	Asn	Asp	Glu	Ile	Ser	Gly	Leu	Asp	Leu	Ser	Ser	Gln	Ile	Lys	Gly	Cys	
				385				390					395			400	
	Leu	Val	Thr	Ala	Ser	Ala	Asp	Lys	Tyr	Val	Lys	Ile	Trp	Asp	Ile	Leu	
				405						410					415		
30	Gly	Asp	Arg	Pro	Ser	Leu	Val	His	Ser	Arg	Asp	Met	Lys	Met	Gly	Val	
				420						425					430		
	Leu	Phe	Cys	Ser	Ser	Cys	Cys	Pro	Asp	Leu	Pro	Phe	Ile	Tyr	Ala	Phe	
35				435					440					445			
	Gly	Gly	Gln	Lys	Glu	Gly	Leu	Arg	Val	Trp	Asp	Ile	Ser	Thr	Val	Ser	
				450				455					460				
	Ala	Arg	Asn	Ser	Ser	Ile	Ser	Gly	Pro	Phe	Gly	Ser	Arg	Ser	Ser	Asp	
								465								470	

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500

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:29:

5 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 428 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

10 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

15

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: AAC-RICH protein, Fig. 12

20 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:29:

Pro Gly Gly Phe Gln His Leu Gln Gln Gln Gln Gln Gln Gln Gln
 1 5 10 15

25 Gln Gln Gln Gln Gln Gln Gln Gln Gln Gln Gln Gln Thr Gln Val Gln
 20 25 30

Gln Leu His Asn Gln Leu His Gln Gln His Asn Gln Gln Ile Gln Gln
 35 40 45

30

Gln Ala Gln Ala Thr Gln Gln His Leu Gln Thr Gln Gln Tyr Leu Gln
 50 55 60

35 Ser Gln Ile His Gln Gln Ser Gln Gln Ser Gln Leu Ser Asn Asn Leu
 65 70 75 80

Asn Ser Asn Ser Lys Glu Ser Thr Asn Ile Pro Lys Thr Asn Thr Gln
 85 90 95

Ser Glu Cys Ser Thr Lys Asp Phe Ile Gly Asn Lys Lys Lys Ser Thr
 100 105 110 115

120 Ser Glu Cys Ser Thr Lys Asp Phe Ile Gly Asn Lys Lys Lys Ser Thr
 125 130 135 140 145

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	130	135	140
	Asp Gly Ile Val Arg Val Trp Asn Phe Asp Pro Leu Gly Asn Ser Asn		
	145	150	155 160
5	Asn Asn Asn Asn Ser Asn Asn Thr Ser Ser Asn Ser Lys Asn Asn Asn		
		165	170 175
	Ile Lys Glu Thr Ile Glu Leu Lys Gly His Asp Gly Ser Ile Glu Lys		
10		180	185 190
	Ile Ser Trp Ser Pro Lys Asn Asn Asp Leu Leu Ala Ser Ala Gly Thr		
		195	200 205
	Asp Lys Val Ile Lys Ile Trp Asp Val Lys Ile Gly Lys Cys Ile Gly		
15		210	215 220
	Thr Val Ser Thr Asn Ser Glu Asn Ile Asp Val Arg Trp Ser Pro Asp		
		225	230 235 240
20	Gly Asp His Leu Ala Leu Ile Asp Leu Pro Thr Ile Lys Thr Leu Lys		
		245	250 255
	Ile Tyr Lys Phe Asn Gly Glu Glu Leu Asn Gln Val Gly Trp Asp Asn		
25		260	265 270
	Asn Gly Asp Leu Ile Leu Met Ala Asn Ser Met Gly Asn Ile Glu Ala		
		275	280 285
	Tyr Lys Phe Leu Pro Lys Ser Thr Thr His Val Lys His Leu Lys Thr		
30		290	295 300
	Leu Tyr Gly His Thr Ala Ser Ile Tyr Cys Met Glu Phe Asp Pro Thr		
		305	310 315 320
35	Gly Lys Tyr Leu Ala Ala Gly Ser Ala Asp Ser Ile Val Ser Leu Trp		
		325	330 335
	Pro Cys Arg Ser Val Ser Phe Ser Phe Asp Gly Gln Phe Ile Ala Ala		
		355	360 365

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Thr Leu Pro Leu Leu Ala Tyr Ala Pro Glu Ser Ile Asn Glu Asn Asn
405 410 415

Lys Asp Pro Ser Ile Arg Val Phe Gly Tyr His Ser
420 425

10 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:30:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 517 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: BETA TRCP, Fig. 13

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:30:

Met Glu Gly Phe Ser Cys Ser Leu Gln Pro Pro Thr Ala Ser Glu Arg
1 5 10 15

Glu Asp Cys Asn Arg Asp Glu Pro Pro Arg Lys Ile Ile Thr Glu Lys
20 25 30

Asn Thr Leu Arg Gln Thr Lys Leu Ala Asn Gly Thr Ser Ser Met Ile
35 40 45

65 70 75 80

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	Ile Asn Thr Tyr Leu Lys Pro Met Leu Gln Arg Asp Phe Ile Thr Ala
	100 105 110
5	Leu Pro Ala Arg Gly Leu Asp His Ile Ala Glu Asn Ile Leu Ser Tyr
	115 120 125
	Leu Asp Ala Lys Ser Leu Cys Ser Ala Glu Leu Val Cys Lys Glu Trp
	130 135 140
10	Tyr Arg Val Thr Ser Asp Gly Met Leu Trp Lys Lys Leu Ile Glu Arg
	145 150 155 160
	Met Val Arg Thr Asp Ser Leu Trp Arg Gly Leu Ala Glu Arg Arg Gly
	165 170 175
15	Trp Gly Gln Tyr Leu Phe Lys Asn Lys Pro Pro Asp Gly Lys Thr Pro
	180 185 190
	Pro Asn Ser Phe Tyr Arg Ala Leu Tyr Pro Lys Ile Ile Gln Asp Ile
20	195 200 205
	Glu Thr Ile Glu Ser Asn Trp Arg Cys Gly Arg His Ser Leu Gln Arg
	210 215 220
25	Ile His Cys Arg Ser Glu Thr Ser Lys Gly Val Tyr Cys Leu Gln Tyr
	225 230 235 240
	Asp Asp Gln Lys Ile Val Ser Gly Leu Arg Asp Asn Thr Ile Lys Ile
	245 250 255
30	Trp Asp Lys Asn Thr Leu Glu Cys Lys Arg Val Leu Met Gly His Thr
	260 265 270
	Gly Ser Val Leu Cys Leu Gln Tyr Asp Glu Arg Val Ile Ile Thr Gly
35	275 280 285
	Ser Asp Ser Thr Val Arg Val Trp Asp Val Asn Thr Gly Glu Met Leu
	290 295 300
	Asn Gly Met Met Val Thr Cys Ser Lys Asp Arg Ser Ile Ala Val Trp
	325 330 335

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	340	345	350
	His Arg Ala Ala Val Asn Val Val Asp Phe Asp Asp Lys Tyr Ile Val		
	355	360	365
5	Ser Ala Ser Gly Asp Arg Thr Ile Lys Val Trp Asn Thr Ser Thr Cys		
	370	375	380
	Glu Phe Val Arg Thr Leu Asn Gly His Lys Arg Gly Ile Ala Cys Leu		
10	385	390	395 400
	Gln Tyr Arg Asp Arg Leu Val Val Ser Gly Ser Ser Asp Asn Thr Ile		
	405	410	415
15	Arg Leu Trp Asp Ile Glu Cys Gly Ala Cys Leu Arg Val Leu Glu Gly		
	420	425	430
	His Glu Glu Leu Val Arg Cys Ile Arg Phe Asp Asn Lys Arg Ile Val		
	435	440	445
20	Ser Gly Ala Tyr Asp Gly Lys Ile Lys Val Trp Asp Leu Val Ala Ala		
	450	455	460
	Leu Asp Pro Arg Ala Pro Ala Gly Thr Leu Cys Leu Arg Thr Leu Val		
25	465	470	475 480
	Glu His Ser Gly Arg Val Phe Arg Leu Gln Phe Asp Glu Phe Gln Ile		
	485	490	495
30	Val Ser Ser Ser His Asp Asp Thr Ile Leu Ile Trp Asp Phe Leu Asn		
	500	505	510
	Asp Pro Gly Leu Ala		
	515		

35

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:31:

(i) TOPOLOGY: unknown.

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

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(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: beta-prime-cop, Fig. 14

5

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:31:

10 Met Pro Leu Arg Leu Asp Ile Lys Arg Lys Leu Thr Ala Arg Ser Asp
 1 5 10 15
 Arg Val Lys Ser Val Asp Leu His Pro Thr Glu Pro Trp Met Leu Ala
 20 25 30
 15 Ser Leu Tyr Asn Gly Ser Val Cys Val Trp Asn His Glu Thr Gln Thr
 35 40 45
 Leu Val Lys Thr Phe Glu Val Cys Asp Leu Pro Val Arg Ala Ala Lys
 50 55 60
 20 Phe Val Ala Arg Lys Asn Trp Val Val Thr Gly Ala Asp Asp Met Gln
 65 70 75 80
 Ile Arg Val Phe Asn Tyr Asn Thr Leu Glu Arg Val His Met Phe Glu
 25 85 90 95
 Ala His Ser Asp Tyr Ile Arg Cys Ile Ala Val His Pro Thr Gln Pro
 100 105 110
 30 Phe Ile Leu Thr Ser Ser Asp Asp Met Leu Ile Lys Leu Trp Asp Trp
 115 120 125
 Asp Lys Lys Trp Ser Cys Ser Gln Val Phe Glu Gly His Thr His Tyr
 130 135 140
 35 Val Met Gln Ile Val Ile Asn Pro Lys Asp Asn Asn Gln Phe Ala Ser
 145 150 155 160
 Pro Asn Phe Thr Leu Glu Gly His Glu Lys Gly Val Asn Cys Ile Asp
 180 185 190

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	Arg Leu Val Lys Ile Trp Asp Tyr Gln Asn Lys Thr Cys Val Gln Thr	
	210	215 220
5	Leu Glu Gly His Ala Gln Asn Val Ser Cys Ala Ser Phe His Pro Glu	
	225	230 235 240
	Leu Pro Ile Ile Ile Thr Gly Ser Glu Asp Gly Thr Val Arg Ile Trp	
		245 250 255
10	His Ser Ser Thr Tyr Arg Leu Glu Ser Thr Leu Asn Tyr Gly Met Glu	
		260 265 270
	Arg Val Trp Cys Val Ala Ser Leu Arg Gly Ser Asn Asn Val Ala Leu	
		275 280 285
15	Gly Tyr Asp Glu Gly Ser Ile Ile Val Lys Leu Gly Arg Glu Glu Pro	
		290 295 300
	Ala Met Ser Met Asp Ala Asn Gly Lys Ile Ile Trp Ala Lys His Ser	
20		305 310 315 320
	Glu Val Gln Gln Ala Asn Leu Lys Ala Met Gly Asp Ala Glu Ile Lys	
		325 330 335
25	Asp Gly Glu Arg Leu Pro Leu Ala Val Lys Asp Met Gly Ser Cys Glu	
		340 345 350
	Ile Tyr Pro Gln Thr Ile Gln His Asn Pro Asn Gly Arg Phe Val Val	
		355 360 365
30	Val Cys Gly Asp Gly Glu Tyr Ile Ile Tyr Thr Ala Met Ala Leu Arg	
		370 375 380
	Asn Lys Ser Phe Gly Ser Ala Gln Glu Phe Ala Trp Ala His Asp Ser	
35		385 390 395 400
	Ser Glu Tyr Ala Ile Arg Glu Ser Asn Ser Val Val Lys Ile Phe Lys	
		405 410 415
	Ile Tyr Gly Gly Phe Leu Leu Gly Val Arg Ser Val Asn Gly Leu Ala	
		425 430 435

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	450	455	460
	Pro Lys His Ile Phe Trp Ser Asp Ser Gly Glu Leu Val Cys Ile Ala		
	465	470	475 480
5	Thr Glu Glu Ser Phe Phe Ile Leu Lys Tyr Leu Ser Glu Lys Val Leu		
	485	490	495
	Ala Ala Gln Glu Thr His Glu Gly Val Thr Glu Asp Gly Ile Glu Asp		
10	500	505	510
	Gly Phe Glu Val Leu Gly Glu Ile Gln Glu Ile Val Lys Thr Gly Leu		
	515	520	525
15	Trp Val Gly Asp Cys Phe Ile Tyr Thr Ser Ser Val Asn Arg Leu Asn		
	530	535	540
	Tyr Tyr Val Gly Gly Glu Ile Val Thr Ile Ala His Leu Asp Arg Thr		
	545	550	555 560
20	Met Tyr Leu Leu Gly Tyr Ile Pro Lys Asp Asn Arg Leu Tyr Leu Gly		
	565	570	575
	Asp Lys Glu Leu Asn Ile Val Ser Tyr Ser Leu Leu Val Ser Val Leu		
25	580	585	590
	Glu Tyr Gln Thr Ala Val Met Arg Arg Asp Phe Ser Met Ala Asp Lys		
	595	600	605
30	Val Leu Pro Thr Ile Pro Lys Glu Gln Arg Thr Arg Val Ala His Phe		
	610	615	620
	Leu Glu Lys Gln Gly Phe Lys Gln Gln Ala Leu Thr Val Ser Thr Asp		
	625	630	635 640
35	Pro Glu His Arg Phe Glu Leu Ala Leu Gln Leu Gly Glu Leu Lys Ile		
	645	650	655
	Leu Ala Glu Leu Ala Ile Ser Lys Cys Pro Phe Gly Leu Ala Gln Glu		
	675	680	685

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	Ala Ser Gly Asn Ala Ser Met Val Asn Lys Leu Ala Glu Gly Ala Glu,	
	705	710 715 720
5	Arg Asp Gly Lys Asn Asn Val Ala Phe Met Ser Tyr Phe Leu Gln Gly	
	725	730 735
	Lys Leu Asp Ala Cys Leu Glu Leu Leu Ile Arg Thr Gly Arg Leu Pro	
	740	745 750
10	Glu Ala Ala Phe Leu Ala Arg Thr Tyr Leu Pro Ser Gln Val Ser Arg	
	755	760 765
	Val Val Lys Leu Trp Arg Glu Asn Leu Ser Lys Val Asn Gln Lys Ala	
	770	775 780
15	Ala Glu Ser Leu Ala Asp Pro Thr Glu Tyr Glu Asn Leu Phe Pro Gly	
	785	790 795 800
	Leu Lys Glu Ala Phe Val Val Glu Glu Trp Val Lys Glu Thr His Ala	
20	805	810 815
	Asp Leu Trp Pro Ala Lys Gln Tyr Pro Leu Val Thr Pro Asn Glu Glu	
	820	825 830
25	Arg Asn Val Met Glu Glu Ala Lys Gly Phe Gln Pro Ser Arg Ser Ala	
	835	840 845
	Ala Gln Gln Glu Leu Asp Gly Lys Pro Ala Ser Pro Thr Pro Val Ile	
	850	855 860
30	Val Thr Ser Gln Thr Ala Asn Lys Glu Glu Lys Ser Leu Leu Glu Leu	
	865	870 875 880
	Glu Val Asp Leu Asp Asn Leu Glu Ile Glu Asp Ile Asp Thr Thr Asp	
35	885	890 895
	Ile Asn Leu Asp Glu Asp Ile Leu Asp Asp	

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 779 amino acids

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(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

5 (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: CDC4 / CDC20 protein, Fig. 15

10

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:32:

Met Gly Ser Phe Pro Leu Ala Glu Phe Pro Leu Arg Asp Ile Pro Val
 1 5 10 15
 Pro Tyr Ser Tyr Arg Val Ser Gly Gly Ile Ala Ser Ser Gly Ser Val
 20 25 30
 Thr Ala Leu Val Thr Ala Ala Gly Thr His Arg Asn Ser Ser Thr Ala
 20 35 40 45
 Lys Thr Val Glu Thr Glu Asp Gly Glu Glu Asp Ile Asp Glu Tyr Gln
 50 55 60
 Arg Lys Arg Ala Ala Gly Ser Gly Glu Ser Thr Pro Glu Arg Ser Asp
 25 65 70 75 80
 Phe Lys Arg Val Lys His Asp Asn His Lys Thr Leu His Pro Val Asn
 85 90 95
 Leu Gln Asn Thr Gly Ala Ala Ser Val Asp Asn Asp Gly Leu His Asn
 100 105 110
 Leu Thr Asp Ile Ser Asn Asp Ala Glu Lys Leu Leu Met Ser Val Asp
 35 115 120 125
 Asp Gly Ser Ala Ala Pro Ser Thr Leu Ser Val Asn Met Gly Val Ala
 130 135 140
 Gly Ser Asp Val Ser Asn Asn Val Asn Ser Ala Thr Ile Asn Asn Pro
 165 170 175

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	180	185	190
	Thr Thr Thr Pro Leu Ala Lys Thr Thr Lys Thr Ile Asn Asn Asn Asn		
	195	200	205
5	Asn Ile Ala Asp Leu Ile Glu Ser Lys Asp Ser Ile Ile Ser Pro Glu		
	210	215	220
	Tyr Leu Ser Asp Glu Ile Phe Ser Ala Ile Asn Asn Asn Leu Pro His		
10	225	230	235 240
	Ala Tyr Phe Lys Asn Leu Leu Phe Arg Leu Val Ala Asn Met Asp Arg		
	245	250	255
15	Ser Glu Leu Ser Asp Leu Gly Thr Leu Ile Lys Asp Asn Leu Lys Arg		
	260	265	270
	Asp Leu Ile Thr Ser Leu Pro Phe Glu Ile Ser Leu Lys Ile Phe Asn		
	275	280	285
20	Tyr Leu Gln Phe Glu Asp Ile Ile Asn Ser Leu Gly Val Ser Gln Asn		
	290	295	300
	Trp Asn Lys Ile Ile Arg Lys Ser Thr Ser Leu Trp Lys Lys Leu Leu		
25	305	310	315 320
	Ile Ser Glu Asn Phe Val Ser Pro Lys Gly Phe Asn Ser Leu Asn Leu		
	325	330	335
30	Lys Leu Ser Gln Lys Tyr Pro Lys Leu Ser Gln Gln Asp Arg Leu Arg		
	340	345	350
	Leu Ser Phe Leu Glu Asn Ile Phe Ile Leu Lys Asn Trp Tyr Asn Pro		
	355	360	365
35	Lys Phe Val Pro Gln Arg Thr Thr Leu Arg Gly His Met Thr Ser Val		
	370	375	380
	Asp Lys Met Ile Arg Val Tyr Asp Ser Ile Asn Lys Lys Phe Leu Leu		
	405	410	415

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	Gly Gly Ile Leu Val Ser Gly Ser Thr Asp Arg Thr Val Arg Val Trp	
	435	440 445
5	Asp Ile Lys Lys Gly Cys Cys Thr His Val Phe Glu Gly His Asn Ser	
	450	455 460
	Thr Val Arg Cys Leu Asp Ile Val Glu Tyr Lys Asn Ile Lys Tyr Ile	
	465	470 475 480
10	Val Thr Gly Ser Arg Asp Asn Thr Leu His Val Trp Lys Leu Pro Lys	
	485	490 495
	Glu Ser Ser Val Pro Asp His Gly Glu Glu His Asp Tyr Pro Leu Val	
15	500	505 510
	Phe His Thr Pro Glu Glu Asn Pro Tyr Phe Val Gly Val Leu Arg Gly	
	515	520 525
20	His Met Ala Ser Val Arg Thr Val Ser Gly His Gly Asn Ile Val Val	
	530	535 540
	Ser Gly Ser Tyr Asp Asn Thr Leu Ile Val Trp Asp Val Ala Gln Met	
	545	550 555 560
25	Lys Cys Leu Tyr Ile Leu Ser Gly His Thr Asp Arg Ile Tyr Ser Thr	
	565	570 575
	Ile Tyr Asp His Glu Arg Lys Arg Cys Ile Ser Ala Ser Met Asp Thr	
30	580	585 590
	Thr Ile Arg Ile Trp Asp Leu Glu Asn Ile Trp Asn Asn Gly Glu Cys	
	595	600 605
	Ser Tyr Ala Thr Asn Ser Ala Ser Pro Cys Ala Lys Ile Leu Gly Ala	
35	610	615 620
	Met Tyr Thr Leu Gln Gly His Thr Ala Leu Val Gly Leu Leu Arg Leu	
	625	630 635 640
	Trp Asp Ala Asn Asp Tyr Ser Arg Lys Phe Ser Tyr His His Thr Asn	
	660	665 670

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	675	680	685
	Gly Ser Glu Asn Gln Phe Asn Ile Tyr Asn Leu Arg Ser Gly Lys Leu		
	690	695	700
5	Val His Ala Asn Ile Leu Lys Asp Ala Asp Gln Ile Trp Ser Val Asn		
	705	710	715 720
	Phe Lys Gly Lys Thr Leu Val Ala Ala Val Glu Lys Asp Gly Gln Ser		
10	725	730	735
	Phe Leu Glu Ile Leu Asp Phe Ser Lys Ala Ser Lys Ile Asn Tyr Val		
	740	745	750
15	Ser Asn Pro Val Asn Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser Leu Glu Ser Ile Ser Thr		
	755	760	765
	Ser Leu Gly Leu Thr Arg Thr Thr Ile Ile Pro		
	770	775	

20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:33:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
- (A) LENGTH: 318 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
- (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: GBLP -CHLAMIDOMONAS HOMOLOG, Fig. 16
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:33:

35

Trp Val Thr Ala Ile Ala Thr Pro Leu Asp Pro Ser Ser Asn Thr Leu

20 25 30

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	35		40		45
	Ser Glu Ser Asn Tyr Gly Tyr Ala Arg Lys Ala Leu Arg Gly His Ser				
	50		55		60
5	His Phe Val Gln Asp Val Val Ile Ser Ser Asp Gly Gln Phe Cys Leu				
	65		70		75 80
	Thr Gly Ser Trp Asp Gly Thr Leu Arg Leu Trp Asp Leu Asn Thr Gly				
10		85		90	95
	Thr Thr Thr Arg Arg Phe Val Gly His Thr Lys Asp Val Leu Ser Val				
		100		105	110
15	Ala Phe Ser Val Asp Asn Arg Gln Ile Val Ser Gly Ser Arg Asp Lys				
		115		120	125
	Thr Ile Lys Leu Trp Asn Thr Leu Gly Glu Cys Lys Tyr Thr Ile Gly				
20		130		135	140
	Glu Pro Glu Gly His Thr Glu Trp Val Ser Cys Val Arg Phe Ser Pro				
	145		150		155 160
	Met Thr Thr Asn Pro Ile Ile Val Ser Gly Gly Trp Asp Lys Met Val				
25		165		170	175
	Lys Val Trp Asn Leu Thr Asn Cys Lys Leu Lys Asn Asn Leu Val Gly				
		180		185	190
30	His His Gly Tyr Val Asn Thr Val Thr Val Ser Pro Asp Gly Ser Leu				
		195		200	205
	Cys Ala Ser Gly Gly Lys Asp Gly Ile Ala Met Leu Trp Asp Leu Ala				
35		210		215	220
	Glu Gly Lys Arg Leu Tyr Ser Leu Asp Ala Gly Asp Val Ile His Cys				
	225		230		235 240
	Ser Ile Lys Ile Trp Asp Leu Glu Ser Lys Ser Ile Val Asp Asp Leu				
		260		265	270

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Val Ser Leu Ala Trp Ser Ala Asp Gly Ser Thr Leu Tyr Ser Gly Tyr
 290 295 300

5 Thr Asp Gly Gln Ile Arg Val Trp Ala Val Gly His Ser Leu
 305 310 315

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:34:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 10 (A) LENGTH: 658 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

15 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

20 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: cop-1 protein, Fig. 17

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:34:

25

Met Glu Glu Ile Ser Thr Asp Pro Val Val Pro Ala Val Lys Pro Asp
 1 5 10 15

30

Pro Arg Thr Ser Ser Val Gly Glu Gly Ala Asn Arg His Glu Asn Asp
 20 25 30

Asp Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Ser Glu Ile Gly Ala Pro Asp Leu Asp Lys
 35 40 45

35

Asp Leu Leu Cys Pro Ile Cys Met Gln Ile Ile Lys Asp Ala Phe Leu
 50 55 60

Thr Ala Cys Gly His Ser Phe Gly Thr Met Gln Ile Thr Val Val Val

85

90

95

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	Ala Arg His Val Ser Lys Thr	Ala Ser Pro Leu Asp Gln Phe Arg Glu
	115	120 125
5	Ala Leu Gln Arg Gly Cys Asp Val Ser Ile Lys Glu Val Asp Asn Leu	
	130	135 140
	Leu Thr Leu Leu Ala Glu Arg Lys Arg Lys Met Glu Gln Glu Glu Ala	
	145	150 155 160
10	Glu Arg Asn Met Gln Ile Leu Leu Asp Phe Leu His Cys Leu Arg Lys	
	165	170 175
	Gln Lys Val Asp Glu Leu Asn Glu Val Gln Thr Asp Leu Gln Tyr Ile	
	180	185 190
15	Lys Glu Asp Ile Asn Ala Val Glu Arg His Arg Ile Asp Leu Tyr Arg	
	195	200 205
	Ala Arg Asp Arg Tyr Ser Val Lys Leu Arg Met Leu Gly Asp Asp Pro	
20	210	215 220
	Ser Thr Arg Asn Ala Trp Pro His Glu Lys Asn Gln Ile Gly Phe Asn	
	225	230 235 240
25	Ser Asn Ser Leu Ser Ile Arg Gly Gly Asn Phe Val Gly Asn Tyr Gln	
	245	250 255
	Asn Lys Lys Val Glu Gly Lys Ala Gln Gly Ser Ser His Gly Leu Pro	
	260	265 270
30	Lys Lys Asp Ala Leu Ser Gly Ser Asp Ser Gln Ser Leu Asn Gln Ser	
	275	280 285
	Thr Val Ser Met Ala Arg Lys Lys Arg Ile His Ala Gln Phe Asn Asp	
35	290	295 300
	Leu Gln Glu Cys Tyr Leu Gln Lys Arg Arg Gln Leu Ala Asp Gln Pro	
	305	310 315 320
	Ser Asn Gly Leu Ala Asp Phe Gln Ser Val Leu Thr Thr Phe Thr Arg	
	340	345 350

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	355	360	365
	His Ser Ala Asn Ile Val Ser Ser Ile Glu Phe Asp Arg Asp Asp Glu		
	370	375	380
5	Leu Phe Ala Thr Ala Gly Val Ser Arg Cys Ile Lys Val Phe Asp Phe		
	385	390	395 400
	Ser Ser Val Val Asn Glu Pro Ala Asp Met Gln Cys Pro Ile Val Glu		
10	405	410	415
	Met Ser Thr Arg Ser Lys Leu Ser Cys Leu Ser Trp Asn Lys His Glu		
	420	425	430
15	Lys Asn His Ile Ala Ser Ser Asp Tyr Glu Gly Ile Val Thr Val Trp		
	435	440	445
	Asp Val Thr Thr Arg Gln Ser Leu Met Glu Thr Glu Glu Asn Glu Lys		
	450	455	460
20	Arg Ala Trp Ser Val Asp Phe Ser Arg Thr Glu Pro Ser Met Leu Val		
	465	470	475 480
	Ser Gly Ser Asp Asp Cys Lys Val Lys Val Trp Cys Thr Arg Gln Glu		
25	485	490	495
	Ala Ser Val Ile Asn Ile Asp Met Lys Ala Asn Ile Cys Cys Val Lys		
	500	505	510
30	Tyr Asn Pro Gly Ser Ser Asn Tyr Ile Ala Val Gly Ser Ala Asp His		
	515	520	525
	His Ile His Tyr Tyr Asp Leu Arg Asn Ile Ser Gln Pro Leu His Val		
	530	535	540
35	Phe Ser Gly His Lys Lys Ala Val Ser Tyr Met Lys Phe Leu Ser Asn		
	545	550	555 560
	Val Lys Asp Asn Leu Pro Val Arg Thr Phe Arg Gly His Thr Asn Glu		
	580	585	590

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Ser Glu Thr Thr Arg Tyr Val Tyr His Lys Glu Ile Thr Arg Pro Val
610 615 620

Thr Ser His Arg Phe Gly Ser Pro Asp Met Asp Asp Ala Glu Lys Arg
5 625 630 635 640

Gln Val Pro Thr Leu Leu Val Arg Phe Ala Gly Arg Val Ile Val Pro
645 650 655

10 Arg Cys

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:35:

15 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 440 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

20 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

25

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: CORO PROTEIN, Fig. 18

30 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:35:

Met Ser Lys Val Val Arg Ser Ser Lys Tyr Arg His Val Phe Ala Ala
1 5 10 15

Gln Pro Lys Lys Glu Glu Cys Tyr Gln Asn Leu Lys Thr Lys Ser Ala
20 25 30

Val Trp Asp Ser Asn Tyr Val Ala Ala Asn Thr Arg Tyr Ile Trp Asp
50 55 60

Lys Thr Thr Ser Val Pro Leu Phe Asn Gly His Lys Ser Ala Val Leu

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	Asp Ile Ala Phe His Pro Phe Asn Glu Asn Leu Val Gly Ser Val Ser	
	85	90 95
5	Glu Asp Cys Asn Ile Cys Ile Trp Gly Ile Pro Glu Gly Gly Leu Thr	
	100	105 110
	Asp Ser Ile Ser Thr Pro Leu Gln Thr Leu Ser Gly His Lys Arg Lys	
	115	120 125
10	Val Gly Thr Ile Ser Phe Gly Pro Val Ala Asp Asn Val Ala Val Thr	
	130	135 140
	Ser Ser Gly Asp Phe Leu Val Lys Thr Trp Asp Val Glu Gln Gly Lys	
	145	150 155 160
15	Asn Leu Thr Thr Val Glu Gly His Ser Asp Met Ile Thr Ser Cys Glu	
	165	170 175
	His Asn Gly Ser Gln Ile Val Thr Thr Cys Lys Asp Lys Lys Ala Arg	
20	180	185 190
	Val Phe Asp Pro Arg Thr Asn Ser Ile Val Asn Glu Val Val Cys His	
	195	200 205
25	Gln Gly Val Lys Asn Ser Arg Ala Ile Phe Ala Lys Asp Lys Val Ile	
	210	215 220
	Thr Val Gly Phe Ser Lys Thr Ser Glu Arg Glu Leu His Ile Tyr Asp	
	225	230 235 240
30	Pro Arg Ala Phe Thr Thr Pro Leu Ser Ala Gln Val Val Asp Ser Ala	
	245	250 255
	Ser Gly Leu Leu Met Pro Phe Tyr Asp Ala Asp Asn Ser Ile Leu Tyr	
35	260	265 270
	Leu Ala Gly Lys Gly Asp Gly Asn Ile Arg Tyr Tyr Glu Leu Val Asp	
	275	280 285
	Gln Arg Gly Leu Cys Phe Leu Pro Lys Arg Cys Leu Asn Thr Ser Glu	
	290	295 300 305

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	325	330	335
	Ile Ser Phe Arg Val Pro Arg Lys Ser Asp Ile Phe Gln Gly Asp Ile		
	340	345	350
5	Tyr Pro Asp Thr Tyr Ala Gly Glu Pro Ser Leu Thr Ala Glu Gln Trp		
	355	360	365
	Val Ser Gly Thr Asn Ala Glu Pro Lys Thr Val Ser Leu Ala Gly Gly		
10	370	375	380
	Phe Val Lys Lys Ala Ser Ala Val Glu Phe Lys Pro Val Val Gln Val		
	385	390	395
15	Gln Glu Gly Pro Lys Asn Glu Lys Glu Leu Arg Glu Glu Tyr Glu Lys		
	405	410	415
	Leu Lys Ile Arg Val Ala Tyr Leu Glu Ser Glu Ile Val Lys Lys Asp		
	420	425	430
20	Ala Lys Ile Lys Glu Leu Thr Asn		
	435	440	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:36:

25

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 445 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

30

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

35

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: Coronin (p55), Fig. 19

Met Ser Lys Val Val Arg Ser Ser Lys Tyr Arg His Val Phe Ala Ala

1

5

10

15

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	20	25	30
	Ala Trp Asp Ser Asn Tyr Val	Ala Ala Asn Thr Arg Tyr Phe Gly Val	
	35	40	45
5	Ile Trp Asp Ala Ala Gly Gly Gly Ser Phe Ala Val Ile Pro His Glu		
	50	55	60
	Ala Ser Gly Lys Thr Thr Ser Val Pro Leu Phe Asn Gly His Lys Ser		
10	65	70	75 80
	Ala Val Leu Asp Ile Ala Phe His Pro Phe Asn Glu Asn Leu Val Gly		
	85	90	95
15	Ser Val Ser Glu Asp Cys Asn Ile Cys Ile Trp Gly Ile Pro Glu Gly		
	100	105	110
	Gly Leu Thr Asp Ser Ile Ser Thr Pro Leu Gln Thr Leu Ser Gly His		
	115	120	125
20	Lys Arg Lys Val Gly Thr Ile Ser Phe Gly Pro Val Ala Asp Asn Val		
	130	135	140
	Ala Val Thr Ser Ser Gly Asp Phe Leu Val Lys Thr Trp Asp Val Glu		
25	145	150	155 160
	Gln Gly Lys Asn Leu Thr Thr Val Glu Gly His Ser Asp Met Ile Thr		
	165	170	175
30	Ser Cys Glu Trp Asn His Asn Gly Ser Gln Ile Val Thr Thr Cys Lys		
	180	185	190
	Asp Lys Lys Ala Arg Val Phe Asp Pro Arg Thr Asn Ser Ile Val Asn		
	195	200	205
35	Glu Val Val Cys His Gln Gly Val Lys Asn Ser Arg Ala Ile Phe Ala		
	210	215	220
	Leu His Ile Tyr Asp Pro Arg Ala Phe Thr Thr Pro Leu Ser Ala Gln		
	245	250	255

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	Asn Ser Ile Leu Tyr Leu Ala Gly Lys Gly Asp Gly Asn Ile Arg Tyr	
	275	280 285
5	Tyr Glu Leu Val Asp Glu Ser Pro Tyr Ile His Phe Leu Ser Glu Phe	
	290	295 300
	Lys Ser Ala Thr Pro Gln Arg Gly Leu Cys Phe Leu Pro Lys Arg Cys	
	305	310 315 320
10	Leu Asn Thr Ser Glu Cys Glu Ile Ala Arg Gly Leu Lys Val Thr Pro	
	325	330 335
	Phe Thr Val Glu Pro Ile Ser Phe Arg Val Pro Arg Lys Ser Asp Ile	
15	340	345 350
	Phe Gln Gly Asp Ile Tyr Pro Asp Thr Tyr Ala Gly Glu Pro Ser Leu	
	355	360 365
	Thr Ala Glu Gln Trp Val Ser Gly Thr Asn Ala Glu Pro Lys Thr Val	
20	370	375 380
	Ser Leu Ala Gly Gly Phe Val Lys Lys Ala Ser Ala Val Glu Phe Lys	
	385	390 395 400
25	Pro Val Val Gln Val Gln Glu Gly Pro Lys Asn Glu Lys Glu Leu Arg	
	405	410 415
	Glu Glu Tyr Glu Lys Leu Lys Ile Arg Val Ala Tyr Leu Glu Ser Glu	
30	420	425 430
	Ile Val Lys Lys Asp Ala Lys Ile Lys Glu Leu Thr Asn	
	435	440 445

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:37:

35

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 431 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

- 100 -

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: CSTF 50kDa, Fig. 20

5 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:37:

	Met	Tyr	Arg	Thr	Lys	Val	Gly	Leu	Lys	Asp	Arg	Gln	Gln	Leu	Tyr	Lys	
	1				5					10					15		
10	Leu	Ile	Ile	Ser	Gln	Leu	Leu	Tyr	Asp	Gly	Tyr	Ile	Ser	Ile	Ala	Asn	
				20					25					30			
	Gly	Leu	Ile	Asn	Glu	Ile	Lys	Pro	Gln	Ser	Val	Cys	Ala	Pro	Ser	Glu	
				35				40					45				
15	Gln	Leu	Leu	His	Leu	Ile	Lys	Leu	Gly	Met	Glu	Asn	Asp	Asp	Thr	Ala	
				50			55					60					
	Val	Gln	Tyr	Ala	Ile	Gly	Arg	Ser	Asp	Thr	Val	Ala	Pro	Gly	Thr	Gly	
20	65					70				75					80		
	Ile	Asp	Leu	Glu	Phe	Asp	Ala	Asp	Val	Gln	Thr	Met	Ser	Pro	Glu	Ala	
					85					90					95		
25	Ser	Glu	Tyr	Glu	Thr	Cys	Tyr	Val	Thr	Ser	His	Lys	Gly	Pro	Cys	Arg	
				100					105					110			
	Val	Ala	Thr	Tyr	Ser	Arg	Asp	Gly	Gln	Leu	Ile	Ala	Thr	Gly	Ser	Ala	
				115				120					125				
30	Asp	Ala	Ser	Ile	Lys	Ile	Leu	Asp	Thr	Glu	Arg	Met	Leu	Ala	Lys	Ser	
				130				135					140				
	Ala	Met	Pro	Ile	Glu	Val	Met	Met	Asn	Glu	Thr	Ala	Gln	Gln	Asn	Met	
35	145					150					155					160	
	Glu	Asn	His	Pro	Val	Ile	Arg	Thr	Leu	Tyr	Asp	His	Val	Asp	Glu	Val	
					165					170				175			
	Arg	Asp	Tyr	Thr	Leu	Lys	Leu	Phe	Asp	Tyr	Ser	Lys	Pro	Ser	Ala	Lys	
					195				200				205				

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	210	215	220
	Phe His Pro Ser Gly Asp Phe Ile Leu Val Gly Thr Gln His Pro Thr		
	225	230	235 240
5	Leu Arg Leu Tyr Asp Ile Asn Thr Phe Gln Cys Phe Val Ser Cys Asn		
	245	250	255
	Pro Gln Asp Gln His Thr Asp Ala Ile Cys Ser Val Asn Tyr Asn Ser		
10	260	265	270
	Ser Ala Asn Met Tyr Val Thr Gly Ser Lys Asp Gly Cys Ile Lys Leu		
	275	280	285
15	Trp Asp Gly Val Ser Asn Arg Cys Ile Thr Thr Phe Glu Lys Ala His		
	290	295	300
	Asp Gly Ala Glu Val Cys Ser Ala Ile Phe Ser Lys Asn Ser Lys Tyr		
20	305	310	315 320
	Ile Leu Ser Ser Gly Lys Asp Ser Val Ala Lys Leu Trp Glu Ile Ser		
	325	330	335
	Thr Gly Arg Thr Leu Val Arg Tyr Thr Gly Ala Gly Leu Ser Gly Arg		
25	340	345	350
	Gln Val His Arg Thr Gln Ala Val Phe Asn His Thr Glu Asp Tyr Val		
	355	360	365
30	Leu Leu Pro Asp Glu Arg Thr Ile Ser Leu Cys Cys Trp Asp Ser Arg		
	370	375	380
	Thr Ala Glu Arg Arg Asn Leu Leu Ser Leu Gly His Asn Asn Ile Val		
35	385	390	395 400
	Arg Cys Ile Val His Ser Pro Thr Asn Pro Gly Phe Met Thr Cys Ser		
	405	410	415

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:38:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

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(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

5 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

10 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: G-Beta 1 bovine, Fig. 21

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:38:

15 Met Ser Glu Leu Asp Gln Leu Arg Gln Glu Ala Glu Gln Leu Lys Asn
 1 5 10 15
 Gln Ile Arg Asp Ala Arg Lys Ala Cys Ala Asp Ala Thr Leu Ser Gln
 20 20 25 30
 Ile Thr Asn Asn Ile Asp Pro Val Gly Arg Ile Gln Met Arg Thr Arg
 35 40 45
 Arg Thr Leu Arg Gly His Leu Ala Lys Ile Tyr Ala Met His Trp Gly
 25 50 55 60
 Thr Asp Ser Arg Leu Leu Val Ser Ala Ser Gln Asp Gly Lys Leu Ile
 65 70 75 80
 30 Ile Trp Asp Ser Tyr Thr Thr Asn Lys Val His Ala Ile Pro Leu Arg
 85 90 95
 Ser Ser Trp Val Met Thr Cys Ala Tyr Ala Pro Ser Gly Asn Tyr Val
 100 105 110
 35 Ala Cys Gly Gly Leu Asp Asn Ile Cys Ser Ile Tyr Asn Leu Lys Thr
 115 120 125
 Tyr Leu Ser Cys Cys Arg Phe Leu Asp Asp Asn Gln Ile Val Thr Ser
 145 150 155 160

Thr Thr Thr Phe Thr Gly His Thr Gly Asp Val Met Ser Leu Ser Leu
180 185 190

	Ala	Pro	Asp	Thr	Arg	Leu	Phe	Val	Ser	Gly	Ala	Cys	Asp	Ala	Ser	Ala
5			195					200					205			

Lys Leu Trp Asp Val Arg Glu Gly Met Cys Arg Gln Thr Phe Thr Gly
210 215 220

10 His Glu Ser Asp Ile Asn Ala Ile Cys Phe Phe Pro Asn Gly Asn Ala
225 230 235 240

Phe Ala Thr Gly Ser Asp Asp Ala Thr Cys Arg Leu Phe Asp Leu Arg
245 250 255

15
Ala Asp Gln Glu Leu Met Thr Tyr Ser His Asp Asn Ile Ile Cys Gly
260 265 270

Ile Thr Ser Val Ser Phe Ser Lys Ser Gly Arg Leu Leu Leu Ala Gly
20 275 280 285

Tyr Asp Asp Phe Asn Cys Asn Val Trp Asp Ala Leu Lys Ala Asp Arg
290 295 300

25 Ala Gly Val Leu Ala Gly His Asp Asn Arg Val Ser Cys Leu Gly Val
305 310 315 320

Thr Asp Asp Gly Met Ala Val Ala Thr Gly Ser Trp Asp Ser Phe Leu
325 330 335

30
Lys Ile Trp Asn
340

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:39:

35

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 326 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

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(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: G-Beta- bovine (2), Fig. 22

5 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:39:

	Arg	Asn	Gln	Ile	Arg	Asp	Ala	Arg	Lys	Ala	Cys	Gly	Asp	Ser	Thr	Leu
	1				5					10					15	
10	Thr	Gln	Ile	Thr	Ala	Gly	Leu	Asp	Pro	Val	Gly	Arg	Ile	Gln	Met	Arg
				20					25					30		
	Thr	Arg	Arg	Thr	Leu	Arg	Gly	His	Leu	Ala	Lys	Ile	Tyr	Ala	Met	His
				35				40					45			
15	Trp	Gly	Thr	Asp	Ser	Arg	Leu	Leu	Val	Ser	Ala	Ser	Gln	Asp	Gly	Lys
		50					55						60			
	Leu	Ile	Ile	Trp	Asp	Ser	Glu	Gly	Asn	Val	Arg	Tyr	Thr	Thr	Asn	Lys
20		65				70					75				80	
	Val	His	Ala	Ile	Pro	Leu	Arg	Ser	Ser	Trp	Val	Met	Thr	Cys	Ala	Tyr
					85					90					95	
25	Ala	Pro	Ser	Gly	Asn	Phe	Val	Ala	Cys	Gly	Gly	Leu	Asp	Asn	Ile	Cys
				100						105					110	
	Ser	Ile	Tyr	Ser	Leu	Lys	Thr	Arg	Val	Ser	Arg	Glu	Leu	Pro	Gly	His
				115					120				125			
30	Thr	Gly	Tyr	Leu	Ser	Cys	Cys	Arg	Phe	Leu	Asp	Asp	Asn	Gln	Ile	Ile
				130					135				140			
	Thr	Ser	Ser	Gly	Asp	Thr	Thr	Cys	Ala	Leu	Trp	Asp	Ile	Glu	Thr	Gly
35		145				150					155				160	
	Gln	Gln	Thr	Val	Gly	Phe	Ala	Gly	His	Ser	Gly	Asp	Val	Met	Ser	Leu
				165						170					175	
	Ser	Ile	Lys	Leu	Trp	Asp	Val	Arg	Asp	Ser	Met	Cys	Arg	Gln	Thr	Phe
				195					200					205		

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	210	215	220
	Tyr Ala Phe Thr Thr Gly Ser Asp Asp Ala Thr Cys Arg Leu Phe Asp		
	225	230	235 240
5	Leu Arg Ala Asp Gln Glu Leu Leu Met Tyr Ser His Asp Asn Ile Ile		
	245	250	255
	Cys Gly Ile Thr Ser Val Ala Phe Ser Arg Ser Gly Arg Leu Leu Leu		
10	260	265	270
	Ala Gly Tyr Asp Asp Phe Asn Cys Asn Ile Trp Asp Ala Met Lys Gly		
	275	280	285
15	Asp Arg Ala Gly Val Leu Ala Gly His Asp Asn Arg Val Ser Cys Leu		
	290	295	300
	Gly Val Thr Asp Asp Gly Met Ala Val Ala Thr Gly Ser Trp Asp Ser		
	305	310	315 320
20	Phe Leu Lys Ile Trp Asn		
	325		

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:40:

25

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 340 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

30

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

35

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: G- BETA DROSOPH Fig 23

Met Asn Glu Leu Asp Ser Leu Arg Gln Glu Ala Glu Ser Leu Lys Asn

1 5 10 15

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	20	25	30
	Ala Ala Thr Ser Leu Glu Pro Ile Gly Arg Ile Gln Met Arg Thr Arg		
	35	40	45
5	Arg Thr Leu Arg Gly His Leu Ala Lys Ile Tyr Ala Met His Trp Gly		
	50	55	60
	Asn Asp Ser Arg Asn Leu Val Ser Ala Ser Gln Asp Gly Lys Leu Ile		
10	65	70	75 80
	Val Trp Asp Ser His Thr Thr Asn Lys Val His Ala Ile Pro Leu Arg		
	85	90	95
15	Ser Ser Trp Val Met Thr Cys Ala Tyr Ala Pro Ser Gly Ser Tyr Val		
	100	105	110
	Ala Cys Gly Gly Leu Asp Asn Met Cys Ser Ile Tyr Asn Leu Lys Thr		
	115	120	125
20	Arg Glu Gly Asn Val Arg Val Ser Arg Glu Leu Pro Gly His Gly Gly		
	130	135	140
	Tyr Leu Ser Cys Cys Arg Phe Leu Asp Asp Asn Gln Ile Val Thr Ser		
25	145	150	155 160
	Ser Gly Asp Met Ser Cys Gly Leu Trp Asp Ile Glu Thr Gly Leu Gln		
	165	170	175
30	Val Thr Ser Phe Leu Gly His Thr Gly Asp Val Met Ala Leu Ser Leu		
	180	185	190
	Ala Pro Gln Cys Lys Thr Phe Val Ser Gly Ala Cys Asp Ala Ser Ala		
	195	200	205
35	Lys Leu Trp Asp Ile Arg Glu Gly Val Cys Lys Gln Thr Phe Pro Gly		
	210	215	220
	Phe Ala Thr Gly Ser Asp Asp Ala Thr Cys Arg Leu Phe Asp Ile Arg		
	245	250	255

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Ile Thr Ser Val Ala Phe Ser Lys Ser Gly Arg Leu Leu Leu Ala Gly
 275 280 285

5 Tyr Asp Asp Phe Asn Cys Asn Val Trp Asp Thr Met Lys Ala Glu Arg
 290 295 300

Ser Gly Ile Leu Ala Gly His Asp Asn Arg Val Ser Cys Leu Gly Val
 305 310 315 320

10 Thr Glu Asn Gly Met Ala Val Ala Thr Gly Ser Trp Asp Ser Phe Leu
 325 330 335

Arg Val Trp Asn
 340

15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:41:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
- (A) LENGTH: 317 amino acids
- 20 (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- 25 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
- 30 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: G-BETA HUMAN, Fig. 24

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:41:

35 Met Thr Glu Gln Met Thr Leu Arg Gly Thr Leu Lys Gly His Asn Gly
 1 5 10 15

Trp Val Thr Gln Ile Ala Thr Thr Pro Gln Pro Pro Asn Met Ile Leu

35

40

45

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	Phe Val Ser Asp Val Val Ile Ser Ser Asp Gly Gln Phe Ala Leu Ser	
	65	80
		70
		75
5	Gly Ser Trp Asp Gly Thr Leu Arg Leu Trp Asp Leu Thr Thr Gly Thr	
	85	95
		90
	Thr Thr Arg Arg Phe Val Gly His Thr Lys Asp Val Leu Ser Val Ala	
	100	110
		105
10	Phe Ser Ser Asp Asn Arg Gln Ile Val Ser Gly Ser Arg Asp Lys Thr	
	115	125
		120
	Ile Lys Leu Trp Asn Thr Leu Gly Val Cys Lys Tyr Thr Val Gln Asp	
	130	140
		135
15	Glu Ser His Ser Glu Trp Val Ser Cys Val Arg Phe Ser Pro Asn Ser	
	145	160
		155
	Ser Asn Pro Ile Ile Val Ser Cys Gly Trp Asp Lys Leu Val Lys Val	
20	165	175
		170
	Trp Asn Leu Ala Asn Cys Lys Leu Lys Thr Asn His Ile Gly His Thr	
	180	190
		185
25	Gly Tyr Leu Asn Thr Val Thr Val Ser Pro Asp Gly Ser Leu Cys Ala	
	195	205
		200
	Ser Gly Gly Lys Asp Gly Gln Ala Met Leu Trp Asp Leu Asn Glu Gly	
	210	220
		215
30	Lys His Leu Tyr Thr Leu Asp Gly Gly Asp Ile Ile Asn Ala Leu Cys	
	225	240
		235
	Phe Ser Pro Asn Arg Tyr Trp Leu Cys Ala Ala Thr Gly Pro Ser Ile	
35	245	255
		250
	Lys Ile Trp Asp Leu Glu Gly Lys Ile Ile Val Asp Glu Leu Lys Gln	
	260	270
		265
	Leu Ala Trp Ser Ala Asp Gly Gln Thr Leu Phe Ala Gly Tyr Thr Asp	
	290	300
		295

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305

310

315

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:42:

5 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 340 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

10 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

15

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: G-Beta 2 (Human), Fig. 25

20 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:42:

Met Ser Glu Leu Glu Gln Leu Arg Gln Glu Ala Glu Gln Leu Arg Asn
 1 5 10 15

25 Gln Ile Arg Asp Ala Arg Lys Ala Cys Gly Asp Ser Thr Leu Thr Gln
 20 25 30

Ile Thr Ala Gly Leu Asp Pro Val Gly Arg Ile Gln Met Arg Thr Arg
 35 40 45

30

Arg Thr Leu Arg Gly His Leu Ala Lys Ile Tyr Ala Met His Trp Gly
 50 55 60

35 Thr Asp Ser Arg Leu Leu Val Ser Ala Ser Gln Asp Gly Lys Leu Ile
 65 70 75 80

Ile Trp Asp Ser Tyr Thr Thr Asn Lys Val His Ala Ile Pro Leu Arg
 85 90 95

Ala Cys Gly Gly Leu Asp Asn Ile Cys Ser Ile Tyr Ser Leu Lys Thr
 100 105 110 115

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	130	135	140
	Tyr Leu Ser Cys Cys Arg Phe Leu Asp Asp Asn Gln Ile Ile Thr Ser		
	145	150	155 160
5	Ser Gly Asp Thr Thr Cys Ala Leu Trp Asp Ile Glu Thr Gly Gln Gln		
	165	170	175
	Thr Val Gly Phe Ala Gly His Ser Gly Asp Val Met Ser Leu Ser Leu		
10	180	185	190
	Ala Pro Asp Gly Arg Thr Phe Val Ser Gly Ala Cys Asp Ala Ser Ile		
	195	200	205
15	Lys Leu Trp Asp Val Arg Asp Ser Met Cys Arg Gln Thr Phe Ile Gly		
	210	215	220
	His Glu Ser Asp Ile Asn Ala Val Ala Phe Phe Pro Asn Gly Tyr Ala		
20	225	230	235 240
	Phe Thr Thr Gly Ser Asp Asp Ala Thr Cys Arg Leu Phe Asp Leu Arg		
	245	250	255
	Ala Asp Gln Glu Leu Leu Met Tyr Ser His Asp Asn Ile Ile Cys Gly		
25	260	265	270
	Ile Thr Ser Val Ala Phe Ser Arg Ser Gly Arg Leu Leu Leu Ala Gly		
	275	280	285
30	Tyr Asp Asp Phe Asn Cys Asn Ile Trp Asp Ala Met Lys Gly Asp Arg		
	290	295	300
	Ala Gly Val Leu Ala Gly His Asp Asn Arg Val Ser Cys Leu Gly Val		
35	305	310	315 320
	Thr Asp Asp Gly Met Ala Val Ala Thr Gly Ser Trp Asp Ser Phe Leu		
	325	330	335

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:43:

SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 LENGTH: 335
 TYPE: amino acid

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(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

5 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

10 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: G-Beta 4 (mouse), Fig. 26

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:43:

15 Lys Lys Asx Glu Thr Asx Val Asn Met Gly Arg Tyr Thr Pro Arg Ile
1 5 10 15

Lys His Ile Lys Arg Pro Arg Arg Thr Asp Xaa Xaa Gly
20 25

20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:44:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 718 amino acids

25 (B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

30 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

35 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: GROUCHO PROTEIN DROSOPH, Fig. 27

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:44:

Gln Gly Pro Ile Lys Phe Thr Ile Ala Asp Thr Leu Glu Arg Ile Lys
20 25 30

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	35	40	45
	Cys Glu Lys Leu Ser Asn Glu Lys Thr Glu Met Gln Arg His Tyr Val		
	50	55	60
5	Met Tyr Tyr Glu Met Ser Tyr Gly Leu Asn Val Glu Met His Lys Gln		
	65	70	75 80
	Thr Glu Ile Ala Lys Arg Leu Asn Thr Leu Ile Asn Gln Leu Leu Pro		
10	85	90	95
	Phe Leu Gln Ala Asp His Gln Gln Gln Val Leu Gln Ala Val Glu Arg		
	100	105	110
15	Ala Lys Gln Val Thr Met Gln Glu Leu Asn Leu Ile Ile Gly Gln Gln		
	115	120	125
	Ile His Ala Gln Gln Val Pro Gly Gly Pro Pro Gln Pro Met Gly Ala		
20	130	135	140
	Leu Asn Pro Phe Gly Ala Leu Gly Ala Thr Met Gly Leu Pro His Gly		
	145	150	155 160
	Pro Gln Gly Leu Leu Asn Lys Pro Pro Glu His His Arg Pro Asp Ile		
25	165	170	175
	Lys Pro Thr Gly Leu Glu Gly Pro Ala Ala Ala Glu Glu Arg Leu Arg		
	180	185	190
30	Asn Ser Val Ser Pro Ala Asp Arg Glu Lys Tyr Arg Thr Arg Ser Pro		
	195	200	205
	Leu Asp Ile Glu Asn Asp Ser Lys Arg Arg Lys Asp Glu Lys Leu Gln		
35	210	215	220
	Glu Asp Glu Gly Glu Lys Ser Asp Gln Asp Leu Val Val Asp Val Ala		
	225	230	235 240
	Met Glu Val Arg Asp Arg Glu Ser Leu Asn Gly Glu Arg Leu Glu Lys		
	260	265	270

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	Ser Ser Ser Ser Arg Ser Thr Pro Ser Leu Lys Thr Lys Asp Met Glu
	290 295 300
5	Lys Pro Gly Thr Pro Gly Ala Lys Ala Arg Thr Pro Thr Pro Asn Ala
	305 310 315 320
	Ala Ala Pro Ala Pro Gly Val Asn Pro Lys Gln Met Met Pro Gln Gly
	325 330 335
10	Pro Pro Pro Ala Gly Tyr Pro Gly Ala Pro Tyr Gln Arg Pro Ala Asp
	340 345 350
	Pro Tyr Gln Arg Pro Pro Ser Asp Pro Ala Tyr Gly Arg Pro Pro Pro
	355 360 365
15	Met Pro Tyr Asp Pro His Ala His Val Arg Thr Asn Gly Ile Pro His
	370 375 380
20	Pro Ser Ala Leu Thr Gly Gly Lys Pro Ala Tyr Ser Phe His Met Asn
	385 390 395 400
	Gly Glu Gly Ser Leu Gln Pro Val Pro Phe Pro Pro Asp Ala Leu Val
	405 410 415
25	Gly Val Gly Ile Pro Arg His Ala Arg Gln Ile Asn Thr Leu Ser His
	420 425 430
	Gly Glu Val Val Cys Ala Val Thr Ile Ser Asn Pro Thr Lys Tyr Val
	435 440 445
30	Tyr Thr Gly Gly Lys Gly Cys Val Lys Val Trp Asp Ile Ser Gln Pro
	450 455 460
35	Gly Asn Lys Asn Pro Val Ser Gln Leu Asp Cys Leu Gln Arg Asp Asn
	465 470 475 480
	Tyr Ile Arg Ser Val Lys Leu Leu Pro Asp Gly Arg Thr Leu Ile Val
	485 490 495
	Pro Arg Ile Lys Ala Glu Leu Thr Ser Ala Ala Pro Ala Cys Tyr Ala
	515 520 525

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	530	535	540	
	Asn Ile Ala Val Trp Asp Leu His Asn Glu Ile Leu Val Arg Gln Phe			
	545	550	555	560
5	Gln Gly His Thr Asp Gly Ala Ser Cys Ile Asp Ile Ser Pro Asp Gly			
	565	570	575	
	Ser Arg Leu Trp Thr Gly Gly Leu Asp Asn Thr Val Arg Ser Trp Asp			
10	580	585	590	
	Leu Arg Glu Gly Arg Gln Leu Gln Gln His Asp Phe Ser Ser Gln Ile			
	595	600	605	
15	Phe Ser Leu Gly Tyr Cys Pro Thr Gly Asp Trp Leu Ala Val Gly Met			
	610	615	620	
	Glu Asn Ser His Val Glu Val Leu His Ala Ser Lys Pro Asp Lys Tyr			
	625	630	635	640
20	Gln Leu His Leu His Glu Ser Cys Val Leu Ser Leu Arg Phe Ala Ala			
	645	650	655	
	Cys Gly Lys Trp Phe Val Ser Thr Gly Lys Asp Asn Leu Leu Asn Ala			
25	660	665	670	
	Trp Arg Thr Pro Tyr Gly Ala Ser Ile Phe Gln Ser Lys Glu Thr Ser			
	675	680	685	
	Ser Val Leu Ser Cys Asp Ile Ser Thr Asp Asp Lys Tyr Ile Val Thr			
30	690	695	700	
	Gly Ser Gly Asp Lys Lys Ala Thr Val Tyr Glu Val Ile Tyr			
	705	710	715	
35				

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:45:

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

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(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: GTP binding protein (squid), Fig. 28

5

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:45:

Met Thr Ser Glu Leu Glu Ala Leu Arg Gln Glu Thr Glu Gln Leu Lys
 1 5 10 15
 10 Asn Gln Ile Arg Glu Ala Arg Lys Ala Ala Ala Asp Thr Thr Leu Ala
 20 25 30
 Met Ala Thr Ala Asn Val Glu Pro Val Gly Arg Ile Gln Met Arg Thr
 15 35 40 45
 Arg Arg Thr Leu Arg Gly His Leu Ala Lys Ile Tyr Ala Met His Trp
 50 55 60
 20 Ala Ser Asp Ser Arg Asn Leu Val Ser Ala Ser Gln Asp Gly Lys Leu
 65 70 75 80
 Ile Val Trp Asp Gly Tyr Thr Thr Asn Lys Val His Ala Ile Pro Leu
 85 90 95
 25 Arg Ser Ser Trp Val Met Thr Cys Ala Tyr Ala Pro Ser Gly Asn Tyr
 100 105 110
 Val Ala Cys Gly Gly Leu Asp Asn Ile Cys Ser Ile Tyr Ser Leu Lys
 30 115 120 125
 Thr Arg Glu Gly Asn Val Arg Val Ser Arg Glu Leu Pro Gly His Thr
 130 135 140
 35 Gly Tyr Leu Ser Cys Cys Arg Phe Ile Asp Asp Asn Gln Ile Val Thr
 145 150 155 160
 Ser Ser Gly Asp Met Thr Cys Ala Leu Trp Asn Ile Glu Thr Gly Asn
 180 185 190
 Leu Ala Pro Asp Met Arg Thr Phe Val Ser Gly Ala Cys Asp Ala Ser

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	Ala	Lys	Leu	Phe	Asp	Ile	Arg	Asp	Gly	Ile	Cys	Lys	Gln	Thr	Phe	Thr
	210						215					220				
5	Gly	His	Glu	Ser	Asp	Ile	Asn	Ala	Ile	Thr	Tyr	Phe	Pro	Asn	Gly	Phe
	225					230					235				240	
	Ala	Phe	Ala	Thr	Gly	Ser	Asp	Asp	Ala	Thr	Cys	Arg	Leu	Phe	Asp	Ile
					245					250				255		
10	Arg	Ala	Asp	Gln	Glu	Ile	Gly	Met	Tyr	Ser	His	Asp	Asn	Ile	Ile	Cys
				260					265				270			
	Gly	Ile	Thr	Ser	Val	Ala	Phe	Ser	Lys	Ser	Gly	Arg	Leu	Leu	Leu	Gly
15			275					280				285				
	Gly	Tyr	Asp	Asp	Phe	Asn	Cys	Asn	Val	Trp	Asp	Val	Leu	Lys	Gln	Glu
	290					295					300					
	Arg	Ala	Gly	Val	Leu	Ala	Gly	His	Asp	Asn	Arg	Val	Ser	Cys	Leu	Gly
20	305					310				315					320	
	Val	Thr	Glu	Asp	Gly	Met	Ala	Val	Ala	Thr	Gly	Ser	Trp	Asp	Ser	Phe
				325						330				335		
25	Leu	Lys	Ile	Trp	Asn											
				340												

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:46:

- 30 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
- (A) LENGTH: 410 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown
- 35 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: IEF SSP 9306, Fig. 29

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	Met	Ala	Asp	Lys	Glu	Ala	Ala	Phe	Asp	Asp	Ala	Val	Glu	Glu	Arg	Val	
	1				5					10					15		
5	Ile	Asn	Glu	Glu	Tyr	Lys	Ile	Trp	Lys	Lys	Asn	Thr	Pro	Phe	Leu	Tyr	
				20					25					30			
	Asp	Leu	Val	Met	Thr	His	Ala	Leu	Glu	Trp	Pro	Ser	Leu	Thr	Ala	Gln	
			35						40					45			
10	Trp	Leu	Pro	Asp	Val	Thr	Arg	Pro	Glu	Gly	Lys	Asp	Phe	Ser	Ile	His	
		50					55					60					
	Arg	Leu	Val	Leu	Gly	Thr	His	Thr	Ser	Asp	Glu	Gln	Asn	His	Leu	Val	
	65					70					75				80		
15	Ile	Ala	Ser	Val	Gln	Leu	Pro	Asn	Asp	Asp	Ala	Gln	Phe	Asp	Ala	Ser	
					85					90					95		
	His	Tyr	Asp	Ser	Glu	Lys	Gly	Glu	Phe	Gly	Gly	Phe	Gly	Ser	Val	Ser	
20				100					105					110			
	Gly	Lys	Ile	Glu	Ile	Glu	Ile	Lys	Ile	Asn	His	Glu	Gly	Glu	Val	Asn	
			115					120					125				
25	Arg	Ala	Arg	Tyr	Met	Pro	Gln	Asn	Pro	Cys	Ile	Ile	Ala	Thr	Lys	Thr	
		130					135						140				
	Pro	Ser	Ser	Asp	Val	Leu	Val	Phe	Asp	Tyr	Thr	Lys	His	Pro	Ser	Lys	
	145					150					155				160		
30	Pro	Asp	Pro	Ser	Gly	Glu	Cys	Asn	Pro	Asp	Leu	Arg	Leu	Arg	Gly	His	
					165					170					175		
	Gln	Lys	Glu	Gly	Tyr	Gly	Leu	Ser	Trp	Asn	Pro	Asn	Leu	Ser	Gly	His	
35				180					185					190			
	Leu	Leu	Ser	Ala	Ser	Asp	Asp	His	Thr	Ile	Cys	Leu	Trp	Asp	Ile	Ser	
			195					200					205				
	Gly	His	Thr	Ala	Val	Val	Glu	Asp	Val	Ser	Trp	His	Leu	Leu	His	Glu	
	225					230					235				240		

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	245	250	255
	Thr Arg Ser Asn Asn Thr Ser Lys Pro Ser His Ser Val Asp Ala His		
	260	265	270
5	Thr Ala Glu Val Asn Cys Leu Ser Phe Asn Pro Tyr Ser Glu Phe Ile		
	275	280	285
	Leu Ala Thr Gly Ser Ala Asp Lys Thr Val Ala Leu Trp Asp Leu Arg		
10	290	295	300
	Asn Leu Lys Leu Lys Leu His Ser Phe Glu Ser His Lys Asp Glu Ile		
	305	310	315 320
15	Phe Gln Val Gln Trp Ser Pro His Asn Glu Thr Ile Leu Ala Ser Ser		
	325	330	335
	Gly Thr Asp Arg Arg Leu Asn Val Trp Asp Leu Ser Lys Ile Gly Glu		
20	340	345	350
	Glu Gln Ser Pro Glu Asp Ala Glu Asp Gly Pro Pro Glu Leu Leu Phe		
	355	360	365
	Ile His Gly Gly His Thr Ala Lys Ile Ser Asp Phe Ser Trp Asn Pro		
25	370	375	380
	Asn Glu Pro Trp Val Ile Cys Ser Val Ser Glu Asp Asn Ile Met Gln		
	385	390	395 400
30	Val Trp Gln Met Glu Leu Val Leu Asp His		
	405	410	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:47:

- 35 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
- (A) LENGTH: 317 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

ORIGINAL SOURCE

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(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: HUMAN 12.3, Fig. 30

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:47:

5 Met Thr Glu Gln Met Thr Leu Arg Gly Thr Leu Lys Gly His Asn Gly
1 5 10 15

Trp Val Thr Gln Ile Ala Thr Thr Pro Gln Phe Pro Asp Met Ile Leu
10 20 25 30

Ser Ala Ser Arg Asp Lys Thr Ile Ile Met Trp Lys Leu Thr Arg Asp
35 40 45

15 Glu Thr Asn Tyr Gly Ile Pro Gln Arg Ala Leu Arg Gly His Ser His
50 55 60

Phe Val Ser Asp Val Val Ile Ser Ser Asp Gly Gln Phe Ala Leu Ser
65 70 75 80

20 Gly Ser Trp Asp Gly Thr Leu Arg Leu Trp Asp Leu Thr Thr Gly Thr
85 90 95

Thr Thr Arg Arg Phe Val Gly His Thr Lys Asp Val Leu Ser Val Ala
25 100 105 110

Phe Ser Ser Asp Asn Arg Gln Ile Val Ser Gly Ser Arg Asp Lys Thr
115 120 125

30 Ile Lys Leu Trp Asn Thr Leu Gly Val Cys Lys Tyr Thr Val Gln Asp
130 135 140

Glu Ser His Ser Glu Trp Val Ser Cys Val Arg Phe Ser Pro Asn Ser
145 150 155 160

35 Ser Asn Pro Ile Ile Val Ser Cys Gly Trp Asp Lys Leu Val Lys Val
165 170 175

Gly Tyr Leu Asn Thr Val Thr Val Ser Pro Asp Gly Ser Leu Cys Ala
195 200 205

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Lys His Leu Tyr Thr Leu Asp Gly Gly Asp Ile Ile Asn Ala Leu Cys
 225 230 235 240
 Phe Ser Pro Asn Arg Tyr Trp Leu Cys Ala Ala Thr Gly Pro Ser Ile
 5 245 250 255
 Lys Ile Trp Asp Leu Glu Gly Lys Ile Ile Val Asp Glu Leu Lys Gln
 260 265 270
 Glu Val Ile Ser Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Glu Pro Pro Gln Cys Thr Ser
 10 275 280 285
 Leu Ala Trp Ser Ala Asp Gly Gln Thr Leu Phe Ala Gly Tyr Thr Asp
 290 295 300
 15 Asn Leu Val Arg Val Trp Gln Val Thr Ile Gly Thr Arg
 305 310 315

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:48:

20

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 425 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

25

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

30

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: IEF -7442 - human, Fig. 31

35

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:48:

Met Ala Ser Lys Glu Met Phe Glu Asp Thr Val Glu Glu Arg Val Ile

20

25

30

Leu Val Met Thr His Ala Leu Gln Tyr Pro Ser Thr Thr Met Thr

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	Leu Pro Glu Val Thr Lys Pro Glu Gly Lys Asp Tyr Ala Leu His Trp
	50 55 60
5	Leu Val Leu Gly Thr His Thr Ser Asp Glu Gln Asn His Leu Val Val
	65 70 75 80
	Ala Arg Val His Ile Pro Asn Asp Asp Ala Gln Phe Asp Ala Ser His
	85 90 95
10	Cys Asp Ser Asp Lys Gly Glu Phe Gly Gly Phe Gly Ser Val Thr Gly
	100 105 110
	Lys Ile Glu Cys Glu Ile Lys Ile Asn His Glu Gly Glu Val Asn Arg
	115 120 125
15	Ala Arg Tyr Met Pro Gln Asn Pro His Ile Ile Ala Thr Lys Thr Pro
	130 135 140
	Ser Ser Asp Val Leu Val Phe Asp Tyr Thr Lys His Pro Ala Lys Pro
20	145 150 155 160
	Asp Pro Ser Gly Glu Cys Asn Pro Asp Leu Arg Leu Arg Gly His Gln
	165 170 175
25	Lys Glu Gly Tyr Gly Leu Ser Trp Asn Ser Asn Leu Ser Gly His Leu
	180 185 190
	Leu Ser Ala Ser Asp Asp His Thr Val Cys Leu Trp Asp Ile Asn Ala
	195 200 205
30	Gly Pro Lys Glu Gly Lys Ile Val Asp Ala Lys Ala Ile Phe Thr Gly
	210 215 220
	His Ser Ala Val Val Glu Asp Val Ala Trp His Leu Leu His Glu Ser
35	225 230 235 240
	Leu Phe Gly Ser Val Ala Asp Asp Gln Lys Leu Met Ile Trp Asp Thr
	245 250 255
	Ala Glu Val Asn Cys Leu Ser Phe Asn Pro Tyr Ser Glu Phe Ile Leu
	265 270 275

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	290	295	300
	Leu Lys Leu Lys Leu His Thr Phe Glu Ser His Lys Asp Glu Ile Phe		
	305	310	315 320
5	Gln Val His Trp Ser Pro His Asn Glu Thr Ile Leu Ala Ser Ser Gly		
		325	330 335
	Thr Asp Arg Arg Leu Asn Val Trp Asp Leu Ser Lys Ile Gly Glu Glu		
10		340	345 350
	Gln Ser Ala Glu Asp Ala Glu Asp Gly Pro Pro Glu Leu Leu Phe Ile		
		355	360 365
15	His Gly Gly His Thr Ala Lys Ile Ser Asp Phe Ser Trp Asn Pro Asn		
		370	375 380
	Glu Pro Trp Val Ile Cys Ser Val Ser Glu Asp Asn Ile Met Gln Ile		
		385	390 395 400
20	Trp Gln Met Ala Glu Asn Ile Tyr Asn Asp Glu Glu Ser Asp Val Thr		
		405	410 415
	Thr Ser Glu Leu Glu Gly Gln Gly Ser		
25		420	425

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:49:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

30 (A) LENGTH: 605 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

35

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

protein complex, Fig. 32

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:49:

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	1		5		10		15									
	Trp	Val	Ala	Leu	Gly	Pro	Arg	Ser	Leu	Glu	Gly	Ala	Asp	Pro	Gly	Thr
				20					25						30	
5	Pro	Gly	Glu	Ala	Glu	Gly	Pro	Ala	Cys	Pro	Ala	Ala	Cys	Val	Cys	Ser
			35					40					45			
	Tyr	Asp	Asp	Asp	Ala	Asp	Glu	Leu	Ser	Val	Phe	Cys	Ser	Ser	Arg	Asn
10		50					55					60				
	Leu	Thr	Arg	Leu	Pro	Asp	Gly	Val	Pro	Gly	Gly	Thr	Gln	Ala	Leu	Trp
	65					70					75				80	
15	Leu	Asp	Gly	Asn	Asn	Leu	Ser	Ser	Val	Pro	Pro	Ala	Ala	Phe	Gln	Asn
				85						90					95	
	Leu	Ser	Ser	Leu	Gly	Phe	Leu	Asn	Leu	Gln	Gly	Gly	Gln	Leu	Gly	Ser
20				100					105					110		
	Leu	Glu	Pro	Gln	Ala	Leu	Leu	Gly	Leu	Glu	Asn	Leu	Cys	His	Leu	His
				115				120					125			
	Leu	Glu	Arg	Asn	Gln	Leu	Arg	Ser	Leu	Ala	Leu	Gly	Thr	Phe	Ala	His
25		130					135					140				
	Thr	Pro	Ala	Leu	Ala	Ser	Leu	Gly	Leu	Ser	Asn	Asn	Arg	Leu	Ser	Arg
	145					150					155				160	
30	Leu	Glu	Asp	Gly	Leu	Phe	Glu	Gly	Leu	Gly	Ser	Leu	Trp	Asp	Leu	Asn
				165						170				175		
	Leu	Gly	Trp	Asn	Ser	Leu	Ala	Val	Leu	Pro	Asp	Ala	Ala	Phe	Arg	Gly
				180					185					190		
35	Leu	Gly	Ser	Leu	Arg	Glu	Leu	Val	Leu	Ala	Gly	Asn	Arg	Leu	Ala	Tyr
				195				200					205			
	Leu	Ser	Arg	Asn	Ala	Leu	Arg	Ala	Ile	Lys	Ala	Asn	Val	Phe	Val	Gln
	225					230					235				240	

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[illegible]

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	500	505	510
	Leu Arg Asn Asn Ser Leu Arg Thr Phe Thr Pro Gln Pro Pro Gly Leu		
	515	520	525
5	Glu Arg Leu Trp Leu Glu Gly Asn Pro Trp Asp Cys Gly Cys Pro Leu		
	530	535	540
	Lys Ala Leu Arg Asp Phe Ala Leu Gln Asn Pro Ser Ala Val Pro Arg		
10	545	550	555 560
	Phe Val Gln Ala Ile Cys Glu Gly Asp Asp Cys Gln Pro Pro Ala Tyr		
	565	570	575
15	Thr Tyr Asn Asn Ile Thr Cys Ala Ser Pro Pro Glu Val Val Gly Leu		
	580	585	590
	Asp Leu Arg Asp Leu Ser Glu Ala His Phe Ala Pro Cys		
20	595	600	605

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:50:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
- (A) LENGTH: 603 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
- (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: Insulin-like growth factor bind. pro. complex-rat, Fig. 33
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:50:

Trp Val Ala Leu Gly Pro Cys His Leu Gln Gly Thr Asp Pro Gly Ala
20 25 30

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	35	40	45
	His Asp Asp Tyr Thr Asp Glu Leu Ser Val Phe Cys Ser Ser Lys Asn		
	50	55	60
5	Leu Thr His Leu Pro Asp Asp Ile Pro Val Ser Thr Arg Ala Leu Trp		
	65	70	75 80
	Leu Asp Gly Asn Asn Leu Ser Ser Ile Pro Ser Ala Ala Phe Gln Asn		
10	85	90	95
	Leu Ser Ser Leu Asp Phe Leu Asn Leu Gln Gly Ser Trp Leu Arg Ser		
	100	105	110
15	Leu Glu Pro Gln Ala Leu Leu Gly Leu Gln Asn Leu Tyr Tyr Leu His		
	115	120	125
	Leu Glu Arg Asn Arg Leu Arg Asn Leu Ala Val Gly Leu Phe Thr His		
	130	135	140
20	Thr Pro Ser Leu Ala Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Ser Asn Leu Leu Gly Arg		
	145	150	155 160
	Leu Glu Glu Gly Leu Phe Gln Gly Leu Ser His Leu Trp Asp Leu Asn		
25	165	170	175
	Leu Gly Trp Asn Ser Leu Val Val Leu Pro Asp Thr Val Phe Gln Gly		
	180	185	190
30	Leu Gly Asn Leu His Glu Leu Val Leu Ala Gly Asn Lys Leu Thr Tyr		
	195	200	205
	Leu Gln Pro Ala Leu Phe Cys Gly Leu Gly Glu Leu Arg Glu Leu Asp		
	210	215	220
35	Leu Ser Arg Asn Ala Leu Arg Ser Val Lys Ala Asn Val Phe Val His		
	225	230	235 240
	Val Ala Pro Gly Ala Phe Leu Gly Met Lys Ala Leu Arg Trp Leu Asp		
	260	265	270

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	Leu Leu Gly Leu His Val Leu Arg Leu Ala His Asn Ala Ile Ala Ser
	290 295 300
5	Leu Arg Pro Arg Thr Phe Lys Asp Leu His Phe Leu Glu Glu Leu Gln
	305 310 315 320
	Leu Gly His Asn Arg Ile Arg Gln Leu Gly Glu Arg Thr Phe Glu Gly
	325 330 335
10	Leu Gly Gln Leu Glu Val Leu Thr Leu Asn Asp Asn Gln Ile Thr Glu
	340 345 350
	Val Arg Val Gly Ala Phe Ser Gly Leu Phe Asn Val Ala Val Met Asn
	355 360 365
15	Leu Ser Gly Asn Cys Leu Arg Ser Leu Pro Glu Arg Val Phe Gln Gly
	370 375 380
20	Leu Asp Lys Leu His Ser Leu His Leu Glu His Ser Cys Leu Gly His
	385 390 395 400
	Val Arg Leu His Thr Phe Ala Gly Leu Ser Gly Leu Arg Arg Leu Phe
	405 410 415
25	Leu Arg Asp Asn Ser Ile Ser Ser Ile Glu Glu Gln Ser Leu Ala Gly
	420 425 430
	Leu Ser Glu Leu Leu Glu Leu Asp Leu Thr Thr Asn Arg Leu Thr His
	435 440 445
30	Leu Pro Arg Gln Leu Phe Gln Gly Leu Gly His Leu Glu Tyr Leu Leu
	450 455 460
	Leu Ser Tyr Asn Gln Leu Thr Thr Leu Ser Ala Glu Val Leu Gly Pro
35	465 470 475 480
	Leu Gln Arg Ala Phe Trp Leu Asp Ile Ser His Asn His Leu Glu Thr
	485 490 495
	Leu Arg Asn Asn Ser Leu Gln Thr Phe Ser Pro Gln Pro Gly Leu Glu
	515 520 525

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530 535 540

Ala Leu Arg Asp Phe Ala Leu Gln Asn Pro Gly Val Val Pro Arg Phe
 545 550 555 560

5 Val Gln Thr Val Cys Glu Gly Asp Asp Cys Gln Pro Val Tyr Thr Tyr
 565 570 575

Asn Asn Ile Thr Cys Ala Gly Pro Ala Asn Val Ser Gly Leu Asp Leu
 10 580 585 590

Arg Asp Val Ser Glu Thr His Phe Val His Cys
 595 600

15 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:51:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 409 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 20 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

25

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

30

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: LIS1 (human), Fig. 34

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:51:

Met Val Leu Ser Gln Arg Gln Arg Asp Glu Leu Asn Arg Ala Ile Ala
 35 1 5 10 15

Asp Tyr Leu Arg Ser Asn Gly Tyr Glu Glu Ala Tyr Ser Val Phe Lys
 20 25 30

Gly Leu Leu Glu Lys Lys Trp Thr Ser Val Ile Arg Leu Gln Lys Lys
 35 40 45 50

Val Met Val Leu Ser Gln Arg Gln Arg Asp Glu Leu Asn Arg Ala Ile Ala
 55 60 65 70 75 80 85 90 95 100

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	65		70		75		80
	Ser Gly Gly Pro Leu Gly Gln Lys Arg Asp Pro Lys Glu Trp Ile Pro						
		85		90		95	
5	Arg Pro Pro Glu Lys Tyr Ala Leu Ser Gly His Arg Ser Pro Val Thr						
		100		105		110	
	Arg Val Ile Phe His Pro Val Phe Ser Val Met Val Ser Ala Ser Glu						
10		115		120		125	
	Asp Ala Thr Ile Lys Val Trp Asp Tyr Glu Thr Gly Asp Phe Glu Arg						
		130		135		140	
15	Thr Leu Lys Gly His Thr Asp Ser Val Gln Asp Ile Ser Phe Asp His						
		145		150		155	160
	Ser Gly Lys Leu Leu Ala Ser Cys Ser Ala Asp Met Thr Ile Lys Leu						
		165		170		175	
20	Trp Asp Phe Gln Gly Phe Glu Cys Ile Arg Thr Met His Gly His Asp						
		180		185		190	
	His Asn Val Ser Ser Val Ala Ile Met Pro Asn Gly Asp His Ile Val						
25		195		200		205	
	Ser Ala Ser Arg Asp Lys Thr Ile Lys Met Trp Glu Val Gln Thr Gly						
		210		215		220	
30	Tyr Cys Val Lys Thr Phe Thr Gly His Arg Glu Trp Val Arg Met Val						
		225		230		235	240
	Arg Pro Asn Gln Asp Gly Thr Leu Ile Ala Ser Cys Ser Asn Asp Gln						
		245		250		255	
35	Thr Val Arg Val Trp Val Val Ala Thr Lys Glu Cys Lys Ala Glu Leu						
		260		265		270	
	Ser Tyr Ser Ser Ile Ser Glu Ala Thr Gly Ser Glu Thr Lys Lys Ser						
		290		295		300	

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Met Trp Asp Val Ser Thr Gly Met Cys Leu Met Thr Leu Val Gly His
 325 330 335

Asp Asn Trp Val Arg Gly Val Leu Phe His Ser Gly Gly Lys Phe Ile
 5 340 345 350

Leu Ser Cys Ala Asp Asp Lys Thr Leu Arg Val Trp Asp Tyr Lys Asn
 355 360 365

Lys Arg Cys Met Lys Thr Leu Asn Ala His Glu His Phe Val Thr Ser
 10 370 375 380

Leu Asp Phe His Lys Thr Ala Pro Tyr Val Val Thr Gly Ser Val Asp
 385 390 395 400

Gln Thr Val Lys Val Trp Glu Cys Arg
 15 405

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:52:

20

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 422 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

25

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

30

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: MD6, Fig. 35

35

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:52:

Met Glu Arg Lys Asp Phe Glu Thr Trp Leu Asn Asn Ile Ser Val Thr

20

25

30

Ile Ser Leu Ser Glu Ala Val Gln Leu Arg His Leu Ser Asp Asp Leu

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	Glu Thr Leu Leu Lys Arg Asp Phe Leu Lys Leu Leu Pro Leu Glu Leu
	50 55 60
5	Ser Phe Tyr Leu Leu Lys Trp Leu Asp Pro Gln Thr Leu Leu Thr Cys
	65 70 75 80
	Cys Leu Val Ser Lys Gln Arg Asn Lys Val Ile Ser Ala Cys Thr Glu
	85 90 95
10	Val Trp Gln Thr Ala Cys Lys Asn Leu Gly Trp Gln Ile Asp Asp Ser
	100 105 110
	Val Gln Asp Ser Leu His Trp Lys Lys Val Tyr Leu Lys Ala Ile Leu
	115 120 125
15	Arg Met Lys Gln Leu Glu Asp His Glu Ala Phe Glu Thr Ser Ser Leu
	130 135 140
	Ile Gly His Ser Ala Arg Val Tyr Ala Leu Tyr Tyr Lys Asp Gly Leu
20	145 150 155 160
	Leu Cys Thr Gly Ser Asp Asp Leu Ser Ala Lys Leu Trp Asp Val Ser
	165 170 175
25	Thr Gly Gln Cys Val Tyr Gly Ile Gln Thr His Thr Cys Ala Ala Val
	180 185 190
	Lys Phe Asp Glu Gln Lys Leu Val Thr Gly Ser Phe Asp Asn Thr Val
	195 200 205
30	Ala Cys Trp Glu Trp Ser Ser Gly Ala Arg Thr Gln His Phe Arg Gly
	210 215 220
	His Thr Gly Ala Val Phe Ser Val Asp Tyr Ser Asp Glu Leu Asp Ile
35	225 230 235 240
	Leu Val Ser Gly Ser Ala Asp Phe Ala Val Lys Val Trp Ala Leu Ser
	245 250 255
	Lys Val Val Leu Gln Lys Cys Lys Val Lys Ser Leu Leu His Ser Pro
	275 280 285

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	290	295	300
	Pro Ile Gly Arg Glu Ile Asn Cys Lys Cys Leu Lys Thr Leu Ser Val		
	305	310	315 320
5	Ser Glu Asp Arg Ser Ile Cys Leu Gln Pro Arg Leu His Phe Asp Gly		
	325	330	335
	Lys Tyr Ile Val Cys Ser Ser Ala Leu Gly Leu Tyr Gln Trp Asp Phe		
10	340	345	350
	Ala Ser Tyr Asp Ile Leu Arg Val Ile Lys Thr Pro Glu Val Ala Asn		
	355	360	365
15	Leu Ala Leu Leu Gly Phe Gly Asp Val Phe Ala Leu Leu Phe Asp Asn		
	370	375	380
	His Tyr Leu Tyr Ile Met Asp Leu Arg Thr Glu Ser Leu Ile Ser Arg		
	385	390	395 400
20	Trp Pro Leu Pro Glu Tyr Arg Lys Ser Lys Arg Gly Thr Ser Phe Leu		
	405	410	415
	Ala Gly Glu Arg Pro Gly		
25	420		

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:53:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 30 (A) LENGTH: 422 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

35

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:53:

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	1		5		10		15									
	Ile	Asp	Leu	Gln	Glu	Arg	Tyr	Ser	His	Trp	Lys	Lys	Asn	Thr	Lys	Leu
			20					25					30			
5																
	Leu	Tyr	Asp	Tyr	Leu	Asn	Thr	Asn	Ser	Thr	Lys	Trp	Pro	Ser	Leu	Thr
			35					40					45			
10	Cys	Gln	Phe	Phe	Pro	Asp	Leu	Asp	Thr	Thr	Ser	Asp	Glu	His	Arg	Ile
		50					55					60				
	Leu	Leu	Ser	Ser	Phe	Thr	Ser	Ser	Gln	Lys	Pro	Glu	Asp	Glu	Thr	Ile
	65					70					75				80	
15	Tyr	Ile	Ser	Lys	Ile	Ser	Thr	Leu	Gly	His	Ile	Lys	Trp	Ser	Ser	Leu
						85					90				95	
	Asn	Asn	Phe	Asp	Met	Asp	Glu	Met	Glu	Phe	Lys	Pro	Glu	Asn	Ser	Thr
						100					105				110	
20																
	Arg	Phe	Pro	Ser	Lys	His	Leu	Val	Asn	Asp	Ile	Ser	Ile	Phe	Phe	Pro
						115				120				125		
	Asn	Gly	Glu	Cys	Asn	Arg	Ala	Arg	Tyr	Leu	Pro	Gln	Asn	Pro	Asp	Ile
25			130				135					140				
	Ile	Ala	Gly	Ala	Ser	Ser	Asp	Gly	Ala	Ile	Tyr	Ile	Phe	Asp	Arg	Thr
	145						150				155				160	
30	Lys	His	Gly	Ser	Thr	Arg	Ile	Arg	Gln	Ser	Lys	Ile	Ser	His	Pro	Phe
						165					170				175	
	Glu	Thr	Lys	Leu	Phe	Gly	Ser	His	Gly	Val	Ile	Gln	Asp	Val	Glu	Ala
						180				185				190		
35																
	Met	Asp	Thr	Ser	Ser	Ala	Asp	Ile	Asn	Glu	Ala	Thr	Ser	Leu	Ala	Trp
						195				200				205		
	Val	Gln	Val	Trp	Asp	Ile	Lys	Gln	Tyr	Ser	His	Glu	Asn	Pro	Ile	Ile
	225						230					235			240	

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Val Thr Trp Met Pro Thr His Asp Ser Leu Phe Ala Ala Cys Thr Glu
260 265 270

Gly Asn Ala Val Ser Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Thr Lys Lys Glu Lys Leu
5 275 280 285

Gln Ser Asn Arg Glu Lys His Asp Gly Gly Val Asn Ser Cys Arg Phe
290 295 300

Asn Tyr Lys Asn Ser Leu Ile Leu Ala Ser Ala Asp Ser Asn Gly Arg
10 305 310 315 320

Leu Asn Leu Trp Asp Ile Arg Asn Met Asn Lys Ser Pro Ile Ala Thr
15 325 330 335

Met Glu His Gly Thr Ser Val Ser Thr Leu Glu Trp Ser Pro Asn Phe
340 345 350

Asp Thr Val Leu Ala Thr Ala Gly Gln Glu Asp Gly Leu Val Lys Leu
20 355 360 365

Trp Asp Thr Ser Cys Glu Glu Thr Ile Phe Thr His Gly Gly His Met
370 375 380

Leu Gly Val Asn Asp Ile Ser Trp Asp Ala His Asp Pro Trp Leu Met
25 385 390 395 400

Cys Ser Val Ala Asn Asp Asn Ser Val His Ile Trp Lys Pro Ala Gly
30 405 410 415

Asn Leu Val Gly His Ser
420

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:54:

35

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 816 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

- 135 -

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: MUS MUSCULUS PROTEIN, Fig. 37

5 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:54:

```

Phe Arg Met Asp Asn Ala Ser Thr Arg Ile Asp Glu Arg Phe Arg Ile
1           5           10           15

Asp Ala Tyr Ala Asn Ala Arg Tyr Pro Met Pro Arg Thr Glu Ile Asn
10          20          25          30

Ser Glu Gln Glu Asn Cys Glu Asn Thr Ile Thr Leu Glu Asp Ser Glu
15          35          40          45

Gln Glu Asn Cys Glu Ala Ala Cys Met Pro Leu Glu Thr Glu Ser Glu
20          50          55          60

Gln Glu Asn Cys Glu Met Ser Ser His Glu Ser Tyr Thr Asn Ala Ala
20          65          70          75          80

Glu Thr Pro Glu Asn Ile Ser Ile Leu Ser Cys Leu Gly Glu Thr Ser
25          85          90          95

Gly Ala Leu Val Asp Thr Lys Thr Ile Ser Asp Ile Lys Thr Met Asp
25          100         105         110

Pro Arg Val Ser Leu Thr Pro Ser Ser Asp Val Thr Gly Thr Glu Asp
30          115         120         125

Ser Ser Val Leu Thr Pro Gln Ser Thr Asp Val Asn Ser Val Asp Ser
30          130         135         140

Tyr Gln Gly Tyr Glu Gly Asp Asp Asp Asp Glu Glu Asp Asp Glu Asp
35          145         150         155         160

Asp Lys Asp Gly Asp Ser Asn Leu Pro Ser Leu Glu Asp Ser Asp Asn
35          165         170         175

Gly Glu Val Val Glu Glu Gln Ser Leu Gly Arg Arg Phe His Pro Tyr
195         200         205

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	210		215		220	
	Phe Tyr Pro Tyr Glu Leu Glu Ala Gly Glu Val Val Glu Ala Gln Asn					
	225		230		235	240
5	Val Gln Asn Leu Phe His Arg Tyr Glu Leu Glu Glu Gly Glu Val Val					
		245		250		255
	Glu Ala Gln Val Val Gln Ser Met Phe Pro Tyr Tyr Glu Leu Glu Ala					
10		260		265		270
	Gly Glu Val Val Glu Ala Glu Glu Val Gln Gly Phe Phe Gln Arg Tyr					
		275		280		285
15	Glu Leu Glu Ala Arg Glu Val Ile Gly Ala Gln Gly Gly Gln Gly Leu					
	290		295		300	
	Ser Arg His Tyr Gly Leu Glu Gly Gly Glu Val Val Glu Ala Thr Ala					
	305		310		315	320
20	Val Arg Arg Leu Ile Gln His His Glu Leu Glu Glu Gly Glu Asp Val					
		325		330		335
	Asp Asp Gln Glu Glu Ser Ser Glu Met His Glu Glu Thr Ser Glu Asp					
25		340		345		350
	Ser Ser Glu Gln Tyr Asp Ile Glu Asp Asp Ser Leu Ile Asp Glu Trp					
	355		360		365	
30	Ile Ala Leu Glu Thr Ser Pro Leu Pro Arg Pro Arg Trp Asn Val Leu					
	370		375		380	
	Ser Ala Leu Arg Asp Arg Gln Leu Gly Ser Ser Gly Arg Phe Val Tyr					
	385		390		395	400
35	Glu Ala Cys Gly Ala Arg Leu Phe Val Gln Arg Phe Ser Leu Glu His					
		405		410		415
	His Gly Thr Leu Leu Ala Ser Gly Ser Asp Asp Leu Lys Val Ile Val					
	435		440		445	

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	Lys Asn Asn Ile Leu Gln Ala Lys Phe Leu Pro Asn Cys Asn Asp Ala	
	465	470 475 480
5	Ile Leu Ala Met Cys Gly Arg Asp Gly Gln Val Arg Val Ala Gln Leu	
	485	490 495
	Ser Ala Val Ala Gly Thr His Met Thr Lys Arg Leu Val Lys His Gly	
	500	505 510
10	Gly Ala Ser His Arg Leu Gly Leu Glu Pro Asp Ser Pro Phe Arg Phe	
	515	520 525
	Leu Thr Ser Gly Glu Asp Ala Val Val Phe Asn Ile Asp Leu Arg Gln	
15	530	535 540
	Ala His Pro Ala Ser Lys Leu Leu Val Ile Lys Asp Gly Asp Lys Lys	
	545	550 555 560
	Val Gly Leu Tyr Thr Val Phe Val Asn Pro Ala Asn Val Tyr Gln Phe	
20	565	570 575
	Ala Val Gly Gly Gln Asp Gln Phe Met Arg Ile Tyr Asp Gln Arg Lys	
	580	585 590
25	Ile Asp Glu Asn Val Asn Asn Gly Val Leu Lys Lys Phe Cys Pro His	
	595	600 605
	His Leu Leu Ser Ser Asp Tyr Pro Ala His Ile Thr Ser Leu Met Tyr	
30	610	615 620
	Ser Tyr Asp Gly Thr Glu Ile Leu Ala Ser Tyr Asn Asp Glu Asp Ile	
	625	630 635 640
	Tyr Ile Phe Asn Ser Ser Asp Ser Asp Gly Ala Gln Tyr Ala Lys Arg	
35	645	650 655
	Tyr Lys Gly His Arg Asn Asn Ser Thr Val Lys Gly Val Tyr Phe Tyr	
	660	665 670
	Phe Ile Trp Glu Lys Ser Ser Cys Gln Ile Val Gln Phe Leu Glu Ala	
	680	685 700

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[illegible]

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:55:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

25 (A) LENGTH: 422 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

30

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

35 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ORF RB1, Fig. 38

5	10	15
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The Ten Ten Glee Glee And Ten Cox Wile Ten Two Two Ten Ten Ten Ten

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	Leu Tyr Asp Tyr Leu Asn Thr Asn Ser Thr Lys Trp Pro Ser Leu Thr
	35 40 45
5	Cys Gln Phe Phe Pro Asp Leu Asp Thr Thr Ser Asp Glu His Arg Ile
	50 55 60
	Leu Leu Ser Ser Phe Thr Ser Ser Gln Lys Pro Glu Asp Glu Thr Ile
	65 70 75 80
10	Tyr Ile Ser Lys Ile Ser Thr Leu Gly His Ile Lys Trp Ser Ser Leu
	85 90 95
	Asn Asn Phe Asp Met Asp Glu Met Glu Phe Lys Pro Glu Asn Ser Thr
	100 105 110
15	Arg Phe Pro Ser Lys His Leu Val Asn Asp Ile Ser Ile Phe Phe Pro
	115 120 125
	Asn Gly Glu Cys Asn Arg Ala Arg Tyr Leu Pro Gln Asn Pro Asp Ile
20	130 135 140
	Ile Ala Gly Ala Ser Ser Asp Gly Ala Ile Tyr Ile Phe Asp Arg Thr
	145 150 155 160
25	Lys His Gly Ser Thr Arg Ile Arg Gln Ser Lys Ile Ser His Pro Phe
	165 170 175
	Glu Thr Lys Leu Phe Gly Ser His Gly Val Ile Gln Asp Val Glu Ala
	180 185 190
30	Met Asp Thr Ser Ser Ala Asp Ile Asn Glu Ala Thr Ser Leu Ala Trp
	195 200 205
	Asn Leu Gln Gln Glu Ala Leu Leu Leu Ser Ser His Ser Asn Gly Gln
35	210 215 220
	Val Gln Val Trp Asp Ile Lys Gln Tyr Ser His Glu Asn Pro Ile Ile
	225 230 235 240
	Val Thr Trp Met Pro Thr His Asp Ser Leu Phe Ala Ala Cys Thr Glu
	260 265 270

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	275	280	285
	Gln Ser Asn Arg Glu Lys His Asp Gly Gly Val Asn Ser Cys Arg Phe		
	290	295	300
5	Asn Tyr Lys Asn Ser Leu Ile Leu Ala Ser Ala Asp Ser Asn Gly Arg		
	305	310	315 320
	Leu Asn Leu Trp Asp Ile Arg Asn Met Asn Lys Ser Pro Ile Ala Thr		
10	325	330	335
	Met Glu His Gly Thr Ser Val Ser Thr Leu Glu Trp Ser Pro Asn Phe		
	340	345	350
15	Asp Thr Val Leu Ala Thr Ala Gly Gln Glu Asp Gly Leu Val Lys Leu		
	355	360	365
	Trp Asp Thr Ser Cys Glu Glu Thr Ile Phe Thr His Gly Gly His Met		
20	370	375	380
	Leu Gly Val Asn Asp Ile Ser Trp Asp Ala His Asp Pro Trp Leu Met		
	385	390	395 400
	Cys Ser Val Ala Asn Asp Asn Ser Val His Ile Trp Lys Pro Ala Gly		
25	405	410	415
	Asn Leu Val Gly His Ser		
	420		

30 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:56:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 576 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- 35 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

ANTI-SENSE

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: Periodic Tetracycline Resistant Strain

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:56:

	Met	Ile	Ser	Ala	Thr	Asn	Trp	Val	Pro	Arg	Gly	Phe	Ser	Ser	Glu	Phe	
	1					5					10				15		
5																	
	Pro	Glu	Lys	Tyr	Val	Leu	Asp	Asp	Glu	Glu	Val	Glu	Arg	Ile	Asn	Gln	
						20					25				30		
	Leu	Ala	Gln	Leu	Asn	Leu	Asp	Asp	Ala	Lys	Ala	Thr	Leu	Glu	Glu	Ala	
10						35					40				45		
	Glu	Gly	Glu	Ser	Gly	Val	Glu	Asp	Asp	Ala	Ala	Thr	Gly	Ser	Ser	Asn	
						50					55				60		
15	Lys	Leu	Lys	Asp	Gln	Leu	Asp	Ile	Asp	Asp	Asp	Leu	Lys	Glu	Tyr	Asn	
	65						70					75				80	
	Leu	Glu	Glu	Tyr	Asp	Asp	Glu	Glu	Ile	Ala	Asp	Asn	Glu	Gly	Gly	Lys	
						85					90				95		
20																	
	Asp	Val	Ser	Met	Phe	Pro	Gly	Leu	Ser	Asn	Asp	Ser	Asp	Val	Lys	Phe	
						100					105				110		
	His	Glu	Gly	Glu	Lys	Gly	Glu	Asp	Pro	Tyr	Ile	Ser	Leu	Pro	Asn	Gln	
25						115					120				125		
	Glu	Asp	Ser	Gln	Glu	Glu	Lys	Gln	Glu	Leu	Gln	Val	Tyr	Pro	Ser	Asp	
						130					135				140		
30	Asn	Leu	Val	Leu	Ala	Ala	Arg	Thr	Glu	Asp	Asp	Val	Ser	Tyr	Leu	Asp	
	145						150					155				160	
	Ile	Tyr	Val	Tyr	Asp	Asp	Gly	Ala	Gly	Phe	His	Ser	Ser	Asp	Ile	Pro	
						165					170				175		
35																	
	Val	Glu	Glu	Gly	Asp	Glu	Ala	Asp	Pro	Asp	Val	Ala	Arg	Gly	Leu	Val	
						180					185				190		
	Pro	Leu	Cys	Val	Glu	Trp	Leu	Asp	Tyr	Lys	Val	Gly	Ser	Asn	Ser	Glu	
						210					215				220		

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	Ile Trp Asn Leu Asp Cys Val Asp Lys Ala Phe Pro Asp Met Ile Leu	
	245	250 255
5	Gly Glu Pro Leu Asp Asn Ser Met Val Ser Leu Lys Ser Lys Lys Lys	
	260	265 270
	Lys Lys Lys Ser Lys Thr Gly His Ile Thr Thr His His Thr Asp Ala	
	275	280 285
10	Val Leu Ser Met Ala His Asn Lys Tyr Phe Arg Ser Val Leu Ala Ser	
	290	295 300
	Thr Ser Ala Asp His Thr Val Lys Leu Trp Asp Leu Asn Ser Gly Asn	
15	305	310 315 320
	Ala Ala Arg Ser Leu Ala Ser Ile His Ser Asn Lys Asn Val Ser Ser	
	325	330 335
20	Ser Glu Trp His Met Leu Asn Gly Ser Ile Leu Leu Thr Gly Gly Tyr	
	340	345 350
	Asp Ser Arg Val Ala Leu Thr Asp Val Arg Ile Ser Asp Glu Ser Gln	
	355	360 365
25	Met Ser Lys Tyr Trp Ser Ala Met Ala Gly Glu Glu Ile Glu Thr Val	
	370	375 380
	Thr Phe Ala Ser Glu Asn Ile Ile Leu Cys Gly Thr Asp Ser Gly Asn	
30	385	390 395 400
	Val Tyr Ser Phe Asp Ile Arg Asn Asn Glu Asn Arg Lys Pro Val Trp	
	405	410 415
	Thr Leu Lys Ala His Asp Ala Gly Ile Ser Thr Leu Cys Ser Asn Lys	
35	420	425 430
	Phe Ile Pro Gly Met Met Ser Thr Gly Ala Met Gly Glu Lys Thr Val	
	435	440 445
	Ser Met Val Leu Ser Arg Asp Phe Asp Val Gly Asn Val Leu Thr Ser	
	465	470 475 480

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	485	490	495
	Val Asn Lys Val Leu Lys Leu Trp Asp Val Phe Thr Asn Arg Ser Val		
	500	505	510
5	Arg Lys Ser Phe Lys Ser Glu Leu Glu Asn Val Gln Ala Arg Ala Lys		
	515	520	525
	Glu Glu Ala Gln Lys Ile Gly Lys Ser Ser Arg Ile Ala Arg Lys Tyr		
10	530	535	540
	Thr Ser Asn Asp Asn Pro Asp Thr Val Ile Thr Ile Asp Asp Gln Gly		
	545	550	555 560
15	Glu Asp Glu Glu Glu Arg Glu Gly Gly Asp Glu His Asp Asp Met Ala		
	565	570	575

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:57:

20

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 325 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

25

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

30

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: PLAP, Fig. 40

35

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:57:

Met His Tyr Met Ser Gly His Ser Asn Phe Val Ser Tyr Val Cys Ile

20

25

30

Asn Asp His Asn Ile Cys Ile Phe Ser Leu Asp Ser Pro Met Pro Leu

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	Tyr	Ile	Leu	Lys	Gly	His	Lys	Asp	Thr	Val	Cys	Ser	Leu	Ser	Ser	Gly	
	50						55					60					
5	Lys	Phe	Gly	Thr	Leu	Leu	Ser	Gly	Ser	Trp	Asp	Thr	Thr	Ala	Lys	Val	
	65					70					75				80		
	Trp	Leu	Asn	Asp	Lys	Cys	Met	Met	Thr	Leu	Gln	Gly	His	Thr	Ala	Ala	
					85					90					95		
10	Val	Trp	Ala	Val	Lys	Ile	Leu	Pro	Glu	Gln	Gly	Leu	Met	Leu	Thr	Gly	
				100					105						110		
	Ser	Ala	Asp	Lys	Thr	Ile	Lys	Leu	Trp	Lys	Ala	Gly	Arg	Cys	Glu	Arg	
				115				120					125				
15	Thr	Phe	Leu	Gly	His	Glu	Asp	Cys	Val	Arg	Gly	Leu	Ala	Ile	Leu	Ser	
	130						135						140				
	Glu	Thr	Glu	Phe	Leu	Ser	Cys	Ala	Asn	Asp	Ala	Ser	Ile	Arg	Arg	Trp	
20	145					150					155				160		
	Gln	Ile	Thr	Gly	Glu	Cys	Leu	Glu	Val	Tyr	Phe	Gly	His	Thr	Asn	Tyr	
				165						170					175		
25	Ile	Tyr	Ser	Ile	Ser	Val	Phe	Pro	Asn	Ser	Lys	Asp	Phe	Val	Thr	Thr	
				180					185					190			
	Ala	Glu	Asp	Arg	Ser	Leu	Arg	Ile	Trp	Lys	His	Gly	Glu	Cys	Ala	Gln	
				195				200					205				
30	Thr	Ile	Arg	Leu	Pro	Ala	Gln	Ser	Ile	Trp	Cys	Cys	Cys	Val	Leu	Glu	
	210						215						220				
	Asn	Gly	Asp	Ile	Val	Val	Gly	Ala	Ser	Asp	Gly	Ile	Ile	Arg	Val	Phe	
35	225				230						235				240		
	Thr	Glu	Ser	Glu	Glu	Arg	Thr	Ala	Ser	Ala	Glu	Glu	Ile	Lys	Ala	Ser	
				245						250				255			
	Pro	Ile	Ile	Thr	Pro	Val	Arg	Arg	Thr	Leu	Pro	Cys	Arg	Val	Thr	Arg	
				275				280					285				

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290

295

300

Thr Ser Asp Ser His Leu Thr Ile Thr Ala Leu His Leu Phe Leu Thr
 305 310 315 320

5

Thr Thr Thr Thr Glu
 325

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:58:

10

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 425 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

15

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

20

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: RETINOBLASTOMA BINDING PROTEIN -
 HUMAN, Fig. 41

25

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:58:

30

Met Ala Asp Lys Glu Ala Ala Phe Asp Asp Ala Val Glu Glu Arg Val
 1 5 10 15

Ile Asn Glu Glu Tyr Lys Ile Trp Lys Lys Asn Thr Pro Phe Leu Tyr
 20 25 30

35

Asp Leu Val Met Thr His Ala Leu Glu Trp Pro Ser Leu Thr Ala Gln
 35 40 45

Trp Leu Pro Asp Val Thr Arg Pro Glu Gly Lys Asp Phe Ser Ile His

65

70

75

80

Ile Ala Ser Val Gln Leu Pro Asn Asp Asp Ala Gln Phe Asp Ala Ser

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His Tyr Asp Ser Glu Lys Gly Glu Phe Gly Gly Phe Gly Ser Val Ser
 100 105 110

5 Gly Lys Ile Glu Ile Glu Ile Lys Ile Asn His Glu Gly Glu Val Asn
 115 120 125

Arg Ala Arg Tyr Met Pro Gln Asn Pro Cys Ile Ile Ala Thr Lys Thr
 130 135 140

10 Pro Ser Ser Asp Val Leu Val Phe Asp Tyr Thr Lys His Pro Ser Lys
 145 150 155 160

Pro Asp Pro Ser Gly Glu Cys Asn Pro Asp Leu Arg Leu Arg Gly His
 15 165 170 175

Gln Lys Glu Gly Tyr Gly Leu Ser Trp Asn Pro Asn Leu Ser Gly His
 180 185 190

Leu Leu Ser Ala Ser Asp Asp His Thr Ile Cys Leu Trp Asp Ile Ser
 20 195 200 205

Ala Val Pro Lys Glu Gly Lys Val Val Asp Ala Lys Thr Ile Phe Thr
 210 215 220

25 Gly His Thr Ala Val Val Glu Asp Val Ser Trp His Leu Leu His Glu
 225 230 235 240

Ser Leu Phe Gly Ser Val Ala Asp Asp Gln Lys Leu Met Ile Trp Asp
 245 250 255

30 Thr Arg Ser Asn Asn Thr Ser Lys Pro Ser His Ser Val Asp Ala His
 260 265 270

Thr Ala Glu Val Asn Cys Leu Ser Phe Asn Pro Tyr Ser Glu Phe Ile
 275 280 285

35 Leu Ala Thr Gly Ser Ala Asp Lys Thr Val Ala Leu Trp Asp Leu Arg
 290 295 300

Phe Gln Val Gln Trp Ser Pro His Asn Glu Thr Ile Leu Ala Ser Ser
 325 330 335

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	340	345	350
	Glu Gln Ser Pro Glu Asp Ala Glu Asp Gly Pro Pro Glu Leu Leu Phe		
	355	360	365
5	Ile His Gly Gly His Thr Ala Lys Ile Ser Asp Phe Ser Trp Asn Pro		
	370	375	380
	Asn Glu Pro Trp Val Ile Cys Ser Val Ser Glu Asp Asn Ile Met Gln		
10	385	390	395 400
	Val Trp Gln Met Ala Glu Asn Ile Tyr Asn Asp Glu Asp Pro Glu Gly		
	405	410	415
15	Ser Val Asp Pro Glu Gly Gln Gly Ser		
	420	425	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:59:

- 20 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
- (A) LENGTH: 852 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown
- 25 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- 30 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
- (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: S253 PROTEIN, Fig. 42
- 35 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:59:

Met Phe Lys Ser Lys Thr Ser Thr Leu Ser Tyr Asp Glu Thr Pro Asn
1 5 10 15

Ser Gln Thr Lys His Leu Asn Ile Pro Gly Asp Arg Ser Arg His Ser
35 40 45

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	50		55		60											
	Ser	Ala	Asp	Ile	Ile	Pro	Ala	Gln	Leu	Arg	Phe	Ile	Asp	Asn	Ile	Asp
	65					70					75					80
5																
	Tyr	Gly	Thr	Arg	Leu	Arg	Lys	Thr	Leu	His	Arg	Asn	Ser	Val	Val	Ser
					85					90					95	
10	Asn	Gly	Tyr	Asn	Lys	Leu	Ser	Glu	Asn	Asp	Arg	Trp	Tyr	Phe	Asp	Leu
				100					105					110		
	Phe	Asp	Arg	Lys	Tyr	Phe	Glu	Asn	Tyr	Leu	Glu	Glu	Pro	Thr	Tyr	Ile
				115				120					125			
15	Lys	Ile	Phe	Lys	Lys	Lys	Glu	Gly	Leu	Glu	Gln	Phe	Asp	Arg	Met	Phe
	130						135					140				
	Leu	Ala	Gln	Glu	Leu	Lys	Ile	Pro	Asp	Val	Tyr	Lys	Ser	Thr	Thr	Tyr
	145					150					155					160
20																
	Gln	Gly	Glu	Pro	Ala	Val	Ala	Asn	Ser	Glu	Leu	Phe	Lys	Asn	Ser	Ile
					165					170				175		
	Cys	Cys	Cys	Thr	Phe	Ser	His	Asp	Gly	Lys	Tyr	Met	Val	Ile	Gly	Cys
25				180					185					190		
	Lys	Asp	Gly	Ser	Leu	His	Leu	Trp	Lys	Val	Ile	Asn	Ser	Pro	Val	Lys
				195				200				205				
30	Arg	Ser	Glu	Met	Gly	Arg	Ser	Glu	Lys	Ser	Val	Ser	Ala	Ser	Arg	Ala
	210						215					220				
	Asn	Ser	Leu	Lys	Ile	Gln	Arg	His	Leu	Ala	Ser	Ile	Ser	Ser	His	Asn
	225					230				235					240	
35																
	Gly	Ser	Ile	Ser	Ser	Asn	Asp	Leu	Lys	Pro	Ser	Asp	Gln	Phe	Glu	Gly
					245					250					255	
	Arg	Val	Phe	Met	Glu	His	Ala	Leu	Asp	Ile	Leu	Asp	Ala	Asn	Trp	
	275						280					285				

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	Leu Trp His Pro Glu Arg Lys Tyr Ser Leu Lys Thr Phe Val His Pro	
	305	310 315 320
5	Asp Phe Val Thr Ser Ala Ile Phe Phe Pro Asn Asp Asp Arg Phe Ile	
	325	330 335
	Ile Thr Gly Cys Leu Asp His Arg Cys Arg Leu Trp Ser Ile Leu Asp	
	340	345 350
10	Asn Glu Val Ser Tyr Ala Phe Asp Cys Lys Asp Leu Ile Thr Ser Leu	
	355	360 365
	Thr Leu Ser Pro Pro Gly Gly Glu Tyr Thr Ile Ile Gly Thr Phe Asn	
	370	375 380
15	Gly Tyr Ile Tyr Val Leu Leu Thr His Gly Leu Lys Phe Val Ser Ser	
	385	390 395 400
	Phe His Val Ser Asp Lys Ser Thr Gln Gly Thr Thr Lys Asn Ser Phe	
20	405	410 415
	His Pro Ser Ser Glu Tyr Gly Lys Val Gln His Gly Pro Arg Ile Thr	
	420	425 430
25	Gly Leu Gln Cys Phe Phe Ser Lys Val Asp Lys Asn Leu Arg Leu Ile	
	435	440 445
	Val Thr Thr Asn Asp Ser Lys Ile Gln Ile Phe Asp Leu Asn Glu Lys	
	450	455 460
30	Lys Pro Leu Glu Leu Phe Lys Gly Phe Gln Ser Gly Ser Ser Arg His	
	465	470 475 480
	Arg Gly Gln Phe Leu Met Met Lys Asn Glu Pro Val Val Phe Thr Gly	
35	485	490 495
	Ser Asp Asp His Trp Phe Tyr Thr Trp Lys Met Gln Ser Phe Asn Leu	
	500	505 510
	Gly Ser Met Ser Leu Lys Gly Leu Leu Arg Ile Val Ser Asn Lys Ser	
	530	535 540

545 550 555 560

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1000 Mile Drive, New York

780

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Pro His Asp Ile Pro Arg Val Ser Thr Thr Tyr Pro Lys Leu Lys Cys
805 810 815

Asp Val Cys Asn Gly Ser Asn Phe Glu Cys Ala Ser Lys Asn Pro Ile
5 820 825 830

Ala Gly Gly Asp Ser Gly Phe Thr Cys Ala Asp Cys Gly Thr Ile Leu
835 840 845

10 Asn Asn Phe Arg
 850

15

(A) LENGTH: 488 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

20

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

25 (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: SOF1, Fig. 43

30 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:60:

Met Lys Ile Lys Thr Ile Lys Arg Ser Ala Asp Asp Tyr Val Pro Val
1 5 10 15

35 Lys Ser Thr Gln Glu Ser Gln Met Pro Arg Asn Leu Asn Pro Glu Leu
 20 25 30

His Pro Phe Glu Arg Ala Arg Glu Tyr Thr Lys Ala Leu Asp Ala Thr

100

60

Gly His Arg Asp Gly Val Tyr Ala Ile Ala Lys Asn Tyr Gly Ser 12

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	Asn Lys Leu Ala Thr Gly Ser Ala Asp Gly Val Ile Lys Tyr Trp Asn	
	85	90 95
5	Met Ser Thr Arg Glu Glu Phe Val Ser Phe Lys Ala His Tyr Gly Leu	
	100	105 110
	Val Thr Gly Leu Cys Val Thr Gln Pro Arg Phe His Asp Lys Lys Pro	
	115	120 125
10	Asp Leu Lys Ser Gln Asn Phe Met Leu Ser Cys Ser Asp Asp Lys Thr	
	130	135 140
	Val Lys Leu Trp Ser Ile Asn Val Asp Asp Tyr Ser Asn Lys Asn Ser	
15	145	150 155 160
	Ser Asp Asn Asp Ser Val Thr Asn Glu Glu Gly Leu Ile Arg Thr Phe	
	165	170 175
20	Asp Gly Glu Ser Ala Phe Gln Gly Ile Asp Ser His Arg Glu Asn Ser	
	180	185 190
	Thr Phe Ala Thr Gly Gly Ala Lys Ile His Leu Trp Asp Val Asn Arg	
	195	200 205
25	Leu Lys Pro Val Ser Asp Leu Ser Trp Gly Ala Asp Asn Ile Thr Ser	
	210	215 220
	Leu Lys Phe Asn Gln Asn Glu Thr Asp Ile Leu Ala Ser Thr Gly Ser	
30	225	230 235 240
	Asp Asn Ser Ile Val Leu Tyr Asp Leu Arg Thr Asn Ser Pro Thr Gln	
	245	250 255
35	Lys Ile Val Gln Thr Met Arg Thr Asn Ala Ile Cys Trp Asn Pro Met	
	260	265 270
	Glu Ala Phe Asn Phe Val Thr Ala Asn Glu Asp His Asn Ala Tyr Tyr	
	275	280 285
	Val Ser Ala Val Met Asp Val Asp Phe Ser Pro Thr Gly Asp Glu Ile	
	305	310 315 320

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	325	330	335
	Gly His Ser Arg Glu Ile Tyr His Thr Lys Arg Met Gln His Val Phe		
	340	345	350
5	Val Lys Tyr Ser Met Asp Ser Lys Tyr Ile Ile Ser Gly Ser Asp Asp		
	355	360	365
	Gly Asn Val Arg Leu Trp Arg Ser Lys Ala Trp Glu Arg Ser Asn Val		
10	370	375	380
	Lys Thr Thr Arg Glu Lys Asn Lys Leu Glu Tyr Asp Glu Lys Leu Lys		
	385	390	400
	Glu Arg Phe Arg His Met Pro Glu Ile Lys Arg Ile Ser Arg His Arg		
15	405	410	415
	His Val Pro Gln Val Ile Lys Lys Ala Gln Glu Ile Lys Asn Ile Glu		
	420	425	430
20	Leu Ser Ser Ile Lys Arg Arg Glu Ala Asn Glu Arg Arg Thr Arg Lys		
	435	440	445
	Asp Met Pro Tyr Ile Ser Glu Arg Lys Lys Gln Ile Val Gly Thr Val		
25	450	455	460
	His Lys Tyr Glu Asp Ser Gly Arg Asp Arg Lys Arg Arg Lys Glu Asp		
	465	470	480
30	Asp Lys Arg Asp Thr Gln Glu Lys		
	485		

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:61:

- 35 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
- (A) LENGTH: 423 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

SYNTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

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(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: STE4 - YEAST, Fig. 44

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:61:

5 Met Ala Ala His Gln Met Asp Ser Ile Thr Tyr Ser Asn Asn Val Thr
1 5 10 15

Gln Gln Tyr Ile Gln Pro Gln Ser Leu Gln Asp Ile Ser Ala Val Glu
10 20 25 30

Asp Glu Ile Gln Asn Lys Ile Glu Ala Ala Arg Gln Glu Ser Lys Gln
35 40 45

15 Leu His Ala Gln Ile Asn Lys Ala Lys His Lys Ile Gln Asp Ala Ser
50 55 60

Leu Phe Gln Met Ala Asn Lys Val Thr Ser Leu Thr Lys Asn Lys Ile
65 70 75 80

20 Asn Leu Lys Pro Asn Ile Val Leu Lys Gly His Asn Asn Lys Ile Ser
85 90 95

Asp Phe Arg Trp Ser Arg Asp Ser Lys Arg Ile Leu Ser Ala Ser Gln
25 100 105 110

Asp Gly Phe Met Leu Ile Trp Asp Ser Ala Ser Gly Leu Lys Gln Asn
115 120 125

30 Ala Ile Pro Leu Asp Ser Gln Trp Val Leu Ser Cys Ala Ile Ser Pro
130 135 140

Ser Ser Thr Leu Val Ala Ser Ala Gly Leu Asn Asn Asn Cys Thr Ile
145 150 155 160

35 Tyr Arg Val Ser Lys Glu Asn Arg Val Ala Gln Asn Val Ala Ser Ile
165 170 175

His Ile Leu Thr Ala Ser Gly Asp Met Thr Cys Ala Leu Trp Asp
195 200 205

Val Leu Ala Leu Ala Ile Pro Glu Glu Pro Asn Leu Glu Asn Ser Ser
225 230 235 240

Asn Thr Phe Ala Ser Cys Gly Ser Asp Gly Tyr Thr Tyr Ile Trp Asp
5 245 250 255

Ser Arg Ser Pro Ser Ala Val Gln Ser Phe Tyr Val Asn Asp Ser Asp
260 265 270

10 Ile Asn Ala Leu Arg Phe Phe Lys Asp Gly Met Ser Ile Val Ala Gly
275 280 285

Ser Asp Asn Gly Ala Ile Asn Met Tyr Asp Leu Arg Ser Asp Cys Ser
290 295 300

Ile Ala Thr Phe Ser Leu Phe Arg Gly Tyr Glu Glu Arg Thr Pro Thr
305 310 315 320

20 Pro Thr Tyr Met Ala Ala Asn Met Glu Tyr Asn Thr Ala Gln Ser Pro
325 330 335

Gln Thr Leu Lys Ser Thr Ser Ser Ser Tyr Leu Asp Asn Gln Gly Val
340 345 350

25 Val Ser Leu Asp Phe Ser Ala Ser Gly Arg Leu Met Tyr Ser Cys Tyr
355 360 365

Thr Asp Ile Gly Cys Val Val Trp Asp Val Leu Lys Gly Glu Ile Val
370 375 380

Gly Lys Leu Glu Gly His Gly Gly Arg Val Thr Gly Val Arg Ser Ser
385 390 395 400

Pro Asp Gly Leu Ala Val Cys Thr Gly Ser Trp Asp Ser Thr Met Lys
35 405 410 415

Ile Trp Ser Pro Gly Tyr Gln
420

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 704 amino acids

(P) TYPE organic acid

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(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

5 (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR TIIF, Fig. 45

10

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:62:

Met Ser Leu Glu Val Ser Asn Ile Asn Gly Gly Asn Gly Thr Gln Leu
1 5 10 15

Ser His Asp Lys Arg Glu Leu Leu Cys Leu Leu Lys Leu Ile Lys Lys
20 25 30

Tyr Gln Leu Lys Ser Thr Glu Glu Leu Leu Cys Gln Glu Ala Asn Val
20 35 40 45

Ser Ser Val Glu Leu Ser Glu Ile Ser Glu Ser Asp Val Gln Gln Val
50 55 60

Leu Gly Ala Val Leu Gly Ala Gly Asp Ala Asn Arg Glu Arg Lys His
25 65 70 75 80

Val Gln Ser Pro Ala Gln Gly His Lys Gln Ser Ala Val Thr Glu Ala
85 90 95

Asn Ala Ala Glu Glu Leu Ala Lys Phe Ile Asp Asp Asp Ser Phe Asp
30 100 105 110

Ala Gln His Tyr Glu Gln Ala Tyr Lys Glu Leu Arg Thr Phe Val Glu
35 115 120 125

Asp Ser Leu Asp Ile Tyr Lys His Glu Leu Ser Met Val Leu Tyr Pro
130 135 140

Lys Ala Lys Glu Phe Ile Glu Lys Tyr Lys Cys Asp Leu Asp Gly Tyr
165 170 175

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	Tyr Ile Glu Gly Leu Phe Asn Leu Leu Leu Ser Lys Pro Glu Glu	
	180	185 190
5	Leu Leu Glu Asn Asp Leu Val Val Ala Met Glu Gln Asp Lys Phe Val	
	195	200 205
	Ile Arg Met Ser Arg Asp Ser His Ser Leu Phe Lys Arg His Ile Gln	
	210	215 220
10	Asp Arg Arg Gln Glu Val Val Ala Asp Ile Val Ser Lys Tyr Leu His	
	225	230 235 240
	Phe Asp Thr Tyr Glu Gly Met Ala Arg Asn Lys Leu Gln Cys Val Ala	
	245	250 255
15	Thr Ala Gly Ser His Leu Gly Glu Ala Lys Arg Gln Asp Asn Lys Met	
	260	265 270
	Arg Val Tyr Tyr Gly Leu Leu Lys Glu Val Asp Phe Gln Thr Leu Thr	
20	275	280 285
	Thr Pro Ala Pro Ala Pro Glu Glu Glu Asp Asp Asp Pro Asp Ala Pro	
	290	295 300
25	Asp Arg Pro Lys Lys Lys Lys Pro Lys Lys Asp Pro Leu Leu Ser Lys	
	305	310 315 320
	Lys Ser Lys Ser Asp Pro Asn Ala Pro Ser Ile Asp Arg Ile Pro Leu	
	325	330 335
30	Pro Glu Leu Lys Asp Ser Asp Lys Leu Leu Lys Leu Lys Ala Leu Arg	
	340	345 350
	Glu Ala Ser Lys Arg Leu Ala Leu Ser Lys Asp Gln Leu Pro Ser Ala	
35	355	360 365
	Val Phe Tyr Thr Val Leu Asn Ser His Gln Gly Val Thr Cys Ala Glu	
	370	375 380
	Val Arg Ile Trp Ser Leu Thr Pro Ala Asn Val Arg Thr Leu Lys Asp	
	405	410 415

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	420		425		430
	Arg Met Leu Asp Asp Arg Ser Gly Glu Val Thr Arg Ser Leu Met Gly				
	435		440		445
5	His Thr Gly Pro Val Tyr Arg Cys Ala Phe Ala Pro Glu Met Asn Leu				
	450		455		460
	Leu Leu Ser Cys Ser Glu Asp Ser Thr Ile Arg Leu Trp Ser Leu Leu				
10	465		470		475 480
	Thr Trp Ser Cys Val Val Thr Tyr Arg Gly His Val Tyr Pro Val Trp				
		485		490	495
	Asp Val Arg Phe Ala Pro His Gly Tyr Tyr Phe Val Ser Cys Ser Tyr				
15		500		505	510
	Asp Lys Thr Ala Arg Leu Trp Ala Thr Asp Ser Asn Gln Ala Leu Arg				
		515		520	525
20	Val Phe Val Gly His Leu Ser Asp Val Asp Cys Val Gln Phe His Pro				
	530		535		540
	Asn Ser Asn Tyr Val Ala Thr Gly Ser Ser Asp Arg Thr Val Arg Leu				
25	545		550		555 560
	Trp Asp Asn Met Thr Gly Gln Ser Val Arg Leu Met Thr Gly His Lys				
		565		570	575
	Gly Ser Val Ser Ser Leu Ala Phe Ser Ala Cys Gly Arg Tyr Leu Ala				
30		580		585	590
	Ser Gly Ser Val Asp His Asn Ile Ile Ile Trp Asp Leu Ser Asn Gly				
		595		600	605
35	Ser Leu Val Thr Thr Leu Leu Arg His Thr Ser Thr Val Thr Thr Ile				
	610		615		620
	Asn Leu Thr Leu Trp Asp Phe His Lys Val Thr Glu Asp Tyr Ile Ser				
		645		650	655

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Tyr Leu Met Arg Thr Phe Pro Ser Lys Asn Ser Pro Phe Val Ser Leu
 675 680 685

His Phe Thr Arg Arg Asn Leu Leu Met Cys Val Gly Leu Phe Lys Ser
 5 690 695 700

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:63:

10 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 713 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

15 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

20

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: TUP1, Fig. 46

25 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:63:

Met Thr Ala Ser Val Ser Asn Thr Gln Asn Lys Leu Asn Glu Leu Leu
 1 5 10 15

30 Asp Ala Ile Arg Gln Glu Phe Leu Gln Val Ser Gln Glu Ala Asn Thr
 20 25 30

Tyr Arg Leu Gln Asn Gln Lys Asp Tyr Asp Phe Lys Met Asn Gln Gln
 35 40 45

35

Leu Ala Glu Met Gln Gln Ile Arg Asn Thr Val Tyr Glu Leu Glu Leu
 50 55 60

70 Leu Thr Arg Leu Glu Gln Arg Asp His Gln Ile Ala Ser Leu Thr Val
 85 90 95

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	Gln Gln Gln Gln Gln Gln Leu Ala Ala Ala Ser Ala Ser Val Pro Val
	115 120 125
5	Ala Gln Gln Pro Pro Ala Thr Thr Ser Ala Thr Ala Thr Pro Ala Ala
	130 135 140
	Asn Thr Thr Thr Gly Ser Pro Ser Ala Phe Pro Val Gln Ala Ser Arg
	145 150 155 160
10	Pro Asn Leu Val Gly Ser Gln Leu Pro Thr Thr Thr Leu Pro Val Val
	165 170 175
	Ser Ser Asn Ala Gln Gln Gln Leu Pro Gln Gln Gln Leu Gln Gln Gln
15	180 185 190
	Gln Leu Gln Gln Gln Gln Pro Pro Pro Gln Val Ser Val Ala Pro Leu
	195 200 205
20	Ser Asn Thr Ala Ile Asn Gly Ser Pro Thr Ser Lys Glu Thr Thr Thr
	210 215 220
	Leu Pro Ser Val Lys Ala Pro Glu Ser Thr Leu Lys Glu Thr Glu Pro
	225 230 235 240
25	Glu Asn Asn Asn Thr Ser Lys Ile Asn Asp Thr Gly Ser Ala Thr Thr
	245 250 255
	Ala Thr Thr Thr Thr Ala Thr Glu Thr Glu Ile Lys Pro Lys Glu Glu
30	260 265 270
	Asp Ala Thr Pro Ala Ser Leu His Gln Asp His Tyr Leu Val Pro Tyr
	275 280 285
35	Asn Gln Arg Ala Asn His Ser Lys Pro Ile Pro Pro Phe Leu Leu Asp
	290 295 300
	Leu Asp Ser Gln Ser Val Pro Asp Ala Leu Lys Lys Gln Thr Asn Asp
	305 310 315 320
	Leu His Lys Ser Leu Asp His Thr Ser Val Val Cys Cys Val Lys Phe
	340 345 350

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	355		360		365
	Val Tyr Arg Val Ser Asp Gly Ser Leu Val Ala Arg Leu Ser Asp Asp				
	370		375		380
5	Ser Ala Ala Asn Asn His Arg Asn Ser Ile Thr Glu Asn Asn Thr Thr				
	385		390		395 400
	Thr Ser Thr Asp Asn Asn Thr Met Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Ile				
10		405		410	415
	Thr Thr Thr Ala Met Thr Ser Ala Ala Glu Leu Ala Lys Asp Val Glu				
		420		425	430
15	Asn Leu Asn Thr Ser Ser Ser Pro Ser Ser Asp Leu Tyr Ile Arg Ser				
	435		440		445
	Val Cys Phe Ser Pro Asp Gly Lys Phe Leu Ala Thr Gly Ala Glu Asp				
	450		455		460
20	Arg Leu Ile Arg Ile Trp Asp Ile Glu Asn Arg Lys Ile Val Met Ile				
	465		470		475 480
	Leu Gln Gly His Glu Gln Asp Ile Tyr Ser Leu Asp Tyr Phe Pro Ser				
25		485		490	495
	Gly Asp Lys Leu Val Ser Gly Ser Gly Asp Arg Thr Val Arg Ile Trp				
		500		505	510
30	Asp Leu Arg Thr Gly Gln Cys Ser Leu Thr Leu Ser Ile Glu Asp Gly				
	515		520		525
	Val Thr Thr Val Ala Val Ser Pro Gly Asp Gly Lys Tyr Ile Ala Ala				
	530		535		540
35	Gly Ser Leu Asp Arg Ala Val Arg Val Trp Asp Ser Glu Thr Gly Phe				
	545		550		555 560
	Asp Ser Val Tyr Ser Val Val Phe Thr Arg Asp Gly Gln Ser Val Val				
		580		585	590

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	Asn	Asn	Lys	Ser	Asp	Ser	Lys	Thr	Pro	Asn	Ser	Gly	Thr	Cys	Glu	Val
	610						615					620				
5	Thr	Tyr	Ile	Gly	His	Lys	Asp	Phe	Val	Leu	Ser	Val	Ala	Thr	Thr	Gln
	625					630					635					640
	Asn	Asp	Glu	Tyr	Ile	Leu	Ser	Gly	Ser	Lys	Asp	Arg	Gly	Val	Leu	Phe
					645					650					655	
10	Trp	Asp	Lys	Lys	Ser	Gly	Asn	Pro	Leu	Leu	Met	Leu	Gln	Gly	His	Arg
					660				665					670		
	Asn	Ser	Val	Ile	Ser	Val	Ala	Val	Ala	Asn	Gly	Ser	Ser	Leu	Gly	Pro
15					675				680					685		
	Glu	Tyr	Asn	Val	Phe	Ala	Thr	Gly	Ser	Gly	Asp	Cys	Lys	Ala	Arg	Ile
		690					695					700				
	Trp	Lys	Tyr	Lys	Lys	Ile	Ala	Pro	Asn							
20		705				710										

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:64:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
- 25 (A) LENGTH: 798 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- 30 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- 35 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
- (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: TUP1 HOMOLOG, Fig. 47

Pro Gln Pro Val Lys Asn Gln Arg Thr Asn Asn Ala Ala Gly Ala Asn

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	Ser Gly Gln Gln Pro Gln Gln Gln Ser Gln Gly Gln Ser Gln Gln Gln
	35 40 45
5	Gly Arg Ser Asn Gly Pro Phe Ser Ala Ser Asp Leu Asn Arg Ile Val
	50 55 60
	Leu Glu Tyr Leu Asn Lys Lys Gly Tyr His Arg Thr Glu Ala Met Leu
	65 70 75 80
10	Arg Ala Glu Ser Gly Arg Thr Leu Thr Pro Gln Asn Lys Gln Ser Pro
	85 90 95
	Ala Asn Thr Lys Thr Gly Lys Phe Pro Glu Gln Ser Ser Ile Pro Pro
	100 105 110
15	Asn Pro Gly Lys Thr Ala Lys Pro Ile Ser Asn Pro Thr Asn Leu Ser
	115 120 125
	Ser Lys Arg Asp Ala Glu Gly Gly Ile Val Ser Ser Gly Arg Leu Glu
20	130 135 140
	Gly Leu Asn Ala Pro Glu Asn Tyr Ile Arg Ala Tyr Ser Met Leu Lys
	145 150 155 160
25	Asn Trp Val Asp Ser Ser Leu Glu Ile Tyr Lys Pro Glu Leu Ser Tyr
	165 170 175
	Ile Met Tyr Pro Ile Phe Ile Tyr Leu Phe Leu Asn Leu Val Ala Lys
	180 185 190
30	Asn Pro Val Tyr Ala Arg Arg Phe Phe Asp Arg Phe Ser Pro Asp Phe
	195 200 205
	Lys Asp Phe His Gly Ser Glu Ile Asn Arg Leu Phe Ser Val Asn Ser
35	210 215 220
	Ile Asp His Ile Lys Glu Asn Glu Val Ala Ser Ala Phe Gln Ser His
	225 230 235 240
	Phe Leu Asn Glu Asn Glu Ser Ile Gly Gly Ser Leu Ile Ile Ser Val
	260 265 270

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	275	280	285
	Glu Lys Leu Ala Asp Gly Ile Lys Val Leu Ser Asp Ser Glu Asn Gly		
	290	295	300
5	Asn Gly Lys Gln Asn Leu Glu Met Asn Ser Val Pro Val Lys Leu Gly		
	305	310	315 320
	Pro Phe Pro Lys Asp Glu Glu Phe Val Lys Glu Ile Glu Thr Glu Leu		
10	325	330	335
	Lys Ile Lys Asp Asp Gln Glu Lys Gln Leu Asn Gln Gln Thr Ala Gly		
	340	345	350
15	Asp Asn Tyr Ser Gly Ala Asn Asn Arg Thr Leu Leu Gln Glu Tyr Lys		
	355	360	365
	Ala Met Asn Asn Glu Lys Phe Lys Asp Asn Thr Gly Asp Asp Asp Lys		
	370	375	380
20	Asp Lys Ile Lys Asp Lys Ile Ala Lys Asp Glu Glu Lys Lys Glu Ser		
	385	390	395 400
	Glu Leu Lys Val Asp Gly Glu Lys Lys Asp Ser Asn Leu Ser Ser Pro		
25	405	410	415
	Ala Arg Asp Ile Leu Pro Leu Pro Pro Lys Thr Ala Leu Asp Leu Lys		
	420	425	430
30	Leu Glu Ile Gln Lys Val Lys Glu Ser Arg Asp Ala Ile Lys Leu Asp		
	435	440	445
	Asn Leu Gln Leu Ala Leu Pro Ser Val Cys Met Tyr Thr Phe Gln Asn		
	450	455	460
35	Thr Asn Lys Asp Met Ser Cys Leu Asp Phe Ser Asp Asp Cys Arg Ile		
	465	470	475 480
	Arg Ser Ser Leu Asn Asn Pro Asn Ile Ala Leu Asn Asn Asn Asp Lys		
	500	505	510

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	Tyr Ser Thr Ser Phe Ser Pro Asp Asn Lys Tyr Leu Leu Ser Gly Ser
	530 535 540
5	Glu Asp Lys Thr Val Arg Leu Trp Ser Met Asp Thr His Thr Ala Leu
	545 550 555 560
	Val Ser Tyr Lys Gly His Asn His Pro Val Trp Asp Val Ser Phe Ser
	565 570 575
10	Pro Leu Gly His Tyr Phe Ala Thr Ala Ser His Asp Gln Thr Ala Arg
	580 585 590
	Leu Trp Ser Cys Asp His Ile Tyr Pro Leu Arg Ile Phe Ala Gly His
	595 600 605
15	Leu Asn Asp Val Asp Cys Val Ser Phe His Pro Asn Gly Cys Tyr Val
	610 615 620
	Phe Thr Gly Ser Ser Asp Lys Thr Cys Arg Met Trp Asp Val Ser Thr
20	625 630 635 640
	Gly Asp Ser Val Arg Leu Phe Leu Gly His Thr Ala Pro Val Ile Ser
	645 650 655
25	Ile Ala Val Cys Pro Asp Gly Arg Trp Leu Ser Thr Gly Ser Glu Asp
	660 665 670
	Gly Ile Ile Asn Val Trp Asp Ile Gly Thr Gly Lys Arg Leu Lys Gln
	675 680 685
30	Met Arg Gly His Gly Lys Asn Ala Ile Tyr Ser Leu Ser Tyr Ser Lys
	690 695 700
	Glu Gly Asn Val Leu Ile Ser Gly Gly Ala Asp His Thr Val Arg Val
35	705 710 715 720
	Trp Asp Leu Lys Lys Ala Thr Thr Glu Pro Ser Ala Glu Pro Asp Glu
	725 730 735
	Ile Lys Glu Tyr Gly Arg Arg Arg Thr Val Ile Pro Thr Ser Asp Leu
	755 760 765

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770

775

780

Ser Arg Ser Asn Leu Ala Leu Ala Gly Gly Ala Phe Arg Pro

785

790

795

5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:65:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 439 amino acids

10

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

15

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

20

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: YCU7, Fig. 48

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:65:

25

Met Val Arg Arg Phe Arg Gly Lys Glu Leu Ala Ala Thr Thr Phe Asn

1

5

10

15

Gly His Arg Asp Tyr Val Met Gly Ala Phe Phe Ser His Asp Gln Glu

20

25

30

30

Lys Ile Tyr Thr Val Ser Lys Asp Gly Ala Val Phe Val Trp Glu Phe

35

40

45

Thr Lys Arg Pro Ser Asp Asp Asp Asp Asn Glu Ser Glu Asp Asp Asp

35

50

55

60

Lys Gln Glu Glu Val Asp Ile Ser Lys Tyr Ser Trp Arg Ile Thr Lys

65

70

75

80

His Pro Ala Thr Arg Leu Leu Ala Val Gly Phe Thr Ser Gly Glu Phe

100

105

110

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	115		120		125
	Gly Gln Asn Pro Val Asn Thr Val Ser Val Asn Gln Thr Gly Glu Trp				
	130		135		140
5	Leu Ala Phe Gly Ser Ser Lys Leu Gly Gln Leu Leu Val Tyr Glu Trp				
	145		150		155 160
	Gln Ser Glu Ser Tyr Ile Leu Lys Gln Gln Gly His Phe Asp Ser Thr				
10		165		170	175
	Asn Ser Leu Ala Tyr Ser Pro Asp Gly Ser Arg Val Val Thr Ala Ser				
		180		185	190
15	Glu Asp Gly Lys Ile Lys Val Trp Asp Ile Thr Ser Gly Phe Cys Leu				
	195		200		205
	Ala Thr Phe Glu Glu His Thr Ser Ser Val Thr Ala Val Gln Phe Ala				
	210		215		220
20	Lys Arg Gly Gln Val Met Phe Ser Ser Ser Leu Asp Gly Thr Val Arg				
	225		230		235 240
	Ala Trp Asp Leu Ile Arg Tyr Arg Asn Phe Arg Thr Phe Thr Gly Thr				
25		245		250	255
	Glu Arg Ile Gln Phe Asn Cys Leu Ala Val Asp Pro Ser Gly Glu Val				
		260		265	270
30	Val Cys Ala Gly Ser Leu Asp Asn Phe Asp Ile His Val Trp Ser Val				
	275		280		285
	Gln Thr Gly Gln Leu Leu Asp Ala Leu Ser Gly His Glu Gly Pro Val				
	290		295		300
35	Ser Cys Leu Ser Phe Ser Gln Glu Asn Ser Val Leu Ala Ser Ala Ser				
	305		310		315 320
	Val Gln Pro Ile Glu Val Tyr Ser Asp Val Leu Ala Leu Ser Met Arg				
		340		345	350

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Ile Phe Asn Ile Glu Asp Ala Lys Gln Val Gly Asn Ile Asp Cys Arg
 370 375 380

Lys Asp Ile Ile Ser Gly Arg Phe Asn Gln Asp Arg Phe Thr Ala Lys
 5 385 390 395 400

Ile Leu Asn Asp Pro Asn Phe Leu Leu Gln Tyr Ile Thr Val Leu Met
 405 410 415

10 Val Trp Leu Leu Trp Leu Val Val Ile Ile Thr Pro Phe Val Tyr Met
 420 425 430

Met Phe Gln Met Lys Ser Cys
 435

15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:66:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 514 amino acids
 20 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

25 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

30 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: YCW2 PROTEIN, Fig. 49

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:66:

35 Met Ser Thr Leu Ile Pro Pro Pro Ser Lys Lys Gln Lys Lys Glu Ala
 1 5 10 15

Gln Leu Pro Arg Glu Val Ala Ile Ile Pro Lys Asn Leu Pro Asn Val

35

40

45

Leu Arg Val Pro Gly Ala Ile Ser Glu Lys Gln Leu Glu Glu Leu Leu

Asn Gln Leu Asn Gly Thr Ser Asp Asp Pro Val Pro Tyr Thr Phe Ser
65 70 75 80

Cys Thr Ile Gln Gly Lys Lys Ala Ser Asp Pro Val Lys Thr Ile Asp
5 85 90 95

Ile Thr Asp Asn Leu Tyr Ser Ser Leu Ile Lys Pro Gly Tyr Asn Ser
100 105 110

```

10      Thr Glu Asp Gln Ile Thr Leu Leu Tyr Thr Pro Arg Ala Val Phe Lys
                115                      120                      125

```

Val Lys Pro Val Thr Arg Ser Ser Ser Ala Ile Ala Gly His Gly Ser
130 135 140

15
Thr Ile Leu Cys Ser Ala Phe Ala Pro His Thr Ser Ser Arg Met Val
145 150 155 160

Thr Gly Ala Gly Asp Asn Thr Ala Arg Ile Trp Asp Cys Asp Thr Gln
20 165 170 175

Thr Pro Met His Thr Leu Lys Gly His Tyr Asn Trp Val Leu Cys Val
180 185 190

25 Ser Trp Ser Pro Asp Gly Glu Val Ile Ala Thr Gly Ser Met Asp Asn
195 200 205

Thr Ile Arg Leu Trp Asp Pro Lys Ser Gly Gln Cys Leu Gly Asp Ala
210 215 220

30

Leu Arg Gly His Ser Lys Trp Ile Thr Ser Leu Ser Trp Glu Pro Ile

225 230 235 240

His Leu Val Lys Pro Gly Ser Lys Pro Arg Leu Ala Ser Ser Ser Lys
35 245 250 255

Asp Gly Thr Ile Lys Ile Trp Asp Thr Val Ser Arg Val Cys Gln Tyr
260 265 270

Gln Gly Leu Leu Tyr Ser Gly Ser His Asp Arg Thr Val Arg Val Trp
290 295 300

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	305		310		315		320
	His Trp Val Asn His Leu Ser Leu Ser Thr Asp Tyr Ala Leu Arg Ile						
		325		330		335	
5							
	Gly Ala Phe Asp His Thr Gly Lys Lys Pro Ser Thr Pro Glu Glu Ala						
		340		345		350	
	Gln Lys Lys Ala Leu Glu Asn Tyr Glu Lys Ile Cys Lys Lys Asn Gly						
10		355		360		365	
	Asn Ser Glu Glu Met Met Val Thr Ala Ser Asp Asp Tyr Thr Met Phe						
		370		375		380	
15							
	Leu Trp Asn Pro Leu Lys Ser Thr Lys Pro Ile Ala Arg Met Thr Gly						
		385		390		395	400
	His Gln Lys Leu Val Asn His Val Ala Phe Ser Pro Asp Gly Arg Tyr						
		405		410		415	
20							
	Ile Val Ser Ala Ser Phe Asp Asn Ser Ile Lys Leu Trp Asp Gly Arg						
		420		425		430	
	Asp Gly Lys Phe Ile Ser Thr Phe Arg Gly His Ile Ala Ser Val Tyr						
25		435		440		445	
	Gln Val Ala Trp Ser Ser Asp Cys Arg Leu Leu Val Ser Cys Ser Lys						
		450		455		460	
30							
	Asp Thr Thr Leu Lys Val Trp Asp Val Arg Thr Arg Lys Leu Ser Val						
		465		470		475	480
	Asp Leu Pro Gly Ile Lys Thr Lys Leu Tyr Val Asp Trp Ser Val Asp						
		485		490		495	
35							
	Gly Lys Arg Val Cys Ser Gly Gly Lys Asp Lys Met Val Arg Leu Trp						
		500		505		510	

INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:67:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

A LENGTH 511

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(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

5 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

10 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: YKL525, Fig. 50

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:67:

15 Met Phe Lys Ser Lys Thr Ser Thr Leu Ser Tyr Asp Glu Thr Pro Asn
 1 5 10 15
 Ser Asn Glu Gly Asp Arg Asn Ala Thr Pro Val Asn Pro Lys Glu Lys
 20 20 25 30
 Ser Gln Thr Lys His Leu Asn Ile Pro Gly Asp Arg Ser Arg His Ser
 35 40 45
 Ser Ile Ala Asp Ser Lys Arg Ser Ser Ser Arg Tyr Asp Gly Gly Tyr
 25 50 55 60
 Ser Ala Asp Ile Ile Pro Ala Gln Leu Arg Phe Ile Asp Asn Ile Asp
 65 70 75 80
 Tyr Gly Thr Arg Leu Arg Lys Thr Leu His Arg Asn Ser Val Val Ser
 30 85 90 95
 Asn Gly Tyr Asn Lys Leu Ser Glu Asn Asp Arg Trp Tyr Phe Asp Leu
 100 105 110
 35 Phe Asp Arg Lys Tyr Phe Glu Asn Tyr Leu Glu Glu Pro Thr Tyr Ile
 115 120 125
 Asp Val Tyr Lys Ser Thr Thr Tyr
 145 150 155 160

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	Cys Cys Cys Thr Phe Ser His Asp Gly Lys Tyr Met Val Ile Gly Cys	
	180	185 190
5	Lys Asp Gly Ser Leu His Leu Trp Lys Val Ile Asn Ser Pro Val Lys	
	195	200 205
	Arg Ser Glu Met Gly Arg Ser Glu Lys Ser Val Ser Ala Ser Arg Ala	
	210	215 220
10	Asn Ser Leu Lys Ile Gln Arg His Leu Ala Ser Ile Ser Ser His Asn	
	225	230 235 240
	Gly Ser Ile Ser Ser Asn Asp Leu Lys Pro Ser Asp Gln Phe Glu Gly	
	245	250 255
15	Pro Ser Lys Gln Leu His Leu Tyr Ala Pro Val Phe Tyr Ser Asp Val	
	260	265 270
	Phe Arg Val Phe Met Glu His Ala Leu Asp Ile Leu Asp Ala Asn Trp	
20	275	280 285
	Ser Lys Asn Gly Phe Leu Ile Thr Ala Ser Met Asp Lys Thr Ala Lys	
	290	295 300
25	Leu Trp His Pro Glu Arg Lys Tyr Ser Leu Lys Thr Phe Val His Pro	
	305	310 315 320
	Asp Phe Val Thr Ser Ala Ile Phe Phe Pro Asn Asp Asp Arg Phe Ile	
	325	330 335
30	Ile Thr Gly Cys Leu Asp His Arg Cys Arg Leu Trp Ser Ile Leu Asp	
	340	345 350
	Asn Glu Val Ser Tyr Ala Phe Asp Cys Lys Asp Leu Ile Thr Ser Leu	
35	355	360 365
	Thr Leu Ser Pro Pro Gly Gly Glu Tyr Thr Ile Ile Gly Thr Phe Asn	
	370	375 380
	Phe His Val Ser Asp Lys Ser Thr Gln Gly Thr Thr Lys Asn Ser Phe	
	405	410

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	420	425	430
	Gly Leu Gln Cys Phe Phe Ser Lys Val Asp Lys Asn Leu Arg Leu Ile		
	435	440	445
5	Val Thr Thr Asn Asp Ser Lys Ile Gln Ile Phe Asp Leu Asn Glu Lys		
	450	455	460
	Lys Pro Leu Glu Leu Phe Lys Gly Phe Gln Ser Gly Ser Ser Arg His		
10	465	470	475 480
	Arg Gly Gln Phe Leu Met Met Lys Asn Glu Pro Val Val Phe Thr Gly		
	485	490	495
15	Ser Asp Asp His Trp Phe Tyr Thr Trp Lys Met Gln Ser Phe Asn Leu		
	500	505	510
	Ser Ala Glu Met Asn Cys Thr Ala Pro His Arg Lys Lys Arg Leu Ser		
	515	520	525
20	Gly Ser Met Ser Leu Lys Gly Leu Leu Arg Ile Val Ser Asn Lys Ser		
	530	535	540
	Thr Asn Asp Glu Cys Leu Thr Glu Thr Ser Asn Gln Ser Ser Ser His		
25	545	550	555 560
	Thr Phe Thr Asn Ser Ser Lys Asn Val Leu Gln Thr Gln Thr Val Gly		
	565	570	575
30	Ser Gln Ala Ile Lys Asn Asn His Tyr Ile Ser Phe His Ala His Asn		
	580	585	590
	Ser Pro Val Thr Cys Ala Ser Ile Ala Pro Asp Val Ala Ile Lys Asn		
	595	600	605
35	Leu Ser Leu Ser Asn Asp Leu Ile Phe Glu Leu Thr Ser Gln Tyr Phe		
	610	615	620
	Arg Pro Asn His Pro Val Thr Glu Thr Gly Gly Phe Ser Ser Asn Leu		
	645	650	655

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	Gln Gly Leu Ile Arg Val Phe Arg Thr Asp Ile Leu Pro Glu Ile Arg
	675 680 685
5	Lys Lys Ile Ile Glu Lys Phe His Glu Tyr Asn Leu Phe His Leu Glu
	690 695 700
	Ala Ala Gly Lys Ile Asn Asn His Asn Asn Asp Ser Ile Leu Glu Asn
	705 710 715 720
10	Arg Met Asp Glu Arg Ser Ser Thr Glu Asp Asn Glu Phe Ser Thr Thr
	725 730 735
	Pro Pro Ser Asn Thr His Asn Ser Arg Pro Ser His Asp Phe Cys Glu
15	740 745 750
	Leu His Pro Asn Asn Ser Pro Val Ile Ser Gly Met Pro Ser Arg Ala
	755 760 765
	Ser Ala Ile Phe Lys Asn Ser Ile Phe Asn Lys Ser Asn Gly Ser Phe
20	770 775 780
	Ile Ser Leu Lys Ser Arg Ser Glu Ser Thr Ser Ser Thr Val Phe Gly
	785 790 795 800
25	Pro His Asp Ile Pro Arg Val Ser Thr Thr Tyr Pro Lys Leu Lys Cys
	805 810 815
	Asp Val Cys Asn Gly Ser Asn Phe Glu Cys Ala Ser Lys Asn Pro Ile
30	820 825 830
	Ala Gly Gly Asp Ser Gly Phe Thr Cys Ala Asp Cys Gly Thr Ile Leu
	835 840 845
35	Asn Asn Phe Arg
	850

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:68:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

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(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: yrb 1410 yeast, Fig. 51

5

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:68:

10	Met	Ser	Gln	Lys	Gln	Ser	Thr	Asn	Gln	Asn	Gln	Asn	Gly	Thr	His	Gln	1	5	10	15
	Pro	Gln	Pro	Val	Lys	Asn	Gln	Arg	Thr	Asn	Asn	Ala	Ala	Gly	Ala	Asn	20	25	30	
15	Ser	Gly	Gln	Gln	Pro	Gln	Gln	Gln	Ser	Gln	Gly	Gln	Ser	Gln	Gln	Gln	35	40	45	
	Gly	Arg	Ser	Asn	Gly	Pro	Phe	Ser	Ala	Ser	Asp	Leu	Asn	Arg	Ile	Val	50	55	60	
20	Leu	Glu	Tyr	Leu	Asn	Lys	Lys	Gly	Tyr	His	Arg	Thr	Glu	Ala	Met	Leu	65	70	75	80
	Arg	Ala	Glu	Ser	Gly	Arg	Thr	Leu	Thr	Pro	Gln	Asn	Lys	Gln	Ser	Pro	85	90	95	
25	Ala	Asn	Thr	Lys	Thr	Gly	Lys	Phe	Pro	Glu	Gln	Ser	Ser	Ile	Pro	Pro	100	105	110	
30	Asn	Pro	Gly	Lys	Thr	Ala	Lys	Pro	Ile	Ser	Asn	Pro	Thr	Asn	Leu	Ser	115	120	125	
	Ser	Lys	Arg	Asp	Ala	Glu	Gly	Gly	Ile	Val	Ser	Ser	Gly	Arg	Leu	Glu	130	135	140	
35	Gly	Leu	Asn	Ala	Pro	Glu	Asn	Tyr	Ile	Arg	Ala	Tyr	Ser	Met	Leu	Lys	145	150	155	160
	Leu	Met	Tyr	Pro	Ile	Phe	Ile	Tyr	Leu	Phe	Leu	Asn	Leu	Val	Ala	Lys	180	185	190	

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	Lys Asp Phe His Gly Ser Glu Ile Asn Arg Leu Phe Ser Val Asn Ser	
	210	215 220
5	Ile Asp His Ile Lys Glu Asn Glu Val Ala Ser Ala Phe Gln Ser His	
	225	230 235 240
	Lys Tyr Arg Ile Thr Met Ser Lys Thr Thr Leu Asn Leu Leu Leu Tyr	
	245	250 255
10	Phe Leu Asn Glu Asn Glu Ser Ile Gly Gly Ser Leu Ile Ile Ser Val	
	260	265 270
	Ile Asn Gln His Leu Asp Pro Asn Ile Val Glu Ser Val Thr Ala Arg	
	275	280 285
15	Glu Lys Leu Ala Asp Gly Ile Lys Val Leu Ser Asp Ser Glu Asn Gly	
	290	295 300
	Asn Gly Lys Gln Asn Leu Glu Met Asn Ser Val Pro Val Lys Leu Gly	
20	305	310 315 320
	Pro Phe Pro Lys Asp Glu Glu Phe Val Lys Glu Ile Glu Thr Glu Leu	
	325	330 335
25	Lys Ile Lys Asp Asp Gln Glu Lys Gln Leu Asn Gln Gln Thr Ala Gly	
	340	345 350
	Asp Asn Tyr Ser Gly Ala Asn Asn Arg Thr Leu Leu Gln Glu Tyr Lys	
	355	360 365
30	Ala Met Asn Asn Glu Lys Phe Lys Asp Asn Thr Gly Asp Asp Asp Lys	
	370	375 380
	Asp Lys Ile Lys Asp Lys Ile Ala Lys Asp Glu Glu Lys Lys Glu Ser	
35	385	390 395 400
	Glu Leu Lys Val Asp Gly Glu Lys Lys Asp Ser Asn Leu Ser Ser Pro	
	405	410 415
	Leu Glu Ile Gln Lys Val Lys Glu Ser Arg Asp Ala Ile Lys Leu Asp	
	435	440 445

[illegible]

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Glu Gly Asn Val Leu Ile Ser Gly Gly Ala Asp His Thr Val Arg Val
 705 710 715 720
 Trp Asp Leu Lys Lys Ala Thr Thr Glu Pro Ser Ala Glu Pro Asp Glu
 5 725 730 735
 Pro Phe Ile Gly Tyr Leu Gly Asp Val Thr Ala Ser Ile Asn Gln Asp
 740 745 750
 Ile Lys Glu Tyr Gly Arg Arg Arg Thr Val Ile Pro Thr Ser Asp Leu
 10 755 760 765
 Val Ala Ser Phe Tyr Thr Lys Lys Thr Pro Val Phe Lys Val Lys Phe
 770 775 780
 Ser Arg Ser Asn Leu Ala Leu Ala Gly Gly Ala Phe Arg Pro
 15 785 790 795

20 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:69:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 32 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

25 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

30

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: RACK1 protein rI, Fig. 1C

35

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:69:

Arg Ser Thr Ala Ser Arg Asp Lys Thr Ile Ile Met Trp Lys
 20 25 30

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(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

5

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

10

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: RACK1 protein rII, Fig. 1C

15

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:70:

Gly His Ser His Phe Val Ser Asp Val Val Ile Ser Ser Asp Gly Gln
1 5 10 15

20

Phe Ala Leu Ser Gly Ser Trp Asp Gly Thr Leu Arg Leu Trp Asp
20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:71:

25

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

30

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

35

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: RACK1 protein rIII, Fig. 1C

Gly His Thr Lys Asp Val Leu Ser Val Ala Phe Ser Ser Asp Asn Arg
1 5 10 15

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20

25

30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:72:

5

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 33 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

10

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

15

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: RACK1 protein rIV, Fig. 1C

20

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:72:

Ser His Ser Glu Trp Val Ser Cys Val Arg Phe Ser Pro Asn Ser Ser
1 5 10 15

25

Asn Pro Ile Ile Val Ser Cys Gly Trp Asp Lys Leu Val Lys Val Trp
20 25 30

Asn

30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:73:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids

35

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:73:

Gly His Thr Gly Tyr Leu Asn Thr Val Thr Val Ser Pro Asp Gly Ser
 1 5 10 15

Leu Cys Ala Ser Gly Gly Lys Asp Gly Gln Ala Met Leu Trp Asp
 20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:74:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: RACK1 protein rVI, Fig. 1C

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:74:

Leu Asp Gly Gly Asp Ile Ile Asn Ala Leu Cys Phe Ser Pro Asn Arg
 1 5 10 15

Tyr Trp Leu Cys Ala Ala Thr Gly Pro Ser Ile Lys Ile Trp Asp
 20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:75:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 33 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

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(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: RACK1 protein rVII, Fig. 1C

5 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:75:

Ser Lys Ala Glu Pro Pro Gln Cys Thr Ser Leu Ala Trp Ser Ala Asp
 1 5 10 15

10 Gly Gln Thr Leu Phe Ala Gly Tyr Thr Asp Asn Leu Val Arg Val Trp
 20 25 30

Gln

15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:76:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 32 amino acids

20 (B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

25 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

30 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: Human 55 kDa protein rI, Fig. 11

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:76:

35 Gly His Thr Asp Ala Val Leu Asp Leu Ser Trp Asn Lys Leu Ile Arg
 1 5 10 15

Asn Val Leu Ala Ser Ala Ser Ala Asp Asn Thr Val Ile Leu Trp Asp

INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:77:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

40 (A) LENGTH: 32 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

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(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

5 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

10 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: Human 55 kDa protein rII, Fig. 11

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:77:

15 Ala His Asn Asp Glu Ile Ser Gly Leu Asp Leu Ser Ser Gln Ile Lys
1 5 10 15

Gly Cys Leu Val Thr Ala Ser Ala Asp Lys Tyr Val Lys Ile Trp Asp
20 25 30

20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:78:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

25 (A) LENGTH: 37 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

30

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

35 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: Human 55 kDa protein rIII, Fig. 11

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION:

15

Cys Pro Asp Leu Pro Phe Ile Tyr Ala Phe Gly Gly Gln Lys Glu Gly

15

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Leu Arg Val Trp Asp
35

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:79:

5

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

10

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

15

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: AAC-RICH protein rI, Fig. 12

20

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:79:

Gly Asn Lys Lys Lys Ser Thr Ser Val Ala Trp Asn Ala Asn Gly Thr
1 5 10 15

25

Lys Ile Ala Ser Ser Gly Ser Asp Gly Ile Val Arg Val Trp Asn
20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:80:

30

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 32 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

35

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: AAC-RICH protein rII, Fig. 12

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Gly His Asp Gly Ser Ile Glu Lys Ile Ser Trp Ser Pro Lys Asn Asn
 1 5 10 15

Asp Leu Leu Ala Ser Ala Gly Thr Asp Lys Val Ile Lys Ile Trp Asp
 5 20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:81:

10 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 30 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

15 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

20

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: AAC-RICH protein rIII, Fig. 12

25 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:81:

Asp His Leu Ala Leu Ile Asp Leu Pro Thr Ile Lys Thr Leu Lys Ile
 1 5 10 15

30 Tyr Lys Phe Asn Gly Glu Glu Leu Asn Gln Val Gly Trp Asp
 20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:82:

35 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

SEQUENCE ID NO:82

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(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: AAC-RICH protein rIV, Fig. 12

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:82:

5

Gly His Thr Ala Ser Ile Tyr Cys Met Glu Phe Asp Pro Thr Gly Lys
 1 5 10 15

10

Tyr Leu Ala Ala Gly Ser Ala Asp Ser Ile Val Ser Leu Trp Asp
 20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:83:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

15

(A) LENGTH: 34 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

20

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

25

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: BETA TRCP rI, Fig. 13

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:83:

30

Ile His Cys Arg Ser Glu Thr Ser Lys Gly Val Tyr Cys Leu Gln Tyr
 1 5 10 15

35

Asp Asp Gln Lys Ile Val Ser Gly Leu Arg Asp Asn Thr Ile Lys Ile
 20 25 30

Trp Asp

SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 28 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

40

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

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(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

5 (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: BETA TRCP rII, Fig. 13

10

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:84:

Gly	His	Thr	Gly	Ser	Val	Leu	Cys	Leu	Gln	Tyr	Asp	Glu	Arg	Val	Ile
1				5					10					15	

15

Ile	Thr	Gly	Ser	Asp	Ser	Thr	Val	Arg	Val	Trp	Asp
				20						25	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:85:

20

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 30 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

25

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

30

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: BETA TRCP rIII, Fig. 13

35

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:85:

Ile	His	His	Cys	Glu	Ala	Val	Leu	His	Leu	Arg	Phe	Asp	Asp	Gly	Met
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

20

25

30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:86:

SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 188 -

- (A) LENGTH: 29 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

5 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

10

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: BETA TRCP rIV, Fig. 13

15 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:86:

Gly His Arg Ala Ala Val Asn Val Val Asp Phe Asp Asp Lys Tyr Ile
1 5 10 15

20 Val Ser Ala Ser Gly Asp Arg Thr Ile Lys Val Trp Asn
20 25

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:87:

25 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 29 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

30 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

35

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: BETA TRCP rV, Fig. 13

Gly His Lys Arg Gly Ile Ala Lys Leu Gln Tyr Arg Asp Arg Leu Val
1 5 10 15

- 189 -

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:88:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 5 (A) LENGTH: 29 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

10 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

15 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: BETA TRCP rVI, Fig. 13

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:88:

20 Gly His Glu Glu Leu Val Arg Cys Ile Arg Phe Asp Asn Lys Arg Ile
1 5 10 15
Val Ser Gly Ala Tyr Asp Gly Lys Ile Lys Val Trp Asp
20 25

25

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:89:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 30 (A) LENGTH: 29 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

35 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:89:

- 190 -

Val Ser Ser Ser His Asp Asp Thr Ile Leu Ile Trp Asp
 20 25

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:90:

5

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

10

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

15

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: beta-prime-cop rI, Fig. 14

20

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:90:

Ala His Ser Asp Tyr Ile Arg Cys Ile Ala Val His Pro Thr Gln Pro
 1 5 10 15

25

Phe Ile Leu Thr Ser Ser Asp Asp Met Leu Ile Lys Leu Trp Asp
 20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:91:

30

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 32 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

35

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: beta-prime-cop rII, Fig. 14

40

SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS

- 191 -

Gly His Thr His Tyr Val Met Gln Ile Val Ile Asn Pro Lys Asp Asn
 1 5 10 15

Asn Gln Phe Ala Ser Ala Ser Leu Asp Arg Thr Ile Lys Val Trp Gln
 5 20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:92:

10 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 33 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

15 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

20

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: beta-prime-cop rIII, Fig. 14

25 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:92:

Gly His Glu Lys Gly Val Asn Cys Ile Asp Tyr Tyr Ser Gly Gly Asp
 1 5 10 15

Lys Pro Tyr Leu Ile Ser Gly Ala Asp Asp Arg Leu Val Lys Ile Trp
 20 25 30

Asp

35

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:93:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

- 192 -

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: beta-prime-cop rIV, Fig. 14

5

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:93:

Gly His Ala Gln Asn Val Ser Cys Ala Ser Phe His Pro Glu Leu Pro
1 5 10 15
Ile Ile Ile Thr Gly Ser Glu Asp Gly Thr Val Arg Ile Trp His
20 25 30

10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:94:

15

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 30 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

20

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

25

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: CDC4 / CDC20 protein rI, Fig. 15

30

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:94:

35

Gly His Met Thr Ser Val Ile Thr Cys Leu Gln Phe Glu Asp Asn Tyr
1 5 10 15
Val Ile Thr Gly Ala Asp Asp Lys Met Ile Arg Val Tyr Asp
20 25 30

(A) LENGTH: 30 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

- 193 -

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

5 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: CDC4 / CDC20 protein rII, Fig. 15

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:95:

10

Gly His Asp Gly Gly Val Trp Ala Leu Lys Tyr Ala His Gly Gly Ile
1 5 10 15

Leu Val Ser Gly Ser Thr Asp Arg Thr Val Arg Val Trp Asp
15 20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:96:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

20

(A) LENGTH: 33 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

25

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

30 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: CDC4 / CDC20 protein rIII, Fig. 15

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:96:

35

Gly His Asn Ser Thr Val Arg Cys Leu Asp Ile Val Glu Tyr Lys Asn
1 5 10 15

- 194 -

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 29 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

5

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

10

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: CDC4 / CDC20 protein rIV, Fig. 15

15

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:97:

Gly His Met Ala Ser Val Arg Thr Val Ser Gly His Gly Asn Ile Val
1 5 10 15

20

Val Ser Gly Ser Tyr Asp Asn Thr Leu Ile Val Trp Asp
20 25

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:98:

25

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

30

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

35

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: CDC4 / CDC20 protein rV, Fig. 15

Gly His Thr Asp Arg Ile Tyr Ser Thr Ile Tyr Asp His Glu Arg Lys
1 5 10 15

45

- 195 -

20

25

30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:99:

- 5 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 29 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown
- 10 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- 15 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: CDC4 / CDC20 protein rVI, Fig. 15
- 20 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:99:
- | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Gly | His | Thr | Ala | Leu | Val | Gly | Leu | Leu | Arg | Leu | Ser | Asp | Lys | Phe | Leu |
| 1 | | | | | 5 | | | | 10 | | | | | 15 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Val | Ser | Ala | Ala | Ala | Asp | Gly | Ser | Ile | Arg | Gly | Trp | Asp | | | |
| | | | | 20 | | | | | 25 | | | | | | |

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:100:

- 30 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 33 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown
- 35 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

ORIGINAL SOURCE

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: GBLP-CHLAMIDOMONAS HOMOLOG rI, Fig. 16

- 196 -

Gly His Thr Asn Trp Val Thr Ala Ile Ala Thr Pro Leu Asp Pro Ser
 1 5 10 15

Ser Asn Thr Leu Leu Ser Ala Ser Arg Asp Lys Ser Val Leu Val Trp
 5 20 25 30

Glu

10 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:101:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

15 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

20

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: GBLP -CHLAMIDOMONAS HOMOLOG rII, Fig.

25 16

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:101:

30 Gly His Ser His Phe Val Gln Asp Val Val Ile Ser Ser Asp Gly Gln
 1 5 10 15

Phe Cys Leu Thr Gly Ser Trp Asp Gly Thr Leu Arg Leu Trp Asp
 20 25 30

35

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:102:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

- 197 -

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: GBLP -CHLAMIDOMONAS HOMOLOG rIII, Fig.

5 16

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:102:

Gly His Thr Lys Asp Val Leu Ser Val Ala Phe Ser Val Asp Asn Arg
 10 1 5 10 15

Gln Ile Val Ser Gly Ser Arg Asp Lys Thr Ile Lys Leu Trp Asn
 20 25 30

15 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:103:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 33 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

20 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

25

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: GBLP -CHLAMIDOMONAS HOMOLOG rIV, Fig.

30 16

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:103:

Gly His Thr Glu Trp Val Ser Cys Val Arg Phe Ser Pro Met Thr Thr
 35 1 5 10 15

Asn Pro Ile Ile Val Ser Gly Gly Trp Asp Lys Met Val Lys Val Trp
 20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:104:

SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 33 amino acids

- 198 -

(B) TYPE: amino acid
(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

5

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

10

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: GBLP -CHLAMIDOMONAS HOMOLOG rV, Fig.

16

15

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:104:

Gly His His Gly Tyr Val Asn Thr Val Thr Val Ser Pro Asp Gly Ser
1 5 10 15

20

Leu Cys Ala Ser Gly Gly Lys Asp Gly Ile Ala Met Leu Trp Asp
20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:105:

25

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 32 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

30

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

35

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: GBLP -CHLAMIDOMONAS HOMOLOG rVI, Fig.

16

Ile His Cys Leu Cys Phe Ser Pro Asn Arg Tyr Trp Leu Cys Ala Ala
1 5 10 15

45

- 199 -

20

25

30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:106:

5

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 33 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

10

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

15

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: GBLP -CHLAMIDOMONAS HOMOLOG rVII, Fig.

16

20

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:106:

25

Lys Lys Ala Gln Val Pro Tyr Cys Val Ser Leu Ala Trp Ser Ala Asp
1 5 10 15

Gly Ser Thr Leu Tyr Ser Gly Tyr Thr Asp Gly Gln Ile Arg Val Trp
20 25 30

30

Ala

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:107:

35

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 33 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

- 200 -

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: cop-1 protein rI, Fig. 17

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:107:

5

Met Ser Thr Arg Ser Lys Leu Ser Cys Leu Ser Trp Asn Lys His Glu
 1 5 10 15

Lys Asn His Ile Ala Ser Ser Asp Tyr Glu Gly Ile Val Thr Val Trp
 10 20 25 30

Asp

15 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:108:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 30 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

20 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

25

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: cop-1 protein rII, Fig. 17

30

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:108:

Glu Lys Arg Ala Trp Ser Val Asp Phe Ser Arg Thr Glu Pro Ser Met
 35 1 5 10 15

Leu Val Ser Gly Ser Asp Asp Cys Lys Val Lys Val Trp Cys
 20 25 30

SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 30 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

45

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

- 201 -

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

5 (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: cop-1 protein rIII, Fig. 17

10

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:109:

Gly His Lys Lys Ala Val Ser Tyr Met Lys Phe Leu Ser Asn Asn Glu
1 5 10 15

15

Leu Ala Ser Ala Ser Thr Asp Ser Thr Leu Arg Leu Trp Asp
20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:110:

20

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 32 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

25

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

30 (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: Coronin (p55) rI, Fig. 19

35

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:110:

Gly His Lys Ser Ala Val Leu Asp Ile Ala Phe His Pro Phe Asn Glu
1 5

45 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:111:

- 202 -

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 32 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

5

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

10

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: Coronin (p55) rII, Fig. 19

15

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:111:

Gly His Lys Arg Lys Val Gly Thr Ile Ser Phe Gly Pro Val Ala Asp
1 5 10 15

20

Asn Val Ala Val Thr Ser Ser Gly Asp Phe Leu Val Lys Thr Trp Asp
20 25 30

25 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:112:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

30

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

35

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:112:

Gly His Ser Asp Met Ile Thr Ser Cys Glu Trp Asn His Asn Gly Ser

40

- 203 -

Gln Ile Val Thr Thr Cys Lys Asp Lys Lys Ala Arg Val Phe Asp
 20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:113:

5

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 38 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

10

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

15

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: CORO PROTEIN rI, Fig. 18

20

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:113:

Arg His Val Phe Ala Ala Gln Pro Lys Lys Glu Glu Cys Tyr Gln Asn
 1 5 10 15

25

Leu Lys Thr Lys Ser Ala Val Trp Asp Ser Asn Tyr Val Ala Ala Asn
 20 25 30

Thr Arg Tyr Ile Trp Asp

30

35

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:114:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

35

(A) LENGTH: 32 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

- 204 -

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:114:

Gly His Lys Ser Ala Val Leu Asp Ile Ala Phe His Pro Phe Asn Glu
 1 5 10 15
 Asn Leu Val Gly Ser Val Ser Glu Asp Cys Asn Ile Cys Ile Trp Gly
 20 25 30

10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:115:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 32 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

15

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

20 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

25 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: CORO PROTEIN rIII, Fig. 18

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:115:

Gly His Lys Arg Lys Val Gly Thr Ile Ser Phe Gly Pro Val Ala Asp
 1 5 10 15
 Asn Val Ala Val Thr Ser Ser Gly Asp Phe Leu Val Lys Thr Trp Asp
 20 25 30

35

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:116:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

40

- 205 -

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: CORO PROTEIN rIV, Fig. 18

5

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:116:

10 Gly His Ser Asp Met Ile Thr Ser Cys Glu His Asn Gly Ser Gln Ile
1 5 10 15

Val Thr Thr Cys Lys Asp Lys Lys Ala Arg Val Phe Asp
20 25

15 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:117:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

20 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

25

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: CSTF 50kDa rI, Fig. 20

30

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:117:

35 Asp His Val Asp Glu Val Thr Cys Leu Ala Phe His Pro Thr Glu Gln
1 5 10 15

Ile Leu Ala Ser Gly Ser Arg Asp Tyr Thr Leu Lys Leu Phe Asp
20 25 30

(1) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

- 206 -

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

5 (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: CSTF 50kDa rII, Fig. 20

10

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:118:

Asp His Val Asp Glu Val Thr Cys Leu Ala Phe His Pro Thr Glu Gln
1 5 10 15

15

Ile Leu Ala Ser Gly Ser Arg Asp Tyr Thr Leu Lys Leu Phe Asp
20 25 30

20 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:119:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 32 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

25 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

30

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: CSTF 50kDa rIII, Fig. 20

35

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:119:

Asp Tyr Ile Leu Ser Ser Gly Lys Asp Ser Val Ala Lys Leu Trp Glu
20 25 30

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(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 29 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

5

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

10

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: CSTF 50kDa rIV, Fig. 20

15

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:120:

Val His Arg Thr Gln Ala Val Phe Asn His Thr Glu Asp Tyr Val Leu
1 5 10 15

20

Leu Pro Asp Glu Arg Thr Ile Ser Leu Cys Cys Trp Asp
20 25

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:121:

25

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

30

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

35

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: CSTF 50kDa rV, Fig. 20

Gly His Asn Asn Ile Val Arg Cys Ile Val His Ser Pro Thr Asn Pro
1 5 10 15

- 208 -

20

25

30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:122:

- 5 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

10 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

15

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: G- BETA DROSOPH rI, Fig. 23

20 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:122:

Gly His Leu Ala Lys Ile Tyr Ala Met His Trp Gly Asn Asp Ser Arg
 1 5 10 15

25 Asn Leu Val Ser Ala Ser Gln Asp Gly Lys Leu Ile Val Trp Asp
 20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:123:

- 30 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 30 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

35 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: G- BETA DROSOPH rII, Fig. 23

45

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- 209 -

Gly His Gly Gly Tyr Leu Ser Cys Cys Arg Phe Leu Asp Asp Asn Gln
 1 5 10 15

Ile Val Thr Ser Ser Gly Asp Met Ser Cys Gly Leu Trp Asp
 5 20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:124:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 10 (A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

15

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

20 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: G- BETA DROSOPH rIII, Fig. 23

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:124:

25

Gly His Thr Gly Asp Val Met Ala Leu Ser Leu Ala Pro Gln Cys Lys
 1 5 10 15

Thr Phe Val Ser Gly Ala Cys Asp Ala Ser Ala Lys Leu Trp Asp
 30 20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:125:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 35 (A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE:

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

15 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:125:

Gly His Glu Ser Asp Ile Asn Ala Val Thr Phe Phe Pro Asn Gly Gln
1 5 10 15

Ala Phe Ala Thr Gly Ser Asp Asp Ala Thr Cys Arg Leu Phe Asp
20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:126:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 34 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: G- BETA DROSOPH rV, Fig. 23

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:126:

Ser His Asp Asn Ile Ile Cys Gly Ile Thr Ser Val Ala Phe Ser Lys
1 5 10 15

Ser Gly Arg Leu Leu Leu Ala Gly Tyr Asp Asp Phe Asn Cys Asn Val
20 25 30

Trp Asp

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:127:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

- 211 -

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: G- BETA DROSOPH rVI, Fig. 23

5

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:127:

Gly	His	Asp	Asn	Arg	Val	Ser	Cys	Leu	Gly	Val	Thr	Glu	Asn	Gly	Met
1				5				10						15	
Ala	Val	Ala	Thr	Gly	Ser	Trp	Asp	Ser	Phe	Leu	Arg	Val	Trp	Asn	
			20					25						30	

15 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:128:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 32 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

20 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

25

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: G-BETA HUMAN rI, Fig. 24

30

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:128:

Gly	His	Asn	Gly	Trp	Val	Thr	Gln	Ile	Ala	Thr	Thr	Pro	Gln	Phe	Pro
1				5					10					15	
Asp	Met	Ile	Leu	Ser	Ala	Ser	Arg	Asp	Lys	Thr	Ile	Ile	Met	Trp	Lys
			20					25						30	

35

SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS

(A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

40 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

- 212 -

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

5 (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: G-BETA HUMAN rII, Fig. 24

10

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:129:

Gly His Ser His Phe Val Ser Asp Val Val Ile Ser Ser Asp Gly Gln
1 5 10 15

15

Phe Ala Leu Ser Gly Ser Trp Asp Gly Thr Leu Arg Leu Trp Asp
20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:130:

20

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

25

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

30 (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: G-BETA HUMAN rIII, Fig. 24

35

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:130:

Gly His Thr Lys Asp Val Leu Ser Val Ala Phe Ser Ser Asp Asn Arg
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:131:

45

- 213 -

- (A) LENGTH: 33 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

5 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

10

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: G-BETA HUMAN rIV, Fig. 24

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:131:

15

Ser His Ser Glu Trp Val Ser Cys Val Arg Phe Ser Pro Asn Ser Ser
1 5 10 15

20

Asn Pro Ile Ile Val Ser Cys Gly Trp Asp Lys Leu Val Lys Val Trp
20 25 30

Asn

25 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:132:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

30

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

35

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: G-BETA HUMAN rIV, Fig. 24

SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:132:

40

Gly His Thr Gly Tyr Leu Asn Thr Val Thr Val Ser Pro Asp Gly Ser

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Leu Cys Ala Ser Gly Gly Lys Asp Gly Gln Ala Met Leu Trp Asp
 20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:133:

5

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 36 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

10

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

15

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: G-BETA HUMAN rVI, Fig. 24

20

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:133:

Lys His Leu Tyr Thr Leu Asp Gly Gly Asp Ile Ile Asn Ala Leu Cys
 1 5 10 15

25

Phe Ser Pro Asn Arg Tyr Trp Leu Cys Ala Ala Thr Gly Pro Ser Ile
 20 25 30

Lys Ile Trp Asp

30

35

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:134:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

35

(A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

40

ORIGINAL SOURCE

G-BETA HUMAN

- 215 -

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:134:

	Ala	Glu	Pro	Pro	Gln	Cys	Thr	Ser	Leu	Ala	Trp	Ser	Ala	Asp	Gly	Gln
5	1				5				10					15		
	Thr	Leu	Phe	Ala	Gly	Tyr	Thr	Asp	Asn	Leu	Val	Arg	Val	Trp	Gln	
				20					25					30		

10 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:135:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

15 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

20

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: G-Beta 1 bovine rI, Fig. 21

25

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:135:

	Gly	His	Leu	Ala	Lys	Ile	Tyr	Ala	Met	His	Trp	Gly	Thr	Asp	Ser	Arg
30	1				5				10					15		
	Leu	Leu	Val	Ser	Ala	Ser	Gln	Asp	Gly	Lys	Leu	Ile	Ile	Trp	Asp	
					20				25					30		

35 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:136:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 30 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

45

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(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: G-Beta 1 bovine rII, Fig. 21

5 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:136:

Gly	His	Thr	Gly	Tyr	Leu	Ser	Cys	Cys	Arg	Phe	Leu	Asp	Asp	Asn	Gln
1				5					10					15	

Ile	Val	Thr	Ser	Ser	Gly	Asp	Thr	Thr	Cys	Ala	Leu	Trp	Asp
				20				25					30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:137:

15 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

20 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

25

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: G-Beta 1 bovine rIII, Fig. 21

30 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:137:

Gly	His	Thr	Gly	Asp	Val	Met	Ser	Leu	Ser	Leu	Ala	Pro	Asp	Thr	Arg
1				5				10						15	

Leu	Phe	Val	Ser	Gly	Ala	Cys	Asp	Ala	Ser	Ala	Lys	Leu	Trp	Asp
				20				25						30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:138:

TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

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(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

5 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: G-Beta 1 bovine rIV, Fig. 21

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:138:

10

Gly His Glu Ser Asp Ile Asn Ala Ile Cys Phe Phe Pro Asn Gly Asn
 1 5 10 15

Ala Phe Ala Thr Gly Ser Asp Asp Ala Thr Cys Arg Leu Phe Asp
 15 20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:139:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

20

(A) LENGTH: 34 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

25

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO ;

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

30 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: G-Beta 1 bovine rV, Fig. 21

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:139:

35

Ser His Asp Asn Ile Ile Cys Gly Ile Thr Ser Val Ser Phe Ser Lys
 1 5 10 15

Ser Gly Arg Leu Leu Leu Ala Gly Thr ...

45 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:140:

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(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

5

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

10

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: G-Beta 1 bovine rVI, Fig. 21

15

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:140:

Gly	His	Asp	Asn	Arg	Val	Ser	Cys	Leu	Gly	Val	Thr	Asp	Asp	Gly	Met
1				5					10					15	

20

Ala	Val	Ala	Thr	Gly	Ser	Trp	Asp	Ser	Phe	Leu	Lys	Ile	Trp	Asn
			20					25					30	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:141:

25

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

30

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

35

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: G-Beta-bovine(2) rI, Fig 22

Gly	His	Leu	Ala	Lys	Ile	Tyr	Ala	Met	His	Trp	Gly	Thr	Asp	Ser	Arg
1				5					10					15	

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20

25

30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:142:

5 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 30 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

10 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

15

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: G-Beta-bovine(2) rII, Fig. 22

20 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:142:

Gly	His	Thr	Gly	Tyr	Leu	Ser	Cys	Cys	Arg	Phe	Leu	Asp	Asp	Asn	Gln
1				5					10					15	

Ile	Ile	Thr	Ser	Ser	Gly	Asp	Thr	Thr	Cys	Ala	Leu	Trp	Asp
				20				25					30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:143:

30 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

35 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

45 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:143:

- 220 -

Gly His Ser Gly Asp Val Met Ser Leu Ser Leu Ala Pro Asp Gly Arg
1 5 10 15

Thr Phe Val Ser Gly Ala Cys Asp Ala Ser Ile Lys Leu Trp Asp
5 20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:144:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 10 (A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

15

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

20

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: G-Beta-bovine(2) rIV, Fig. 22

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:144:

25

Gly His Glu Ser Asp Ile Asn Ala Val Ala Phe Phe Pro Asn Gly Tyr
1 5 10 15

Ala Phe Thr Thr Gly Ser Asp Asp Ala Thr Cys Arg Leu Phe Asp
30 20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:145:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 35 (A) LENGTH: 34 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:146:

Ser His Asp Asn Ile Ile Cys Gly Ile Thr Ser Val Ala Phe Ser Arg
 5 1 5 10 15
 Ser Gly Arg Leu Leu Leu Ala Gly Tyr Asp Asp Phe Asn Cys Asn Ile
 20 25 30
 10 Trp Asp

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:146:

15 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown
 20 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
 (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
 25 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: G-Beta-bovine(2) rVI, Fig. 22
 30 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:146:
 Gly His Asp Asn Arg Val Ser Cys Leu Gly Val Thr Asp Asp Gly Met
 1 5 10 15
 Ala Val Ala Thr Gly Ser Trp Asp Ser Phe Leu Lys Ile Trp Asn
 35 20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:147:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown
 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

- 222 -

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: G-Beta2(Human) rI, Fig. 25

5

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:147:

Gly His Leu Ala Lys Ile Tyr Ala Met His Trp Gly Thr Asp Ser Arg
 10 1 5 10 15

Leu Leu Val Ser Ala Ser Gln Asp Gly Lys Leu Ile Ile Trp Asp
 20 25 30

15 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:148:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 30 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

20 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

25

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: G-Beta2(Human) rII, Fig. 25

30

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:148:

Gly His Thr Gly Tyr Leu Ser Cys Cys Arg Phe Leu Asp Asp Asn Gln
 35 1 5 10 15

Ile Ile Thr Ser Ser Gly Asp Thr Thr Cys Ala Leu Trp Asp
 20 25 30

(A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

45

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

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(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

5 (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: G-Beta2(Human) rIII, Fig. 25

10

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:149:

Gly His Ser Gly Asp Val Met Ser Leu Ser Leu Ala Pro Asp Gly Arg
1 5 10 15

15

Thr Phe Val Ser Gly Ala Cys Asp Ala Ser Ile Lys Leu Trp Asp
20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:150:

20

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

25

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

30 (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: G-Beta2(Human) rIV, Fig. 25

35

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:150:

Gly His Glu Ser Asp Ile Asn Ala Val Ala Phe Phe Pro Asn Glv Trp

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:151:

(A) LENGTH: 34 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

10

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: G-Beta2 (Human) rV, Fig. 25

15 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:151:

Ser His Asp Asn Ile Ile Cys Gly Ile Thr Ser Val Ala Phe Ser Arg
1 5 10 15

20 Ser Gly Arg Leu Leu Leu Ala Gly Tyr Asp Asp Phe Asn Cys Asn Ile
 20 25 30

Trp Asp

25

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:152:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

30 (A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

35 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE.

x1/ SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:152:

45 Gly His Asp Asn Arg Val Ser Thr

- 225 -

Ala Val Ala Thr Gly Ser Trp Asp Ser Phe Leu Lys Ile Trp Asn
20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:153:

5

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

10

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

15

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: G-Beta4(mouse) rI, Fig. 26

20

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:153:

Gly His Leu Ala Lys Ile Tyr Ala Met His Trp Gly Tyr Asp Ser Arg
1 5 10 15

25

Leu Leu Val Ser Ala Ser Gln Asp Gly Lys Leu Ile Ile Trp Asp
20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:154:

30

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 30 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

35

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: G-Beta4(mouse) rII, Fig. 26

- 226 -

Gly His Thr Gly Tyr Leu Ser Cys Cys Arg Phe Leu Asp Asp Gly Gln
 1 5 10 15

Ile Ile Thr Ser Ser Gly Asp Thr Thr Cys Ala Leu Trp Asp
 5 20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:155:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 10 (A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

15

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: G-Beta4(mouse) rIII, Fig. 26

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:155:

25

Gly His Ser Gly Asp Val Met Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Asp Leu Lys
 1 5 10 15

Thr Phe Val Ser Gly Ala Cys Asp Ala Ser Ser Lys Leu Trp Asp
 30 20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:156:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 35 (A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- 227 -

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:156:

Gly His Ile Ser Asp Ile Asn Ala Val Ser Phe Phe Pro Ser Gly Tyr
 5 1 5 10 15

Ala Phe Ala Thr Gly Ser Asp Asp Ala Thr Cys Arg Leu Phe Asp
 20 25 30

10 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:157:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 34 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

15 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

20

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: G-Beta4(mouse) rV, Fig. 26

25

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:157:

Ser His Asp Asn Ile Ile Cys Gly Ile Thr Ser Val Ala Phe Ser Lys
 30 1 5 10 15

Ser Gly Arg Leu Leu Leu Ala Gly Tyr Asp Asp Phe Asn Cys Ser Val
 20 25 30

35 Trp Asp

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:158:

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

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(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

5 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: G-Beta4(mouse) rVI, Fig. 26

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:158:

10

Gly His Asp Asn Arg Val Ser Cys Leu Gly Val Thr Asp Asp Gly Met

1 5 10 15

Ala Val Ala Thr Gly Ser Trp Asp Ser Phe Leu Arg Ile Trp Asn

15 20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:159:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

20

(A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

25

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

30 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: GROUCHO PROT. DRSPH rI, Fig. 27

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:159:

35

Thr Ser Ala Ala Pro Ala Cys Tyr Ala Leu Ala Ser Pro Asp Ser Lys

1 5 10 15

INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:160:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids

- 229 -

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

5 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

10 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: GROUCHO PROT. DRSPH rII, Fig. 27

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:160:

15 Gly His Thr Asp Gly Ala Ser Cys Ile Asp Ile Ser Pro Asp Gly Ser
 1 5 10 15

Arg Leu Trp Thr Gly Gly Leu Asp Asn Thr Val Arg Ser Trp Asp
 20 25 30

20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:161:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids

25 (B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

30 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

35 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: GTP binding prt squid rI, Fig. 28

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:161:

Asn Leu Val Ser Ala Ser Gln Asp Gly Lys Leu Ile Val Trp Asp
 20 25 30

45

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(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 30 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

5

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

10

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: GTP binding prt squid rII, Fig. 28

15

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:162:

Gly His Thr Gly Tyr Leu Ser Cys Cys Arg Phe Ile Asp Asp Asn Gln
1 5 10 15

20

Ile Val Thr Ser Ser Gly Asp Met Thr Cys Ala Leu Trp Asn
20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:163:

25

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

30

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

35

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: GTP binding prt squid rIII, Fig. 28

Gly His Thr Gly Asp Val Met Ser Leu Ser Leu Ala Pro Asp Met Arg
1 5 10 15

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20

25

30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:164:

5 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

10 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

15

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: GTP binding prt squid rIV, Fig. 28

20 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:164:

Gly	His	Glu	Ser	Asp	Ile	Asn	Ala	Ile	Thr	Tyr	Phe	Pro	Asn	Gly	Phe
1				5					10					15	

Ala	Phe	Ala	Thr	Gly	Ser	Asp	Asp	Ala	Thr	Cys	Arg	Leu	Phe	Asp
			20					25					30	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:165:

30 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 34 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

35 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: GTP binding prt squid rIV, Fig. 28

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Ser His Asp Asn Ile Ile Cys Gly Ile Thr Ser Val Ala Phe Ser Lys
 1 5 10 15

Ser Gly Arg Leu Leu Leu Gly Gly Tyr Asp Asp Phe Asn Cys Asn Val
 5 20 25 30

Trp Asp

10 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:166:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 24 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

15 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

20

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: GTP binding prt squid rVI, Fig. 28

25

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:166:

Gly His Asp Asn Arg Val Ser Cys Leu Gly Val Thr Glu Asp Gly Met
 1 5 10 15

30

Ala Val Ala Thr Gly Ser Trp Asp
 20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:167:

35

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 32 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:172:

Gly His Asn Gly Trp Val Thr Gln Ile Ala Thr Thr Pro Gln Phe Pro
1 5 10 15
Asp Met Ile Leu Ser Ala Ser Arg Asp Lys Thr Ile Ile Met Trp Lys
20 25 30

10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:173:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

15

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

20 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

25 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: HUMAN 12.3 rII, Fig. 30

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:173:

Gly His Ser His Phe Val Ser Asp Val Val Ile Ser Ser Asp Gly Gln
1 5 10 15
Phe Ala Leu Ser Gly Ser Trp Asp Gly Thr Leu Arg Leu Trp Asp
20 25 30

35

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:174:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

- 237 -

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: HUMAN 12.3 rIII, Fig. 30

5

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:174:

Gly His Thr Lys Asp Val Leu Ser Val Ala Phe Ser Ser Asp Asn Arg
10 1 5 10 15
Gln Ile Val Ser Gly Ser Arg Asp Lys Thr Ile Lys Leu Trp Asn
20 25 30

15 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:175:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 33 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

20 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

25

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: HUMAN 12.3 rIV, Fig. 30

30

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:175:

Ser His Ser Glu Trp Val Ser Cys Val Arg Phe Ser Pro Asn Ser Ser
35 1 5 10 15
Asn Pro Ile Ile Val Ser Cys Gly Trp Asp Lys Leu Val Lys Val Trp
20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:176:

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(B) TYPE: amino acid
(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

5

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

10

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: HUMAN 12.3 rV, Fig. 30

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:176:

15

Gly His Thr Gly Tyr Leu Asn Thr Val Thr Val Ser Pro Asp Gly Ser
1 5 10 15

Leu Cys Ala Ser Gly Gly Lys Asp Gly Gln Ala Met Leu Trp Asp
20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:177:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

25

(A) LENGTH: 36 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

30

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

35

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: HUMAN 12.3 rVI, Fig. 30

15

Phe Ser Pro Asn Arg Tyr Trp Leu Cys Ala Ala Thr Gly Pro Ser Ile

- 239 -

Lys Ile Trp Asp
35

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:178:

5

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 38 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

10

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

15

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: HUMAN 12.3 rVII, Fig. 30

20

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:178:

Val Ile Ser Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Glu Pro Pro Gln Cys Thr Ser Leu
1 5 10 15

25

Ala Trp Ser Ala Asp Gly Gln Thr Leu Phe Ala Gly Tyr Thr Asp Asn
20 25 30

Leu Val Arg Val Trp Gln
35

30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:179:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

35

(A) LENGTH: 32 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:179:

10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:180:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

15

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

20 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

25 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: IEF-7442-human rII, Fig. 31

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:180:

30 Gly His Ser Ala Val Val Glu Asp Val Ala Trp His Leu Leu His Glu
1 5 10 15
Ser Leu Phe Gly Ser Val Ala Asp Asp Gln Lys Leu Met Ile Trp Asp
20 25 30
35

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:181:

2. TOPOLOGY: unknown.

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

- 241 -

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: IEF-7442-human rIII, Fig. 31

5

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:181:

Ala His Thr Ala Glu Val Asn Cys Leu Ser Phe Asn Pro Tyr Ser Glu
 10 1 5 10 15
 Phe Ile Leu Ala Thr Gly Ser Ala Asp Lys Thr Val Ala Leu Trp Asp
 20 25 30

15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:182:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 24 amino acids
 20 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

25 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

30 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: IEF-7442-human rIV, Fig. 31

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:182:

Val His Trp Ser Pro His Asn Glu Thr Ile Leu Ala Ser Ser Gly Thr
 35 1 5 10 15

Asp Arg Arg Leu Asn Val Trp Asp

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 32 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

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(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

5 (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: IEF-7442-human rV, Fig. 31

10

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:183:

Gly His Thr Ala Lys Ile Ser Asp Phe Ser Trp Asn Pro Asn Glu Pro
1 5 10 15

15

Trp Val Ile Cys Ser Val Ser Glu Asp Asn Ile Met Gln Ile Trp Gln
20 25 30

20 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:184:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 32 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

25 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

30

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: Insulin-like GF binding
35 protein complex rI, Fig. 32

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:184:

Ser Arg Leu Glu Asp Gly Leu Phe Glu Gly Leu Gly Ser Leu Trp Asp
20 25 30

- 243 -

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:185:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 5 (A) LENGTH: 32 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

10 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- 15 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: Insulin-like growth factor bind.
 pro. complex-rat rI, Fig. 33

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:185:

20 Thr His Thr Pro Ser Leu Ala Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Ser Asn Leu Leu
 1 5 10 15
 Gly Arg Leu Glu Glu Gly Leu Phe Gln Gly Leu Ser His Leu Trp Asp
 20 25 30
 25

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:186:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 30 (A) LENGTH: 47 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

35

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

pro. complex-rat rII, Fig. 33

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Asn His Leu Glu Thr Leu Ala Glu Gly Leu Phe Ser Ser Leu Gly Arg
 1 5 10 15

Val Arg Tyr Leu Ser Leu Arg Asn Asn Ser Leu Gln Thr Phe Ser Pro
 5 20 25 30

Gln Pro Gly Leu Glu Arg Leu Trp Leu Asp Ala Asn Pro Trp Asp
 35 40 45

10 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:187:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

15 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

20

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: LIS1 (human) rI, Fig. 34

25

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:187:

Gly His Arg Ser Pro Val Thr Arg Val Ile Phe His Pro Val Phe Ser
 30 1 5 10 15

Val Met Val Ser Ala Ser Glu Asp Ala Thr Ile Lys Val Trp Asp
 20 25 30

35 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:188:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids

MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

- 245 -

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: LIS1 (human) rII, Fig. 34

5 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:188:

Gly His Thr Asp Ser Val Gln Asp Ile Ser Phe Asp His Ser Gly Lys
 1 5 10 15

10 Leu Leu Ala Ser Cys Ser Ala Asp Met Thr Ile Lys Leu Trp Asp
 20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:189:

15 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

20 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

25

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: LIS1 (human) rIII, Fig. 34

30 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:189:

Gly His Asp His Asn Val Ser Ser Val Ala Ile Met Pro Asn Gly Asp
 1 5 10 15

35 His Ile Val Ser Ala Ser Arg Asp Lys Thr Ile Lys Met Trp Glu
 20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:190:

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

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(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

5 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: LIS1 (human) rIV, Fig. 34

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:190:

10

Gly His Arg Glu Trp Val Arg Met Val Arg Pro Asn Gln Asp Gly Thr
1 5 10 15

Leu Ile Ala Ser Cys Ser Asn Asp Gln Thr Val Arg Val Trp Val
15 20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:191:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

20

(A) LENGTH: 26 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

25

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

30

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: LIS1 (human) rV, Fig. 34

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:191:

35

Gly Ser Glu Thr Lys Lys Ser Gly Lys Pro Gly Pro Phe Leu Leu Ser
1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:192:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

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(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

5 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

10 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: LIS1 (human) rVI, Fig. 34

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:192:

15 Gly His Asp Asn Trp Val Arg Gly Val Leu Phe His Ser Gly Gly Lys
1 5 10 15

Phe Ile Leu Ser Cys Ala Asp Asp Lys Thr Leu Arg Val Trp Asp
20 25 30

20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:193:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids

25 (B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

30 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

35 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: LIS1 (human) rVII, Fig. 34

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:193:

Tyr Val Val Thr Gly Ser Val Asp Gln Thr Val Lys Val Trp Glu
20 25 30

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(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 29 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

5

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

10

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: MD6 rI, Fig. 35

15

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:194:

Gly His Ser Ala Arg Val Tyr Ala Leu Tyr Tyr Lys Asp Gly Leu Leu
1 5 10 15

20

Cys Thr Gly Ser Asp Asp Leu Ser Ala Lys Leu Trp Asp
20 25

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:195:

25

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 27 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

30

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

35

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: MD6 rII, Fig 35

Thr His Thr Cys Ala Ala Val Lys Phe Asp Glu Gln Lys Leu Val Thr
1 5 10

- 249 -

20

25

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:196:

5 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

10 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

15

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: MD6 rIII, Fig. 35

20 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:196:

Gly His Thr Gly Ala Val Phe Ser Val Asp Tyr Ser Asp Glu Leu Asp
1 5 10 15

Ile Leu Val Ser Gly Ser Ala Asp Phe Ala Val Lys Val Trp Ala
20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:197:

30 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 40 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

35 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: MD6 rIV, Fig. 35

- 250 -

Gly His Thr Glu Trp Val Thr Lys Val Val Leu Gln Lys Cys Lys Val
 1 5 10 15

Lys Ser Leu Leu His Ser Pro Gly Asp Tyr Ile Leu Leu Ser Ala Asp
 5 20 25 30

Lys Tyr Glu Ile Lys Ile Trp Pro
 35 40

10 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:198:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 32 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 15 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

20

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: MSL1 rI, Fig. 36
 25

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:198:

Lys His Asp Gly Gly Val Asn Ser Cys Arg Phe Asn Tyr Lys Asn Ser
 30 1 5 10 15

Leu Ile Leu Ala Ser Ala Asp Ser Asn Gly Arg Leu Asn Leu Trp Asp
 20 25 30

35

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:199:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

1 15 30 45 60 75 90 105 120 135 150 165 180 195 210 225 240 255 270 285 300 315 330 345 360 375 390 405 420 435 450 465 480 495 510 525 540 555 570 585 600 615 630 645 660 675 690 705 720 735 750 765 780 795 810 825 840 855 870 885 900 915 930 945 960 975 990 1005 1020 1035 1050 1065 1080 1095 1110 1125 1140 1155 1170 1185 1200 1215 1230 1245 1260 1275 1290 1305 1320 1335 1350 1365 1380 1395 1410 1425 1440 1455 1470 1485 1500 1515 1530 1545 1560 1575 1590 1605 1620 1635 1650 1665 1680 1695 1710 1725 1740 1755 1770 1785 1800 1815 1830 1845 1860 1875 1890 1905 1920 1935 1950 1965 1980 1995 2010 2025 2040 2055 2070 2085 2100 2115 2130 2145 2160 2175 2190 2205 2220 2235 2250 2265 2280 2295 2310 2325 2340 2355 2370 2385 2400 2415 2430 2445 2460 2475 2490 2505 2520 2535 2550 2565 2580 2595 2610 2625 2640 2655 2670 2685 2700 2715 2730 2745 2760 2775 2790 2805 2820 2835 2850 2865 2880 2895 2910 2925 2940 2955 2970 2985 3000 3015 3030 3045 3060 3075 3090 3105 3120 3135 3150 3165 3180 3195 3210 3225 3240 3255 3270 3285 3300 3315 3330 3345 3360 3375 3390 3405 3420 3435 3450 3465 3480 3495 3510 3525 3540 3555 3570 3585 3600 3615 3630 3645 3660 3675 3690 3705 3720 3735 3750 3765 3780 3795 3810 3825 3840 3855 3870 3885 3900 3915 3930 3945 3960 3975 3990 4005 4020 4035 4050 4065 4080 4095 4110 4125 4140 4155 4170 4185 4200 4215 4230 4245 4260 4275 4290 4305 4320 4335 4350 4365 4380 4395 4410 4425 4440 4455 4470 4485 4500 4515 4530 4545 4560 4575 4590 4605 4620 4635 4650 4665 4680 4695 4710 4725 4740 4755 4770 4785 4800 4815 4830 4845 4860 4875 4890 4905 4920 4935 4950 4965 4980 4995 5010 5025 5040 5055 5070 5085 5100 5115 5130 5145 5160 5175 5190 5205 5220 5235 5250 5265 5280 5295 5310 5325 5340 5355 5370 5385 5400 5415 5430 5445 5460 5475 5490 5505 5520 5535 5550 5565 5580 5595 5610 5625 5640 5655 5670 5685 5700 5715 5730 5745 5760 5775 5790 5805 5820 5835 5850 5865 5880 5895 5910 5925 5940 5955 5970 5985 6000 6015 6030 6045 6060 6075 6090 6105 6120 6135 6150 6165 6180 6195 6210 6225 6240 6255 6270 6285 6300 6315 6330 6345 6360 6375 6390 6405 6420 6435 6450 6465 6480 6495 6510 6525 6540 6555 6570 6585 6600 6615 6630 6645 6660 6675 6690 6705 6720 6735 6750 6765 6780 6795 6810 6825 6840 6855 6870 6885 6900 6915 6930 6945 6960 6975 6990 7005 7020 7035 7050 7065 7080 7095 7110 7125 7140 7155 7170 7185 7200 7215 7230 7245 7260 7275 7290 7305 7320 7335 7350 7365 7380 7395 7410 7425 7440 7455 7470 7485 7500 7515 7530 7545 7560 7575 7590 7605 7620 7635 7650 7665 7680 7695 7710 7725 7740 7755 7770 7785 7800 7815 7830 7845 7860 7875 7890 7905 7920 7935 7950 7965 7980 7995 8010 8025 8040 8055 8070 8085 8100 8115 8130 8145 8160 8175 8190 8205 8220 8235 8250 8265 8280 8295 8310 8325 8340 8355 8370 8385 8400 8415 8430 8445 8460 8475 8490 8505 8520 8535 8550 8565 8580 8595 8610 8625 8640 8655 8670 8685 8700 8715 8730 8745 8760 8775 8790 8805 8820 8835 8850 8865 8880 8895 8910 8925 8940 8955 8970 8985 9000 9015 9030 9045 9060 9075 9090 9105 9120 9135 9150 9165 9180 9195 9210 9225 9240 9255 9270 9285 9300 9315 9330 9345 9360 9375 9390 9405 9420 9435 9450 9465 9480 9495 9510 9525 9540 9555 9570 9585 9600 9615 9630 9645 9660 9675 9690 9705 9720 9735 9750 9765 9780 9795 9810 9825 9840 9855 9870 9885 9900 9915 9930 9945 9960 9975 9990 10005 10020 10035 10050 10065 10080 10095 10110 10125 10140 10155 10170 10185 10200 10215 10230 10245 10260 10275 10290 10305 10320 10335 10350 10365 10380 10395 10410 10425 10440 10455 10470 10485 10500 10515 10530 10545 10560 10575 10590 10605 10620 10635 10650 10665 10680 10695 10710 10725 10740 10755 10770 10785 10800 10815 10830 10845 10860 10875 10890 10905 10920 10935 10950 10965 10980 10995 11010 11025 11040 11055 11070 11085 11100 11115 11130 11145 11160 11175 11190 11205 11220 11235 11250 11265 11280 11295 11310 11325 11340 11355 11370 11385 11400 11415 11430 11445 11460 11475 11490 11505 11520 11535 11550 11565 11580 11595 11610 11625 11640 11655 11670 11685 11700 11715 11730 11745 11760 11775 11790 11805 11820 11835 11850 11865 11880 11895 11910 11925 11940 11955 11970 11985 12000 12015 12030 12045 12060 12075 12090 12105 12120 12135 12150 12165 12180 12195 12210 12225 12240 12255 12270 12285 12300 12315 12330 12345 12360 12375 12390 12405 12420 12435 12450 12465 12480 12495 12510 12525 12540 12555 12570 12585 12600 12615 12630 12645 12660 12675 12690 12705 12720 12735 12750 12765 12780 12795 12810 12825 12840 12855 12870 12885 12900 12915 12930 12945 12960 12975 12990 13005 13020 13035 13050 13065 13080 13095 13110 13125 13140 13155 13170 13185 13200 13215 13230 13245 13260 13275 13290 13305 13320 13335 13350 13365 13380 13395 13410 13425 13440 13455 13470 13485 13500 13515 13530 13545 13560 13575 13590 13605 13620 13635 13650 13665 13680 13695 13710 13725 13740 13755 13770 13785 13800 13815 13830 13845 13860 13875 13890 13905 13920 13935 13950 13965 13980 13995 14010 14025 14040 14055 14070 14085 14100 14115 14130 14145 14160 14175 14190 14205 14220 14235 14250 14265 14280 14295 14310 14325 14340 14355 14370 14385 14400 14415 14430 14445 14460 14475 14490 14505 14520 14535 14550 14565 14580 14595 14610 14625 14640 14655 14670 14685 14700 14715 14730 14745 14760 14775 14790 14805 14820 14835 14850 14865 14880 14895 14910 14925 14940 14955 14970 14985 15000 15015 15030 15045 15060 15075 15090 15105 15120 15135 15150 15165 15180 15195 15210 15225 15240 15255 15270 15285 15300 15315 15330 15345 15360 15375 15390 15405 15420 15435 15450 15465 15480 15495 15510 15525 15540 15555 15570 15585 15600 15615 15630 15645 15660 15675 15690 15705 15720 15735 15750 15765 15780 15795 15810 15825 15840 15855 15870 15885 15900 15915 15930 15945 15960 15975 15990 16005 16020 16035 16050 16065 16080 16095 16110 16125 16140 16155 16170 16185 16200 16215 16230 16245 16260 16275 16290 16305 16320 16335 16350 16365 16380 16395 16410 16425 16440 16455 16470 16485 16500 16515 16530 16545 16560 16575 16590 16605 16620 16635 16650 16665 16680 16695 16710 16725 16740 16755 16770 16785 16800 16815 16830 16845 16860 16875 16890 16905 16920 16935 16950 16965 16980 16995 17010 17025 17040 17055 17070 17085 17100 17115 17130 17145 17160 17175 17190 17205 17220 17235 17250 17265 17280 17295 17310 17325 17340 17355 17370 17385 17400 17415 17430 17445 17460 17475 17490 17505 17520 17535 17550 17565 17580 17595 17610 17625 17640 17655 17670 17685 17700 17715 17730 17745 17760 17775 17790 17805 17820 17835 17850 17865 17880 17895 17910 17925 17940 17955 17970 17985 18000 18015 18030 18045 18060 18075 18090 18105 18120 18135 18150 18165 18180 18195 18210 18225 18240 18255 18270 18285 18300 18315 18330 18345 18360 18375 18390 18405 18420 18435 18450 18465 18480 18495 18510 18525 18540 18555 18570 18585 18600 18615 18630 18645 18660 18675 18690 18705 18720 18735 18750 18765 18780 18795 18810 18825 18840 18855 18870 18885 18900 18915 18930 18945 18960 18975 18990 19005 19020 19035 19050 19065 19080 19095 19110 19125 19140 19155 19170 19185 19200 19215 19230 19245 19260 19275 19290 19305 19320 19335 19350 19365 19380 19395 19410 19425 19440 19455 19470 19485 19500 19515 19530 19545 19560 19575 19590 19605 19620 19635 19650 19665 19680 19695 19710 19725 19740 19755 19770 19785 19800 19815 19830 19845 19860 19875 19890 19905 19920 19935 19950 19965 19980 19995 20010 20025 20040 20055 20070 20085 20100 20115 20130 20145 20160 20175 20190 20205 20220 20235 20250 20265 20280 20295 20310 20325 20340 20355 20370 20385 20400 20415 20430 20445 20460 20475 20490 20505 20520 20535 20550 20565 20580 20595 20610 20625 20640 20655 20670 20685 20700 20715 20730 20745 20760 20775 20790 20805 20820 20835 20850 20865 20880 20895 20910 20925 20940 20955 20970 20985 21000 21015 21030 21045 21060 21075 21090 21105 21120 21135 21150 21165 21180 21195 21210 21225 21240 21255 21270 21285 21300 21315 21330 21345 21360 21375 21390 21405 21420 21435 21450 21465 21480 21495 21510 21525 21540 21555 21570 21585 21600 21615 21630 21645 21660 21675 21690 21705 21720 21735 21750 21765 21780 21795 21810 21825 21840 21855 21870 21885 21900 21915 21930 21945 21960 21975 21990 22005 22020 22035 22050 22065 22080 22095 22110 22125 22140 22155 22170 22185 22200 22215 22230 22245 22260 22275 22290 22305 22320 22335 22350 22365 22380 22395 22410 22425 22440 22455 22470 22485 22500 22515 22530 22545 22560 22575 22590 22605 22620 22635 22650 22665 22680 22695 22710 22725 22740 22755 22770 22785 22800 22815 22830 22845 22860 22875 22890 22905 22920 22935 22950 22965 22980 22995 23010 23025 23040 23055 23070 23085 23100 23115 23130 23145 23160 23175 23190 23205 23220 23235 23250 23265 23280 23295 23310 23325 23340 23355 23370 23385 23400 23415 23430 23445 23460 23475 23490 23505 23520 23535 23550 23565 23580 23595 23610 23625 23640 23655 23670 23685 23700 23715 23730 23745 23760 23775 23790 23805 23820 23835 23850 23865 23880 23895 23910 23925 23940 23955 23970 23985 24000 24015 24030 24045 24060 24075 24090 24105 24120 24135 24150 24165 24180 24195 24210 24225 24240 24255 24270 24285 24300 24315 24330 24345 24360 24375 24390 24405 24420 24435 24450 24465 24480 24495 24510 24525 24540 24555 24570 24585 24600 24615 24630 24645 24660 24675 24690 24705 24720 24735 24750 24765 24780 24795 24810 24825 24840 24855 24870 24885 24900 24915 24930 24945 24960 24975 24990 25005 25020 25035 25050 25065 25080 25095 25110 25125 25140 25155 25170 25185 25200 25215 25230 25245 25260 25275 25290 25305 25320 25335 25350 25365 25380 25395 25410 25425 25440 25455 25470 25485 25500 25515 25530 25545 25560 25575 25590 25605 25620 25635 25650 25665 25680 25695 25710 25725 25740 25755 25770 25785 25800 25815 25830 25845 25860 25875 25890 25905 25920 25935 25950 25965 25980 25995 26010 26025 26040 26055 26070 26085 26100 26115 26130 26145 26160 26175 26190 26205 26220 26235 26250 26265 26280 26295 26310 26325 26340 26355 26370 26385 26400 26415 26430 26445 26460 26475 26490 26505 26520 26535 26550 26565 26580 26595 26610 26625 26640 26655 26670 26685 26700 26715 26730 26745 26760 26775 26790 26805 26820 26835 26850 26865 26880 26895 26910 26925 26940 26955 26970 26985 27000 27015 27030 27045 27060 27075 27090 27105 27120 27135 27150 27165 27180 27195 27210 27225 27240 27255 27270 27285 27300 27315 27330 27345 27360 27375 27390 27405 27420 27435 27450 27465 27480 27495 27510 27525 27540 27555 27570 27585 27600 27615 27630 27645 27660 27675 27690 27705 27720 27735 27750 27765 27780 27795 27810 27825 27840 27855 27870 27885 27900 27915 27930 27945 27960 27975 27990 28005 28020 28035 28050 28065 28080 28095 28110 28125 28140 28155 28170 28185 28200 28215 28230 28245 28260 28275 28290 28305 28320 28335 28350 28365 28380 28395 28410 28425 28440 28455 28470 28485 28500 28515 28530 28545 28560 28575 28590 28605 28620 28635 28650 28665 28680 28695 28710 28725 28740 28755 28770 28785 28800 28815 28830 28845 28860 28875 28890 28905 28920 28935 28950 28965 28980 28995 29010 29025 29040 29055 29070 29085 29100 29115 29130 29145 29160 29175 29190 29205 29220 29235 29250 29265 29280 29295 29310 29325 29340 29355 29370 29385 29400 29415 29430 29445 29460 29475 29490 29505 29520 29535 29550 29565 29580 29595 29610 29625 29640 29655 29670 29685 29700 29715 29730 29745 29760 29775 29790 29805 29820 29835 29850 29865 29880 29895 29910 29925 2

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(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: MSL1 rII, Fig. 36

5

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:199:

10	Glu	His	Gly	Thr	Ser	Val	Ser	Thr	Leu	Glu	Trp	Ser	Pro	Asn	Phe	Asp
	1				5				10						15	
	Thr	Val	Leu	Ala	Thr	Ala	Gly	Gln	Glu	Asp	Gly	Leu	Val	Lys	Leu	Trp
			20					25					30			
15	Asp															

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:200:

20 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 32 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

25 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

30

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: MSL1 rIII, Fig. 36

35 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:200:

Gly	His	Met	Leu	Gly	Val	Asn	Asp	Ile	Ser	Trp	Asp	Ala	His	Asp	Pro
1				5				10					15		

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:201:

SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

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- (A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

5 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

10

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: MUS MUSCULUS PROTEIN rI, Fig. 37

15

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:201:

Gly His Ser Gly Cys Val Asn Thr Val His Phe Asn Gln His Gly Thr
1 5 10 15

20

Leu Leu Ala Ser Gly Ser Asp Asp Leu Lys Val Ile Val Trp Asp
20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:202:

25

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 50 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

30

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

35

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: MUS MUSCULUS PROTEIN rII, Fig. 37

Gly His Ile Phe Ile Trp Glu Lys Ser Ser Cys Gln Ile Val Gln Phe
1 5 10 15

- 253 -

Tyr Leu Pro Val Leu Ala Ser Ser Gly Leu Asp His Glu Val Lys Ile
 35 40 45

Trp Ser

5 50

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:203:

10 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 32 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

15 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

20

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ORF RB1 rI, Fig. 38

25 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:203:

Lys His Asp Gly Gly Val Asn Ser Cys Arg Phe Asn Tyr Lys Asn Ser
 1 5 10 15

30 Leu Ile Leu Ala Ser Ala Asp Ser Asn Gly Arg Leu Asn Leu Trp Asp
 20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:204:

35

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 33 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

- 254 -

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ORF RB1 rII, Fig. 38

5 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:204:

Glu His Gly Thr Ser Val Ser Thr Leu Glu Trp Ser Pro Asn Phe Asp
 1 5 10 15

10 Thr Val Leu Ala Thr Ala Gly Gln Glu Asp Gly Leu Val Lys Leu Trp
 20 25 30

Asp

15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:205:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 32 amino acids

20 (B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

25 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

30 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: ORF RB1 rIII, Fig. 38

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:205:

35 Gly His Met Leu Gly Val Asn Asp Ile Ser Trp Asp Ala His Asp Pro
 1 5 10 15

Trp Leu Met Cys Ser Val Ala Asn Asp Asp Ser Val His Ile Thr Lys

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:206:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 32 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

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(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

5 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

10 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: Periodic Trp prt rI, Fig. 39

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:206:

15 Gly His Ile Thr Thr His His Thr Asp Ala Val Leu Ser Met Ala His
 1 5 10 15

Asn Lys Tyr Phe Arg Ser Val Leu Ala Ser Thr Ser Ala Asp His Thr
 20 25 30

20 Val Lys Leu Trp Asp
 35

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:207:

25

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 47 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

30

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

35 (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: Periodic Trp prt rI, Fig. 39

SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:207:

Ile His Ser Asn Lys Asn Val Ser Ser Ser Glu Trp His Met Leu Asn
 1 5

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20

25

30

Asp Val Arg Ile Ser Asp Glu Ser Gln Met Ser Lys Tyr Trp Ser
35 40 45

5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:208:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 30 amino acids

10

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

15

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

20

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: PLAP rI, Fig. 40

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:208:

25

Gly His Lys Asp Thr Val Cys Ser Leu Ser Ser Gly Lys Phe Gly Thr
1 5 10 15

Leu Leu Ser Gly Ser Trp Asp Thr Thr Ala Lys Val Trp Leu
20 25 30

30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:209:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids

35

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:209:

Gly His Thr Ala Ala Val Trp Ala Val Lys Ile Leu Pro Glu Gln Gly
1 5 10 15

Leu Met Leu Thr Gly Ser Ala Asp Lys Thr Ile Lys Leu Trp Lys
20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:210:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 30 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: PLAP rIII, Fig. 40

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:210:

Gly His Glu Asp Cys Val Arg Gly Leu Ala Ile Leu Ser Glu Thr Glu
1 5 10 15

Phe Leu Ser Cys Ala Asn Asp Ala Ser Ile Arg Arg Trp Gln
20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:211:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

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(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: PLAP rIV, Fig. 40

5 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:211:

Gly His Thr Asn Tyr Ile Tyr Ser Ile Ser Val Phe Pro Asn Ser Lys
 1 5 10 15

10 Asp Phe Val Thr Thr Ala Glu Asp Arg Ser Leu Arg Ile Trp Lys
 20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:212:

15 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 32 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

20 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

25

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: RETINOBLASTOMA BINDING PROTEIN -
HUMAN. rI, Fig. 41

30

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:212:

Gly His Gln Lys Glu Gly Tyr Gly Leu Ser Trp Asn Pro Asn Leu Ser
 1 5 10 15

35

Gly His Leu Leu Ser Ala Ser Asp Asp His Thr Ile Cys Leu Trp Asp
 20 25 30

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 32 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

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(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

5 (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: RETINOBLASTOMA BINDING PROTEIN -
HUMAN rII, Fig. 41

10

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:213:

15 Gly His Thr Ala Val Val Glu Asp Val Ser Trp His Leu Leu His Glu
1 5 10 15Ser Leu Phe Gly Ser Val Ala Asp Asp Gln Lys Leu Met Ile Trp Asp
20 25 30

20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:214:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

25 (A) LENGTH: 37 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

30 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

35 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: RETINOBLASTOMA BINDING PROTEIN -
HUMAN rIII, Fig. 41

5

10

15

Asn Pro Tyr Ser Glu Phe Ile Leu Ala Thr Gly Ser Met Val

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Val Ala Leu Trp Asp

35

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:215:

5

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 32 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

10

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

15

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: RETINOBLASTOMA BINDING PROTEIN -
HUMAN rIV, Fig. 41

20

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:215:

Ser	His	Lys	Asp	Glu	Ile	Phe	Gln	Val	Gln	Trp	Ser	Pro	His	Asn	Glu
1				5				10					15		
Thr	Ile	Leu	Ala	Ser	Ser	Gly	Thr	Asp	Arg	Arg	Leu	Asn	Val	Trp	Asp
				20				25					30		

30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:216:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 32 amino acids

35

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

HUMAN rIV, Fig. 41

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:216:

Gly His Thr Ala Lys Ile Ser Asp Phe Ser Trp Asn Pro Asn Glu Pro
1 5 10 15
Trp Val Ile Cys Ser Val Ser Glu Asp Asn Ile Met Gln Val Trp Gln
20 25 30

10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:217:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 30 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

15

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

20 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

25 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: S253 PROTEIN rI, Fig. 42

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:217:

Glu His Ala Leu Asp Ile Leu Asp Ala Asn Trp Ser Lys Asn Gly Phe
1 5 10 15
Leu Ile Thr Ala Ser Met Asp Lys Thr Ala Lys Leu Trp His
20 25 30

35

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:218:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

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(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: S253 PROTEIN rII, Fig. 42

5

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:218:

Val His Pro Asp Phe Val Thr Ser Ala Ile Phe Phe Pro Asn Asp Asp
10 1 5 10 15

Arg Phe Ile Ile Thr Gly Cys Leu Asp His Arg Cys Arg Leu Trp Ser
20 25 30

15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:219:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids
20 (B) TYPE: amino acid
(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

25

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

30 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: SOF1 rI, Fig. 43

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:219:

Gly His Arg Asp Gly Val Tyr Ala Ile Ala Lys Asn Tyr Gly Ser Leu
35 1 5 10 15

Asn Lys Leu Ala Thr Gly Ser Ala Asp Glv Val Ile Lys Tyr Trp

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 35 amino acids

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(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

5 (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: SOF1 rII, Fig. 43

10

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:220:

Gly	Leu	Cys	Val	Thr	Gln	Pro	Arg	Phe	His	Asp	Lys	Lys	Pro	Asp	Leu
1				5				10					15		

15

Lys	Ser	Gln	Asn	Phe	Met	Leu	Ser	Cys	Ser	Asp	Asp	Lys	Thr	Val	Lys
			20					25					30		

20

Leu	Trp	Ser
		35

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:221:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

25

- (A) LENGTH: 35 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

30

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

35

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: SOF1 rIII, Fig. 43

5

10

15

Ser His Arg Glu Asn Ser Thr Phe Ala Thr Gly Gly Ala Lys Ile Val

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Leu Trp Asp
35

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:222:

5

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 39 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

10

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

15

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: SOF1 rIV, Fig. 43

20

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:222:

Gly His Ser Arg Glu Ile Tyr His Thr Lys Arg Met Gln His Val Phe
1 5 10 15

25

Val Lys Tyr Ser Met Asp Ser Lys Tyr Ile Ile Ser Gly Ser Asp Asp
20 25 30

Gly Asn Val Arg Leu Trp Arg
35

30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:223:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

35

(A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

HYPOTHETICAL

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

- 265 -

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:223:

Gly His Asn Asn Lys Ile Ser Asp Phe Arg Trp Ser Arg Asp Ser Lys
 5 1 5 10 15
 Arg Ile Leu Ser Ala Ser Gln Asp Gly Phe Met Leu Ile Trp Asp
 20 25 30

10 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:224:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 30 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

15 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

20

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: STE4-YEAST rII, Fig. 44

25

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:224:

Gly His Thr Cys Tyr Ile Ser Asp Ile Glu Phe Thr Asp Asn Ala His
 30 1 5 10 15
 Ile Leu Thr Ala Ser Gly Asp Met Thr Cys Ala Leu Trp Asp
 20 25 30

35 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:225:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 37 amino acids

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

END

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(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: STE4-YEAST rIII, Fig. 44

5 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:225:

Asp His Leu Gly Asp Val Leu Ala Leu Ala Ile Pro Glu Glu Pro Asn
 1 5 10 15

10 Leu Glu Asn Ser Ser Asn Thr Phe Ala Ser Cys Gly Ser Asp Gly Tyr
 20 25 30

Thr Tyr Ile Trp Asp
 35

15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:226:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids
 20 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

25 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

30 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: STE4-YEAST rIV, Fig. 44

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:226:

35 Leu Asp Asn Gln Gly Val Val Ser Leu Asp Phe Ser Ala Ser Gly Arg
 1 5 10 15

Leu Met Tyr Ser Cys Tyr Thr Asn Ile Gly Ser Val Met Met
 20 25 30 35 40 45

INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:227:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

- 267 -

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

5 (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: STE4-YEAST rV, Fig. 44

10

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:227:

Gly His Gly Gly Arg Val Thr Gly Val Arg Ser Ser Pro Asp Gly Leu
 1 5 10 15

15

Ala Val Cys Thr Gly Ser Trp Asp Ser Thr Met Lys Ile Trp Ser
 20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:228:

20

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

25

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

30 (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: TRANSCRIPTION FCTR TIIF rI, Fig. 45

35

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:228:

Gly His Thr Gly Pro Val Tyr Arg Cys Ala Phe Ala Pro Glu Met Asn

20

25

30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:229:

- 268 -

(A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

5 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

10

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: TRNSCRPTION FCTR TIIF rII, Fig. 45

15 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:229:

Gly	His	Val	Tyr	Pro	Val	Trp	Asp	Val	Arg	Phe	Ala	Pro	His	Gly	Tyr
1				5				10						15	

Tyr	Phe	Val	Ser	Cys	Ser	Tyr	Asp	Lys	Thr	Ala	Arg	Leu	Trp	Ala
			20					25					30	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:230:

25 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

30 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

35

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: TRNSCRPTION FCTR TIIF rIII, Fig. 45

Gly	His	Leu	Ser	Asp	Val	Asp	Cys	Val	Gln	Phe	His	Pro	Asn	Ser	Asn
1					5				10					15	

- 269 -

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:231:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 5 (A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

10 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- 15 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: TRNSCRPTION FCTR TIIF rIV, Fig. 45

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:231:

20 Gly His Lys Gly Ser Val Ser Ser Leu Ala Phe Ser Ala Cys Gly Arg
1 5 10 15
Tyr Leu Ala Ser Gly Ser Val Asp His Asn Ile Ile Ile Trp Asp
20 25 30

25

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:232:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 30 (A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

35 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:232:

- 270 -

Val Leu Ala Ala Ala Gly Leu Asp Asn Asn Leu Thr Leu Trp Asp
 20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:233:

5

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

10

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

15

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: TUP1 rI, Fig. 46

20

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:233:

Ser Ser Asp Leu Tyr Ile Arg Ser Val Cys Phe Ser Pro Asp Gly Lys
 1 5 10 15

25

Phe Leu Ala Thr Gly Ala Glu Asp Arg Leu Ile Arg Ile Trp Asp
 20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:234:

30

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

35

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

.. ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: TUP1 rII, Fig. 46

- 271 -

Gly His Glu Gln Asp Ile Tyr Ser Leu Asp Tyr Phe Pro Ser Gly Asp
 1 5 10 15

Lys Leu Val Ser Gly Ser Gly Asp Arg Thr Val Arg Ile Trp Asp
 5 20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:235:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 10 (A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

15

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: TUP1 rIII, Fig. 46

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:235:

25

Ile Glu Asp Gly Val Thr Thr Val Ala Val Ser Pro Gly Asp Gly Lys
 1 5 10 15

Tyr Ile Ala Ala Gly Ser Leu Asp Arg Ala Val Arg Val Trp Asp
 30 20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:236:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 35 (A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

- 272 -

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: TUP1 rIV, Fig. 46

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:236:

5

Gly His Lys Asp Ser Val Tyr Ser Val Val Phe Thr Arg Asp Gly Gln
 1 5 10 15

Ser Val Val Ser Gly Ser Leu Asp Arg Ser Val Lys Leu Trp Asn
 10 20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:237:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

15

(A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

20

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

25

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: TUP1 rV, Fig. 46

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:237:

30

Gly His Lys Asp Phe Val Leu Ser Val Ala Thr Thr Gln Asn Asp Glu
 1 5 10 15

Tyr Ile Leu Ser Gly Ser Lys Asp Arg Gly Val Leu Phe Trp Asp
 35 20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:238:

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

- 273 -

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: TUP1 HOMOLOG rI, Fig. 47

5

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:238:

Asp Phe Ser Asp Asp Cys Arg Ile Ala Ala Ala Gly Phe Gln Asp Ser
10 1 5 10 15
Tyr Ile Lys Ile Trp Ser
20

15 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:239:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

20 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

25

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: TUP1 HOMOLOG rII, Fig. 47

30

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:239:

Gly His Ser Gly Thr Val Tyr Ser Thr Ser Phe Ser Pro Asp Asn Lys
35 1 5 10 15
Tyr Leu Leu Ser Gly Ser Glu Asp Lys Thr Val Arg Leu Trp Ser
20 25 30

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

- 274 -

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

5 (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: TUP1 HOMOLOG rIII, Fig. 47

10

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:240:

Gly	His	Asn	His	Pro	Val	Trp	Asp	Val	Ser	Phe	Ser	Pro	Leu	Gly	His
1				5				10					15		

15

Tyr	Phe	Ala	Thr	Ala	Ser	His	Asp	Gln	Thr	Ala	Arg	Leu	Trp	Ser
			20				25					30		

20 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:241:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

25 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

30

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: TUP1 HOMOLOG rIV, Fig. 47

35

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:241:

Tyr	Val	Phe	Thr	Gly	Ser	Ser	Asp	Lys	Thr	Cys	Arg	Met	Trp	Asp
			20				25					30		

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(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

5

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

10

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: TUP1 HOMOLOG rV, Fig. 47

15

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:242:

Gly His Thr Ala Pro Val Ile Ser Ile Ala Val Cys Pro Asp Gly Arg
1 5 10 15

20

Trp Leu Ser Thr Gly Ser Glu Asp Gly Ile Ile Asn Val Trp Asp
20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:243:

25

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 32 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

30

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

35

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: TUP1 HOMOLOG rVI, Fig. 47

Gly His Gly Lys Asn Ala Ile Tyr Ser Leu Ser Tyr Ser Lys Glu Gly
1 5 10 15

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20

25

30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:244:

5

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

10

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

15

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: YCU7 rI, Fig. 48

20

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:244:

Gly His Phe Asp Ser Thr Asn Ser Leu Ala Tyr Ser Pro Asp Gly Ser
1 5 10 15

25

Arg Val Val Thr Ala Ser Glu Asp Gly Lys Ile Lys Val Trp Asp
20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:245:

30

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

35

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: YCU7 rII, Fig. 48

- 277 -

Glu His Thr Ser Ser Val Thr Ala Val Gln Phe Ala Lys Arg Gly Gln
 1 5 10 15

Val Met Phe Ser Ser Ser Leu Asp Gly Thr Val Arg Ala Trp Asp
 5 20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:246:

10 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 30 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

15 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

20

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: YCU7 rIII, Fig. 48

25 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:246:

Arg Ile Gln Phe Asn Cys Leu Ala Val Asp Pro Ser Gly Glu Val Val
 1 5 10 15

Cys Ala Gly Ser Leu Asp Asn Phe Asp Ile His Val Trp Ser
 20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:247:

35 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

- 278 -

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: YCU7 rIV, Fig. 48

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:247:

5
 Gly His Glu Gly Pro Val Ser Cys Leu Ser Phe Ser Gln Glu Asn Ser
 1 5 10 15
 Val Leu Ala Ser Ala Ser Trp Asp Lys Thr Ile Arg Ile Trp Ser
 10 20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:248:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

15 (A) LENGTH: 32 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

20

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

25 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: YCW2 PROTEIN rI, Fig. 49

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:248:

30

Gly His Gly Ser Thr Ile Leu Cys Ser Ala Phe Ala Pro His Thr Ser
 1 5 10 15
 Ser Arg Met Val Thr Gly Ala Gly Asp Asn Thr Ala Arg Ile Trp Asp
 35 20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:249:

(B) TYPE: amino acid
 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

- 279 -

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

5 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: YCW2 PROTEIN rII, Fig. 49

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:249:

10

Gly His Tyr Asn Trp Val Leu Cys Val Ser Trp Ser Pro Asp Gly Glu
1 5 10 15

Val Ile Ala Thr Gly Ser Met Asp Asn Thr Ile Arg Leu Trp Asp
15 20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:250:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

20

(A) LENGTH: 38 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

25

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

30 (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: YCW2 PROTEIN rIII, Fig. 49

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:250:

35

Gly His Ser Lys Trp Ile Thr Ser Leu Ser Trp Glu Pro Ile His Leu
1 5 10 15

Val Lys Pro Gly Ser Lys Pro Arg Leu Ala Ser Ser Ser Lys Asp Glv

35

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:251:

SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 280 -

- (A) LENGTH: 30 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

5 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

10

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: YCW2 PROTEIN rIV, Fig. 49

15 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:251:

Gly His Thr Asn Ser Val Ser Cys Val Lys Trp Gly Gly Gln Gly Leu
1 5 10 15

20 Leu Tyr Ser Gly Ser His Asp Arg Thr Val Arg Val Trp Asp
20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:252:

25 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 26 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

30 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

35

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: YCW2 PROTEIN rV, Fig. 49

Lys Ile Cys Lys Lys Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu Glu Met Met Val Thr Ala
1 5 10 15

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:253:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 5 (A) LENGTH: 25 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

10 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- 15 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: YCW2 PROTEIN rVI, Fig. 49

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:253:

20 Asn His Val Ala Phe Ser Pro Asp Gly Arg Tyr Ile Val Ser Ala Ser
1 5 10 15
Phe Asp Asn Ser Ile Lys Leu Trp Asp
20 25
25

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:254:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 30 (A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

35 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:254:

- 282 -

Leu Leu Val Ser Cys Ser Lys Asp Thr Thr Leu Lys Val Trp Asp
 20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:255:

5

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 35 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

10

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

15

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: YCW2 PROTEIN rVIII, Fig. 49

20

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:255:

Ser Val Asp Leu Pro Gly Ile Lys Thr Lys Leu Tyr Val Asp Trp Ser
 1 5 10 15

25

Val Asp Gly Lys Arg Val Cys Ser Gly Gly Lys Asp Lys Met Val Arg
 20 25 30

Leu Trp Thr

35

- 283 -

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:256:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 5 (A) LENGTH: 29 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

10 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- 15 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: YKL525 rI, Fig. 50

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:256:

20 Leu His Leu Tyr Ala Pro Val Phe Tyr Ser Asp Val Phe Arg Val Phe
1 5 10 15
Met Glu His Ala Leu Asp Ile Leu Asp Ala Asn Trp Ser
20 25
25

- 284 -

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:257:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 5 (A) LENGTH: 32 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

10 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- 15 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: YKLS25 rII, Fig. 50

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:257:

20 Val His Pro Asp Phe Val Thr Ser Ala Ile Phe Phe Pro Asn Asp Asp
1 5 10 15
Arg Phe Ile Ile Thr Gly Cys Leu Asp His Arg Cys Arg Leu Trp Ser
20 25 30
25

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:258:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids

5 (B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

10 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

15 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: yrb 1410 yeast rI, Fig. 51

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:258:

20 Gly His Asn His Pro Val Trp Asp Val Ser Phe Ser Pro Leu Gly His
1 5 10 15

Tyr Phe Ala Thr Ala Ser His Asp Gln Thr Ala Arg Leu Trp Ser
20 25 30

25

- 286 -

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:259:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 5 (A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

10 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- 15 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: yrb 1410 yeast rII, Fig. 51

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:259:

20 Gly His Leu Asn Asp Val Asp Cys Val Ser Phe His Pro Asn Gly Cys
1 5 10 15
Tyr Val Phe Thr Gly Ser Ser Asp Lys Thr Cys Arg Met Trp Asp
20 25 30
25

- 287 -

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:260:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 5 (A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

10 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- 15 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: yrb 1410 yeast rIII, Fig. 51

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:260:

20 Gly His Thr Ala Pro Val Ile Ser Ile Ala Val Cys Pro Asp Gly Arg
1 5 10 15
Trp Leu Ser Thr Gly Ser Glu Asp Gly Ile Ile Asn Val Trp Asp
20 25 30
25

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:261:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 5 (A) LENGTH: 32 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

10 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

15 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: yrb 1410 yeast rIV, Fig. 51

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:261:

20 Gly His Gly Lys Asn Ala Ile Tyr Ser Leu Ser Tyr Ser Lys Glu Gly
1 5 10 15
Asn Val Leu Ile Ser Gly Gly Ala Asp His Thr Val Arg Val Trp Asp
20 25 30
25

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:262:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 34 amino acids

5 (B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

10 (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

15 (C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: WD40 Consensus Sequence

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:262:

20 Gly His Ser Ala Ala Leu Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Ser Pro Asp Ala Ala
1 5 10 15

Ala Ala Ala Leu Ala Ser Gly Ala Arg Asp Ala Thr Leu Arg Leu Trp
20 25 30

25 Asp Leu

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:263:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 5 (A) LENGTH: 5 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

10

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: YES

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

15

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: WRTAA peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:263:

20

Trp Arg Thr Ala Ala

1

5

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:264:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 5 (A) LENGTH: 5 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

10

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: YES

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

15

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: WRTAV peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:264:

20

Trp Arg Thr Ala Val

1

5

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:265:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 5 (A) LENGTH: 4 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

10

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: YES

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

15

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(C) INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: WRTA peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:265:

20

Trp Arg Thr Ala

1

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Claims

1. A polypeptide composition effective to alter the activity of a first protein, wherein the first protein interacts with a second protein, and the second protein contains at least one WD-40 region,

said polypeptide having between 4 and 50 amino acids whose sequence is the same as a sequence of the same length in the WD-40 region of the second protein.

10

2. The composition of claim 1, wherein said polypeptide inhibits interactions between the first protein and the second protein; and/or wherein said polypeptide is an agonist of the activity of the first protein; and/or wherein said polypeptide is an antagonist of the activity of the first protein.

15

3. The composition of claim 1 or 2, wherein said WD-40 region has an amino acid sequence derived from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:76-261.

20

4. The composition of claim 3, wherein said WD-40 region has an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:76-261.

25

5. The polypeptide composition of claim 1 wherein said polypeptide is coupled to a solid support.

30

6. A method to bind selectively said first protein which method comprises contacting a sample putatively containing said first protein with the polypeptide composition of claim 5; and removing any unbound components of the sample from said composition.

35

7. A method to assess the interaction of a first protein with a polypeptide having a sequence the same as a sequence of the same length contained in a WD-40 region of a second protein, which method comprises

contacting a sample containing said first protein with

the WD-40 region of the second protein; and observing the interaction of the first protein with said polypeptide composition.

8. A method to assess the ability of a candidate compound to bind with a first protein, which method comprises contacting a first protein with a polypeptide composition which binds said first protein

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wherein the polypeptide of said composition has between 4 and 50 amino acids whose sequence is the same as a sequence of the same length in a WD-40 region of a second protein which interacts with said first protein, in the presence and absence of said candidate compound; and

5 measuring the binding of said polypeptide in the presence and in the absence of said candidate,

wherein decreased binding of the polypeptide in the presence as opposed to the absence of said candidate indicates that said candidate binds to said first protein.

10

9. A method to alter the activity of a first protein that interacts with a second protein, where the second protein contains at least one WD-40 region, said method comprising

15 selecting a polypeptide having between 4 and 50 amino acids whose sequence is the same as a sequence of the same length in the WD-40 region in the second protein, and

20 contacting said polypeptide with said first protein under conditions which allow the formation of a complex between the polypeptide and the first protein, where said interaction is effective to alter the activity of the first protein.

10. The method of claim 9, wherein said contacting is effective to inhibit the interaction between said first and second proteins; and/or wherein said contacting is effective to stimulate the activity of said first protein; and/or wherein said contacting is effective to inhibit the activity of said first protein.

11. The method of any of claims 5-10, wherein said polypeptide is derived from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:76-261.

30

12. The method of claim 11, wherein said polypeptide is selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:76-261.

13. A composition of DNA molecules which consists of DNA molecules having a nucleotide sequence encoding the polypeptide of any of claims 1-4.

35

14. A DNA molecule which comprises an expression system for

encoding nucleotide sequence.

15. Recombinant host cells modified to contain the

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16. A method to produce a polypeptide having between 4 and 50 amino acids whose sequence is the same as the sequence of the same length in a WD-40 region of a second protein which interacts with a first protein, which method comprises culturing the cells of claim 15 under conditions wherein said nucleotide sequence is expressed to produce said polypeptide; and optionally recovering said polypeptide from the culture.

17. A polypeptide composition effective to alter the activity of a protein kinase C, where the protein kinase C interacts with a second protein, and the second protein contains at least one WD-40 region, said polypeptide having between 4 and 50 amino whose sequence is the same as a sequence of the same length in the WD-40 region of the second protein.

18. The composition of claim 17, wherein said second protein is a receptor for activated protein kinase C.

19. The composition of claim 18, where said second protein has the sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:27.

20. The composition of claim 17, wherein said polypeptide is an agonist of the activity of protein kinase C; and/or wherein said polypeptide is an antagonist of the activity of protein kinase C; and/or wherein said polypeptide inhibits interactions between protein kinase C and the second protein.

21. The composition of claim 20 wherein said polypeptide has the sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:7, SEQ ID NO:4 or SEQ ID NO:2.

22. The composition of claim 17, wherein said WD-40 region has an amino acid sequence derived from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:69-75.

23. The composition of claim 22, wherein said WD-40 region has an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:69-75.

25. A method to bind selectively protein kinase C which method comprises contacting a sample putatively containing protein kinase

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removing any unbound components of the sample from said composition.

26. A method to assess the interaction of protein kinase C with a polypeptide having a sequence the same as a sequence of the same length contained in the WD-40 region of a second protein, which method comprises

contacting a sample containing said protein kinase C with a polypeptide composition wherein the polypeptide has between 4 and 50 amino acids whose sequence is the same as the sequence of the same length in the WD-40 region of the second protein, and observing any interaction of the protein kinase C with said polypeptide composition.

27. A method to assess the ability of a candidate compound to bind protein kinase C which method comprises contacting said protein kinase C with a polypeptide composition which binds said protein kinase C, wherein the polypeptide of said composition has between 4 and 50 amino acids whose sequence is the same as a sequence of the same length in a WD-40 region of a second protein which interacts with said protein kinase C, in the presence and absence of said candidate compound; and

measuring the binding of said polypeptide in the presence and in the absence of said candidate,

wherein decreased binding of the polypeptide in the presence as opposed to the absence of said candidate indicates that said candidate binds to said protein kinase C.

28. A method to alter the activity of protein kinase C that interacts with a second protein, where the second protein contains at least one WD-40 region, comprising

selecting a polypeptide having between 4 and 50 amino acids whose sequence is the same as a sequence of the same length in the WD-40 region in the second protein, and

contacting said polypeptide with said protein kinase C under conditions which allow the formation of a complex between the polypeptide and the protein kinase C, where said interaction alters the activity of said protein kinase C.

29. The method of claim 28, wherein

contacting is effective to inhibit the activity of said protein kinase C.

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30. The method of claim 29, wherein said polypeptide has an amino acid sequence represented by SEQ ID NO:2, SEQ ID NO:4 or SEQ ID NO:7.

5 31. The method of claim 28, wherein said polypeptide is derived from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:69-75.

32. The method of claim 31, wherein said polypeptide is selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:69-75.

10

33. A composition of DNA molecules which consists of DNA molecules having a nucleotide sequence of encoding the polypeptide of any of claims 17-23.

15

34. A DNA molecule which comprises an expression system for the production of the polypeptide of any of claims 17-23 which expression system comprises a nucleotide sequence encoding said polypeptide operably linked to control sequences capable of effecting the expression of said encoding nucleotide sequence.

20

35. Recombinant host cells modified to contain the expression system of claim 34.

25 36. A method to produce a polypeptide having between 4 and 50 amino acids whose sequence is the same as the sequence of the same length in a WD-40 region of a second protein which interacts with protein kinase C, which method comprises culturing the cells of claim 35 under conditions wherein said nucleotide sequence is expressed to produce said polypeptide; and

30

optionally recovering said polypeptide from the culture.

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10	20	30	40	50	60
GCACGAGGG	GTGCGGTGG	CAGCGTGG	GTGCTGGCT	CCCTAAGCTA	TCCGGTGCCA
CCTTGTCGC	TGCGGCGACT	CGCAACATCT	GCAGCCTTCA	CCGAGCAAAT	GACCCCTTCGT
GGACCCCTCA	AGGGCCATAA	TGGATGGGT	ACACAGATCG	CCACCACCTCC	GCAGTTCCTCG
ACATGATCC	TGTCGGCGTC	TCGAGACAAG	ACCATCATCA	TGTGGAAGCT	GACCAAGGAT
AGACCAACT	ACGGCATACC	ACAACGTGCT	CTTCGAGGTC	ACTCCACCTT	TGTTAGCGAT
TTGTCATCT	CCTCTGATGG	CCAGTTTGCC	CTCTCAGGCT	CCTGGGATGG	AACCCCTACGC
TCTGGGATC	TCACAACGGG	CACCTACCAG	AGACGATTGG	TCGGCCACAC	CAAGGATGTG
TGAGCGTGG	CTTCTCTCTC	TGACAACCGG	CAGATTGTCT	CTGGGTCCCG	AGACAAGACC
TTAAGTTAT	GGAATACTCT	GGGTGCTGTC	AAGTACACTG	TCCAGGATGA	GAGTCATTCA
AATGGGTGT	CTTGTTGTCG	CTTCTCCCG	AACAGCAGCA	ACCCTATCAT	CGTCTCCTGC
GATGGGACA	AGCTGGTCAA	GGTGTGGAAT	CTGGCTAACT	GCAAGCTAAA	GACCAACCAC
TTGGCCACA	CTGGCTATCT	GAACACAGTG	ACTGTCTCTC	CAGATGGATC	CCTCTGTGCT
CTGGAGGCA	AGGATGGCCA	GGCTATGCTG	TGGGATCTCA	ATGAAGGCAA	GCACCTTTAC
CATTAGATG	GTGGAGACAT	CATCAATGCC	TTGTGCTTCA	GCCCCAACCG	CTACTGGCTC
GTGCTGCCA	CTGGCCCCAG	TATCAAGATC	TGGGACTTGG	AGGGCAAGAT	CATGGTAGAT
AACTGAAGC	AAGAAGTTAT	CAGCACCAGC	AGCAAGGCAG	AGCCACCCCA	GTGTACCTCT
TGGCTTGGT	CTGCTGATGG	CCAGACTCTG	TTTGTCTGGCT	ATACCGACAA	CTTGGTGGCT
TATGGCAGG	TGACTATTGG	TACCCGCTAA	AAGTTTATGA	CAGACTCTTA	GAATAAACT
GCTTCTCTGA	AAAAAAAAAA	AAAAAAAAAA	AAAAA		

Fig. 1A

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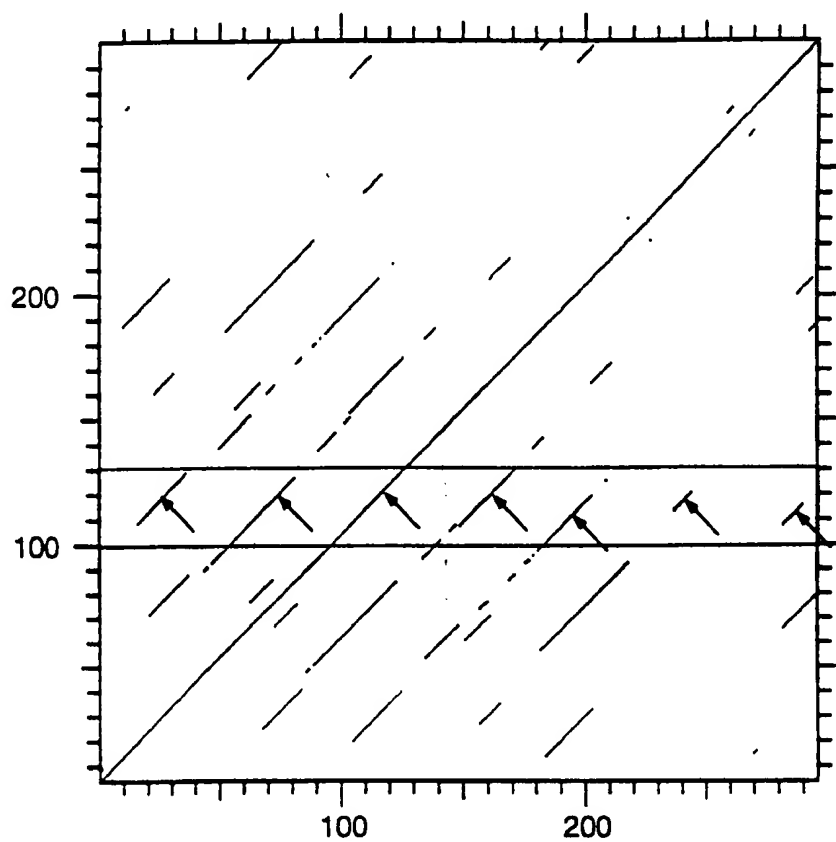


Fig. 1B

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TEQMTLRGTLKGHNGWVTO	IATTPQFPDMILSASRDKTIIMWKLTRDET	(51)	Repeat I
YGIPQALRGHSHEVS	DVVISDDGQFALSGSWDGT	TLRLWDLT	(93)
TGTTTRRFVGHTKDVL	SVAESDDNRQIVSGSRDKTIKLNWTLG	(136)	Repeat II
VCKYTVQDESHSEWVSCVRES	PNSSNPPIVSCGWDKLVKVNLA	(180)	Repeat III
NCKLKTNIHIGTGYLN	TVTVPDGSLSLCASSGKDGQAMLWDL	(221)	Repeat IV
NEGKHLTYTLDGGDII	NALCFSPNRYWLCAATGSPSIKINWLEGKIIVDE	(269)	Repeat V
LKQEVISTSSKAEPPOCTSLAWSADGGQTLFAGYTDNLVRVWQVTIGTR		(317)	Repeat VI
			Repeat VII

of repeats:

GH S - - - - V - - - - SSD - - - - ILSG - - - - D - TIKLW - L
 GH - - - - I - - - - SVA - - - - DG - - - - LVTGS - D - - C - IWDL

Consensus seq
 RACK1
 H 0 4 1 G#2

Fig. 1C

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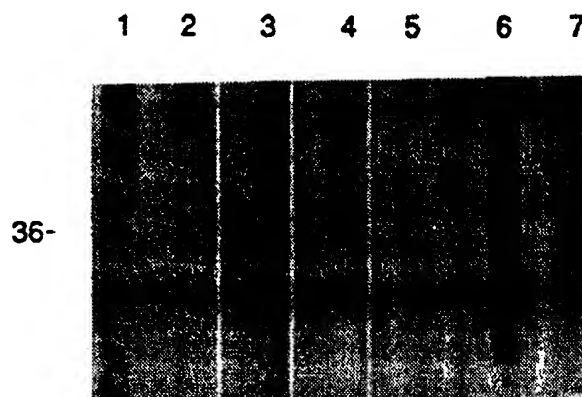


Fig. 2

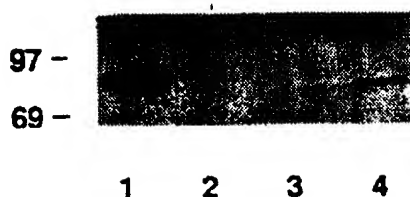


Fig. 3

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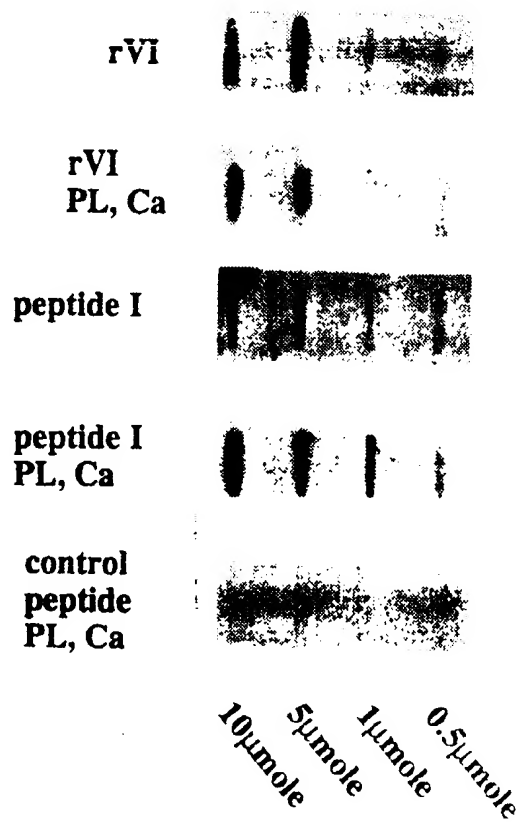


Fig. 4

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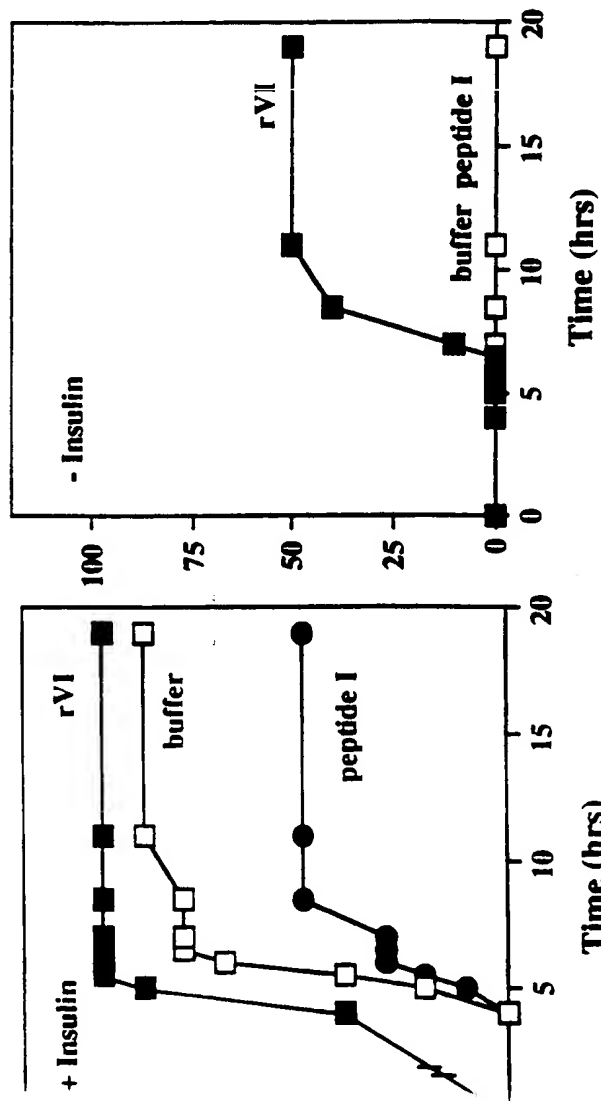


Fig. 5B

Fig. 5A

%GVBD

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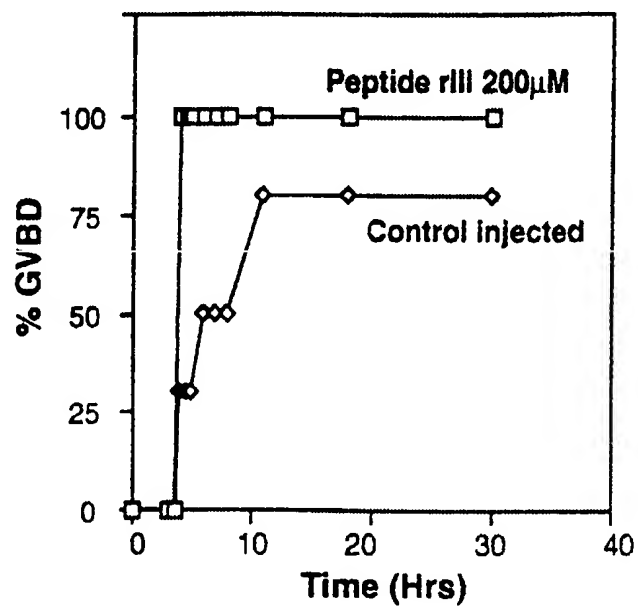
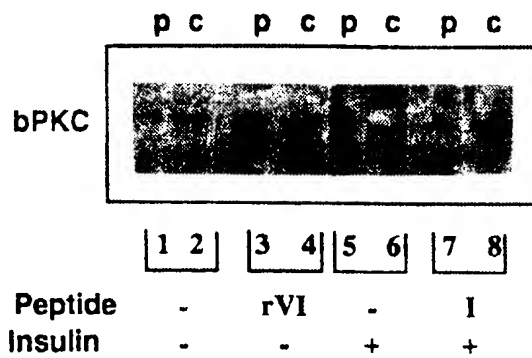


Fig. 5C



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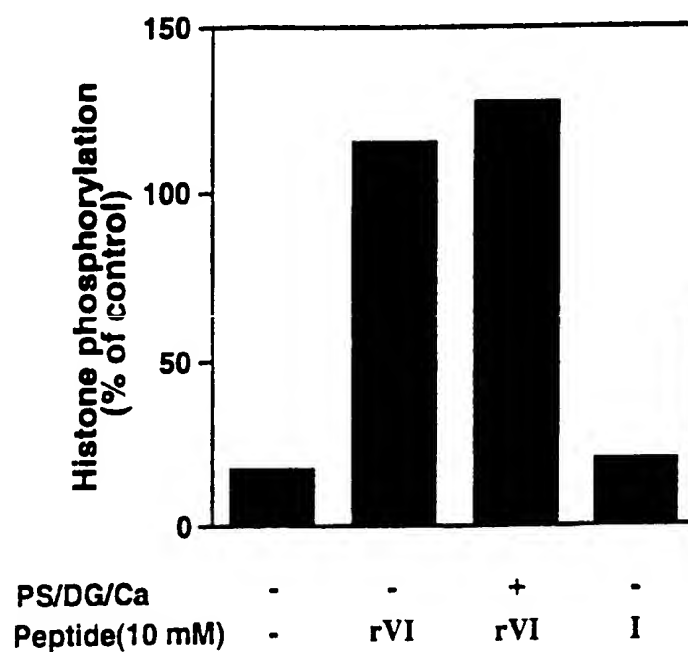


Fig. 9

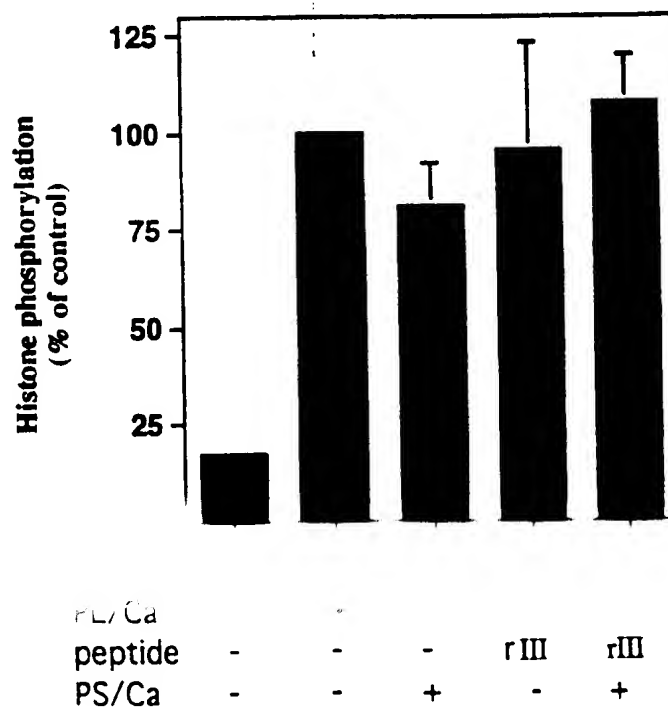


Fig. 10

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Fig. 11

Human 56 kDa protein (PWP homolog)

1 mnrsrqvtcv awvrcgvake tpdkvelske evkrliaeak eklqeeggs
 51 deeetgspse dgmqsartqa rprepledgd peddrtlddd elaeyldky
 101 deegdpdaet lgesllglvt ygsndqdpv tldkteqyer edflikpsdn
 151 livcgraeqd qcnlevhyn qeedsfyvhh dillsaypls vewlnfdpsp
 201 ddstgnyia vgnmtpview dldivdslep vftlgsklsk kkkkkgkss
 251 saeghtdavl dlswnkl irnvl asasa dntvil w dmslgk
 291 paaslavhtd kvatqlqfhp eaqtligsy dksvalydc
 331 spdeshrmwr fsgqiervtw 351 nhfspchfla stddgfvynl darsdkpift
 381 lna hndeis gldlssqi kgclvtas adkyvki w dilgdrp
 421 lna hndem qv l fsg qnd l n f i n f g a c k e a l w d i
 461 stvssvneaf grrerlvlg arnssisgpf gsrssdtpme

91

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AA	+ protein
1	gfqlqqq qqqqqqqqq qqqqqqqqtq vqqlhnqlhq qhnqqiqqqq
51	ttqqlqtq qylsqihqq sqsqslsnnl nsnskestni pktntqytnf
10	knldlasr yfsecstkdfi
12	gnkkktstsvawmangtkia <u>sgsgdivrvwnfd</u>
15	nsnnnnnsntss nsknnniketi
18	elkgldgsiekiswspkndlla <u>spgtdkvikidvdkigcigtvstnsenid</u>
23	vrwspdgdhla <u>lidlptiktltkikfn</u> <u>geelnqvgnngdlilmansmgnieaykf</u>
30	thvkhltlyghtas <u>iycmefdptg</u> <u>kylaapsadsivsldiedm</u>
35	ktfikst fpcrsvsfsf dgqfiaassf estieifhie
41	pihtiecgvsllmwhptlpllayapesinenkdpssi rvfgyhs

Fig. 12

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BETA TRCP

1 megfscslap ptaseredcn rdepprkiit ekntlrqtklangtssmivp
 51 karklsanye kekelcvkyf eqwsecdave fvehlismchyqghinty
 101 lkpmlqrdfi talpargldh iaenilsyld akslcsaelv ckewyrvtst
 151 gmlwkklier mvrtdslwrg laerrgwqgy lfknkppdgk tppnsfyrat
 201 ypkiiqdiet iesnwrcgr

220	hslqri <u>h</u> crse tskgvyclayddakivsglrd <u>ntikiwd</u> kkn tleckrv
268	lm <u>gh</u> tgsvlclay derviitgsd <u>stvr</u> vwdvntgem
305	lntli <u>h</u> ceavlhlrfnngmmvtcsk <u>dr</u> siavwmasatditlrrv
351	lv <u>gh</u> raavnv vdfddkyivs asgd <u>rtikv</u> wntstcefvrt
391	ln <u>gh</u> krqlaclayrdrlvvs gssd <u>ntirlw</u> diecga
427	clrv leg <u>h</u> eelyrc irfdnkriivs gaydgkik <u>vwd</u> lvaaldprapagt
475	lclrtlv <u>h</u> sgryfrl qfdefqi vssshddt <u>iliw</u> dflnppla

Fig. 13

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beta-prime-cop

vks vdlhptepwmlaslyngsvcvwnhetqtlv
 51 ktfevcdlpv raakfvarkn wvvtgaddmqirvfnyntle

91 rvhmfeghsdyirciavhptqp filtssdmliklwdwdkkwscsq
 137 vfeghthyvmqivinpkdnnqfas asldrtikvwqlgssspnft
 181 leghekgvncidyysggdkpyl isgaddrlvkiwdyqnkt
 221 cvqtleghaqnvscasfhpe lpiitgsedgtvriwhsst

262 yrlestlbyg mervwcvasl rgsnnvalgy degsiivklgreepamsmda
 318 ngkiiwakhs evqqanlkam gdaeikdger lplavkdmgs
 351 ceiyptiqh npngrfvvc gdgeyiyta malrnksfgs aqefawahds
 401 seyairesns vvkifknfke kksfkpdfga esiyggfllg vrsvnglafy
 451 dwentelirr ieiapkhiw sdsgelvcia teesffilky lsekvlaaqe
 501 thegvtedgi edgfevlgei qeivktglw gdcfiytssv nrlnyyvge
 551 ivtiahlprt myllgyipkd nrlylgdkel nivsysllvs vleyqtavmr
 601 rdfsmdakvl ptipkeqrtr vahflekqgf kqaaltvstd pehrfelala
 651 lgelkiayql aveaesekwkqlaelaisk cpfglaqecl hhaqdyggll
 701 llatasanaa mupklagae ndaknyvafm cvflaakldn lallinto
 751 pashl pashl pashl pashl pashl pashl pashl pashl pashl pashl
 801 kearvveew vkethaalwp akqypivtpn eernvmeeak atqpsrsaaq
 851 qeldgkpasp tprivtsqta nkeeksllle evldnleie didttdinld
 901 edildd

Fig. 14

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CDC4 / CDC20 protein

1 mgsfplaefp lrdipvpysy rvsggiassg svtaivtaag thrnsstakt
 51 vetedgeedi deyarkraag sgestpersd fkrvkhndhk tlhpvnlaqt
 101 gaasvdndgl hnltidisnda eklmsvddg saapstlsvn mgvashnvaa
 151 pttvnaatit gsdvsnnvns atinnpmeeg alplsptass pgtttplakt
 201 tktinnnnni adlieskdsi ispeylsdei fsainnnlph ayfknllfrl
 251 vanmdrsels dlgtlikdnl krdlitslpf eislkifnyl qfediinslg
 301 vsqnwnkiir kstslwkkll isenfvspkg fnslnklslq kypklsqqdr
 351 lrlsflenif ilknwynokf

371	vpqrttlrgh	mtsvitclqf	ednyvitgaddkmi	rvydsi
411	nkkfllqlsgh	dgqwalkyahg	gilvsgstgrt	rvrvwdi
451	kkgccthvfe	ghnstvrcl	iveykniki	vtgsrdntlhv
				klpkessvpdhgeehdyp
511	lvfhtpeenp	yfvglrgh	masvrtvsghg	nivvsgsydntli
				vwdyaqm
561	kelyilsgh	tdniystiydh		
	erkrcisasm	dttriw	dleniwnn	decsyatnsasp
618	cak ilgamytl	aghtalv	gllrl	sdkflvsaaadgsir
				gwdan

661 dysrkfsyhh tnlsaittfy vsdnilvsgs enqfniynlr
 701 sgklvhanil kdadqiwsyn fkgktlvaav ekgqsflei ldfskaskin
 751 yvsnpvnsss sslesistsl gltrttiip

19

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GBLP -CHLAMIDOMONAS HOMOLOG

1 maetltlratlkghtnwytaiatpldpssntllsasrdksvlvwelerse
51 snygyarkalrghshfyadvvi ssdgqfcltgswdgtlrlwdlntgtttr
101 rfvghtkdylsvafs vdnrqivsgsrdktiklwnlgeck
141 ytigepeghtewyscvrfspmtnpiivsggwdkmykvwnlt
183 ncklknnlvghhgyvntvtv spdgsllcasgpkdgiamwdlaegkrly
231 sldagdvihclcfsonryw lcaatqssikiwdlesksivddl
273 rpefnitskkaqvpysvslawsadgstlysgytdgqirvwavghsl

Fig. 16

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cop-1 protein

1 meeistdpvv pavkpdprts svgeganrhe nddggsggse igapdlldkl
 51 lcpicmqiik dafltacghs fcymciithl rnksdcpccs qhltnnqlyp
 101 nflldkllkk tsarhvshta spldqfreal qrgcdvsike vdnlltllae
 151 rkrkmeqeea ernmqilldf lhclrkqkvd elnevqtdlq yikedinave
 201 rhridlyrar drysvklrml gddpstrnaw pheknqigfn snslsirggn
 251 fvgnyqnkv egkaqgsshg lpkkdalsgs dsqslngstv smarkkriha
 301 qfndlqecyl qkrrqladap nskqendksv vrregysngl adfqsvlttf
 351 trysrlrvia eirhgdifhs anivssiefd rddelfatagvsrcikvdf

401 ssvvnepadmqqcpivemstrsklswnk heknhiassdyegivtvwdv
 451 ttrqslmeteenekrawsydfsrte psmlvsgsddc kykvwctrqasvi
 501 nidmkanicc vkynpgssny iavgsadhhi
 531 hyydlrnisqplhvfsgkka~~ysmk~~flsnnelasgst ds tlrlwdv
 551 kdn lpvrtfrght neknfvgltnseylacgse
 601 ttryvyhkei trpvtshrfg spdmdaekr qvptllvrfa
 651 grvivprc

Fig 17

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COR(OTEIN

1 mskvrrsskyrhvfapqpkkeecyqnlk tk savwdsnyvaantriyiwdagggsfa
 61 hsgkttsvplfnghksavldiafh pfnenlvgsyusedcnciwiwgi p
 111 dsist plqtlsghkr kvgtisfgpv adnvavtsgdflvktwdiv
 161 qgknlttveghsdm~~it~~tscehngsqivtt ckd~~kk~~karvfd

fgv

201 sivnev vchqgvknsr aifakdkvit vgfsktsere lhiydpraft
 251 uqvuds asgllmpfyd adnsilylag kgdgniryye lvdespyihf
 301 ksatpq rgldflpkrc lntseceiar glkvtptfve pisfrvprks
 351 gdiypd tyagepslta eqwsgtnae pktvslaggf vkkasavefk
 401 vqegpk nekelreeye kikirvayle seivkkdaki keltn

Fig. 18

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Coronin (p55)

1 mskvvrsskyrhvfaaqpkkeecyqnlkvtsawdsnyvaantryfgviwdaaggsfav

61 ipheasgkttsvplfnghksavldiafhpfnenlvgsvedcniciwgipeggltdsist

121 plqtlsghkrkvgtisfgpvadnavtssgdflvktwde

161 qgknlttveghsdmtscwm hngsqivttckdkkarvfdprtnsivnev

211 vchqgvknsr aifakdkvit vgfsktsere lhiydpraft

251 tplsavvds asgllmpfyd adnsilylag kgdgniryye lvdespyihf

301 lsefksatpq rglcflpkrc lntseceiar glkvtpftve pisfrvprks

351 difagdiypd tyagepslta eqwsgtinae pktvslaggf vkkasavefk

401 pvvqvqegpk nekelreeye klkirvayle seivkkdaki keltn

Fig. 19

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CSTF 50kDa

1 myrtkvglkd rqaqlykliis qllydgyisi anghlineikp qsvcapseql
 51 lhlklgmen ddtavqyaig rsdtvapgtg idlfdadvq tmspeaseye
 101 tcyvtshkqp crvatysrdg qliatgsada sikildterm laksampiev
 151 mmnetaqqnm

201 enhpvirtlydhvdevtclafhpte qilasgrdytlklfdyskpsakra

210 fkyiqeaeml rsisfhpsgd filvgtaht lrllydintfqcfvsc

256 npqdahtdaicsvnyns sanmyvtgskdgciklwdgvsncittf

3

0

ekahdgaevcsaifsknskyilssgkdsvallweistgrtlvrytgagls

351

grqvhrtaqvfnhte dyvllpertislccwdsrtaerrn

Fig. 20

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G-Beta 1 bovine

1 mseldqlrqe aeqlknqird arkacadatl sqitnnidpv griqmrtrrt

51 lrghlaksiya mhwgtdsrll vsasgdgkliwds

85 yttnkvhaiplrsswmtcayapsgnyvacgglndnicsiynlktregnvrvsrela

141 ghtgylsccrfldd nqivtssgdttcalwdietg174 qatttftghtgdymslslap dtrlfvsgacgdasaklwdvregmcra221 tftghesdin aicffpnga fatgsgdatcrldlradqe261 lmtyshdnicgitsvsfsksgrlllaggdfncnywdal kadrag307 vlagghdnrvscig vtddgmavatgswdsflkiwn

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G-Beta- bovine (2)

1 rnqirdarka cgdstltqit agldpvgriq

31 mrtrrtlrghlakiyamhwgtdsr llvsasqdgkliiwds

71 egnvryttknkvhaiplrsswmtcayapsgnfvacggldnicysiylktr

121 vsrelpghlsgylsccrfldd nqiitssgdttcalwdietg161 qatvgfaghsqdvmslslap dgrtfvsgacdasiklwdvr201 dsmcrqtfighesdinavaffp ngyafttgddatcrlfdlradq246 ellmyshdnicgitsvafsrsgrlllagyddfncnidamkgdr291 agvlaghdnrvsclgt ddgmavatgswdsflkiwn

22 / 53

G- BETA DROSOPH

1 mneldslrqe aeslknaird arkaacdtsslqaatslepigriqmtrrt

51 lrghl akiyamhwgn dsrnlysasqdgkli vwdshttnkv

91 haiplrsswmtcayapsgsyvacggldnmcsiynlktregnvr

135 vsrelp ghgylsccrfl ddniqvtssgdm scglwdietglqv178 tsfl ghtgdvmalsla pcktfvsgac dasaklwdiregvckq221 tfp ghesdinavtf fpngqafdtgsd datcrldiradqe261 lamys honiicgitsvafsksgrrllagyddfn cnvwdtm301 kaersgil ghanrvscig vtengmavdtgsw dsflrvwn

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G-BETA HUMAN

1	mteqmtlrgtlk	<u>gh</u> ngwvtqiattp	qfpdmilsasrdk	<u>ti</u> m <u>wkl</u> trdet
51	nygipqralr	<u>gh</u> shfvsvdvi	ssdgqfalsgswd	<u>gtlrlwdl</u> ttgtttrr
101		fv <u>gh</u> tkdvlsvaf	ssdnrqivsgsr	<u>dktiklwn</u> tlgvcky
141	tvqde	<u>sh</u> sewscvrfsp	nssnpiivscgw	<u>dklvkvwnla</u> nc
183	klktnhi	<u>gh</u> tgylntvtv	spdgslcasggk	<u>dgaamlwdl</u>
222		negk <u>hly</u> tlggdiinalcfspnrywl	caatgpsik	<u>iwdl</u> egkiivdel
271	kqevistsskaepp	actslawsad	gqtlfagytdnlv	<u>rvwqv</u> tigr

Fig. 24

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G-Beta 2 (Human)

1 mseleqlrqe aeqlrnqird arkacgdstl tqitagldpv griqmrtrrt

51 lrghl¹akiya mhwgtds rllvsas²qdgk³li⁴wd⁵syt

97 tnkvhaiplrswmtcayapsgnfvacgglndnicsiyslktr

151 gnrvvsrelp⁶gh⁷tgylsccrfl ddnqiitss⁸gdt⁹tc¹⁰al¹¹wd¹²ietgqatvgf201 aghs¹³gdvmslslap dgrtfvsgac¹⁴asik¹⁵l¹⁶wd¹⁷vrds¹⁸mcra241 tfig¹⁹hesdinavaffpn gyaf²⁰ttgs²¹dat²²cr²³l²⁴fd²⁵lradqe281 llmy²⁶sh²⁷dniicgitsvafsrsg²⁸rlllag²⁹y³⁰dfnc³¹ni³²wd³³am321 kgdragvlag³⁴h³⁵drvsclgv³⁶td³⁷dgm avatgs³⁸wd³⁹sfl⁴⁰ki⁴¹wn

25 / 53

G-Beta 4 (mouse)

1 seleqlrqeaqlrnqiqdarkacndatlvqitsnmdsv griqmtrtrt

51 lrghlakiyamhwgydsr llvsasadgkliwdsytttkm

91 haiplrsswmtcayapsgnyvacggldnicsiynlktregdvrvsrela

141 ghtgylsccrflddg qiitssgdttcalwdietgaqatttf

181 tghsgdvmslspsd lktfvsgacdassklwdirdgmcrq

221 sftghisdinavsffpsg yafatgsdatcrlfdlradqe

261 lllyshdniicgitsvafsksgrrlllagyddfnscsywdalkggrs

306 gvlghdnrvscigv tddgmavatgswdsflriwn

Fig. 26

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GTP binding protein (squid)

1 mtselealrqeteqlknqirearkaaadtllamatanevpvgriqmtrrr

51 tlrghlakaiyamhwasd srnlvsqsgdglivwdgyttkn

91 vhaiplrssw vmtcayapsg nyvacggldn icsiyslctr egnavrsrel

141 pghgtgylsccrfid dnqivtssgdm~~tc~~alwnietgnqits

181 fgghtgdvmslslapd mrtfvsqacdasaklfdirdgick

21 qtftghesdinhaityfpn gfafatgsddatcrlfdiradq

1 eigmys~~hd~~niicgitsvafskgrlllggyddfncnvwdv

30 eragvlag~~hd~~nr~~vs~~cl gvtedgmavatsg~~wd~~sflkiw n

Fig. 28

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IEF SSP 9306

```
1 madkeaafdd aveervinee ykiwkkntpf lydlvmthal ewpsltaqwl
51 pdvtrpegkd fsihrlvlgt htsdeqnhlv iasvqlpndd aqfdashyds
101 ekgefggfgs vsgkieiek inhegevnra rympanpcii atktppssdvl
151 vfdytkhpsk pdpsgecnpd
```

171 lrlrghakeg yglswnpnlsg hllsasddhticlwdisav
pkegkvvdak
221 tiftghtavv edvswllhe slfgsvaddaklmiwdtrsn
261ntskpshsvdahtaevnclsfnpysefilatgsadktvalwdlrnl
307 klklhsfeshkdeifqvwspnnetilassgtdrrlnvwdls
351 kigeeqspedaedgppellfihgghtakisdf swnpne

787

Fig. 29

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HUMAN 12.3

1	mteqmtlrgtlk	ghngwtqiattpqfpm	ilsasrd	ktiimwkl	trdet
51	nygipqralr	ghshfvsvdvvissdga	falsgswd	gtlrlwdl	tt
95	gtttrrfv	ghtk dvlsvafssdn	rqiivsgsr	dktiklwn	tlg
137	vcky tvqde	shsewscvrfspn	ssnpiivscgw	dklykvwn	la
181	ncklktnhi	ghtgylntvtvs	pdgslcasggk	dgqam	lwdln
222		egkhlytldggdii	nalcfspnrywl	caatgpsi	kiwdle
263	gkiiivdelk	qevistsskaeppqctslawsadgqtl	fagytdnl	vrvwqv	tigtr

Fig. 30

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IEF -7442 - human

i maskemfedt veervineey kiwkkntpfl ydlvmthalq wpsltvqwlp

51 evtkpegkdy alhwlvlgth tsdeqnhlvv arvhipndda qfdashcdsd

101 kgefggfgsv tgkieceiki nhegevnrar ympqnphiia tktpssdvlv

151 fdytkhpakp dpsgecnpd1

171 rlrghakegyglswnsnlsghllsasddhtvclwdinagpkegkivdaka

221iftghsavvedvawhllheslfgsvaddqklmiwdtrsnt

261 tskpshlvdahtaevnclsfnpysefilatgsadktvalwdlrnklklh

311 tfeshkdeifqvhwsphneti lassgtarrlnvwdlskigeeqsaedaed

361 gpellfihgghatakisdfswnpnepwvicsvseanmqiwwaeniynd

411 eesdvtttsel egqgs

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insulin-like growth factor binding protein complex

1 malrkgglaal allllswval gprslegadp gtpgeaegpa cpaacvcsyd

51 ddadelsvfc ssrnltrlpd gvpqgtqalw ldgnnlssvp paafqnlssl

101 gflnlqggql gslepqallg lenlchlhle rnqlrslalg

141 tfahtp~~al~~aslglsnnrlsrledglfeglgslw~~dl~~nlngwn slavlpdaaf
 rglgslrelv

201 lagnrlayla palfsglael reldlsrnal raikanvfva lprlqklyld

251 rnliaavapg aflglkalrw ldshnrvag lledtfpgll glrvlrshn

301 aiaslrprt f kdlhfleela lghnrirqla ersfeglgql evltldhnql

351 qevkagafg ltnvavmnl gnclnrlpeq vfrglgklhs lhlegscigr

401 irphtftgls glrrlflkdn glvgieeqsl wglaelleld ltsnqlthlp

451 hrlfqglgkl eylllsrnl aelpadalgp lqrafwldvs hnrlealpn

501 hrlfqglgkl eylllsrnl aelpadalgp lqrafwldvs hnrlealpn

551 hrlfqglgkl eylllsrnl aelpadalgp lqrafwldvs hnrlealpn

601 hfapc

Fig. 32

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insulin like growth factor binding protein complex - rat

1 malrtggpal vlllafwval gpchlqgtdp gasadaegpa cpvactcshd
 51 dytdelsvfc ssknlthlpd dipvstralw ldggnlssip saafqnlssl
 101 dflnlqgswl rslepqallg lqnlyylhle rnrlrnlavg

141 lfthttpslaslsissnllgrleeglfagls~~hlw~~dlngwn

181 slvvlpdtvf qglgnlhelv
 201 lagnkltylq palfcglgel reldlsrnal rsvkanvfvh lprlqklyld
 251 rnlitavapg aflgmkalrw ldlsnrvag lmedtfpgll ghvlrlahn
 301 aiaslrprt f kdlhfleelq lghnrirqlg ertfeglgql evltlndnqi
 351 tevrvgafsg lfnvavmnl gncrlslper vfqgldklhs lhlehscglh
 401 vrlhtfagls glrrlflrdn sissieeqsl aglselleld lttlrlthlp
 451 rqlfaglg hl eylllsynql ttlsaevlgp lqrafwldis
 491 hnhletlaeglfsslgrvrylslnnslqtfsppglerlwl~~danp~~wdcs
 541 cnlkalrdfa lanpavvprf vatvceaddc anvytyvnti aggnanvsa

601 vhc

Fig. 33

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LIS1 (human)

1 mvlqrqrde lnraiadylr sngyeeaysv fkkeaeldvn eeldkkyagl
 51 lekwtsvir lqkkvmeles klneakeeft sggplgqkrd pkewiprppe

101 kyalsghrspvtrvifhpfsvmsasedatikvwdyetg
 151 dfertlkghtdsvqdisfdhsgkllascadmtiklwdfagfecir
 191 tmhghdhnyssvaimpngdhivsarsdktikmwvqtgycvktf
 241 tghrewrmvrpnqdgltiascsndqtvrywvvatkecka

291 elrehevveciswapessy

311 ssiseatgsetkkskpgp flsgsrdkt kmwdvstgmc
 351 lmtlvghdnwvrgvlfhsggkfilscaddktlrvwddyknk
 391 nmktlnqhehfvtldfbktpnyvtasvdatkbywe

Fig. 34

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MD6

1 merkdftwl dnisvtflsl mdlqknetld hlislsgavq lrhlennlet
 51 llkrdfkl11 plelsfyllk wldpqtl1tc clvskqrnk1 isactevwqt
 101 acknlgwqid dsvqds1hwk kvylkailrm kqledheafe

141	tssli <u>gh</u> sarvyalyyk	dgl1ctgsdd1 <u>saklwd</u> vstgqc
181	vygiqthtca avkfde	qklvtgsfdnt <u>vacwew</u> ssgart
220	qhfr <u>gh</u> tgavfsvdysdel	dilvsgsadfay <u>kvwa</u> lsagtc
261	lntlt <u>gh</u> tewvtkvvlqkckvksllhspgdyill	sadkyeikiwpiGREI

301 nckclktlsv sedrsiclap r1hfdgkyiv cssalglyqw
 351dfasydilrv iktpevanla llgfgdvfal lfdnhylyim dlrteslir
 401wplpeyrksk rgtsflager pg

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MSL1

1 mncakdith eassipidlq eryshwkknt kllydylntn stkwpsltcq
 51 ffpdltdtsd ehrillssft ssqkpedeti yiskistlgh ikwssltnfd
 101 mdemefkpen strfpskhlv ndisiffpng ecnrarylpa npdiagass
 151 dgaiyifdrf khgstirqs kishpfetkl fgshgviadv eamdtssadi
 201 neatslawnl qqeallssh sngqvqvwdi kayshenpii dlplvsinsd
 251 gtavndvtwm pthdslaac tegnavslld lrtkkekls

291 nrekhdggvnsrfrn yknsllasadsngrlnlwdirnmm
 331 kspiatmehgtsvstlewspnfdtvlatagadgl vklwdsceetifh
 381 gghmlgvndisw dahdpwlmcsvandn svhiwkpagnlvgs

Fig. 36

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MU SCULUS PROTEIN

1 sytna aetpenisil sclgetsgal vdkktisdik tmdprvsltp
 51 tgeds svltpqstdv nsvdsyqgye gdddeedde dkdgdslp
 101 dsdnfis clensyipqn vengevveeq slgrrfhpye leagevveeq
 151 dsldfypye leagevveeq nvqnlfhrye leagevveeq vvqsmfpyye
 201 leagevveeq evqgffqrye learevigaa ggqglrhyg leggevveat
 251 rliqhhe leegedvddq eesemheet sedssegydi eddslidewi
 301 tsplprp rwnvlslalrd rqlgssgrfv yeacgarlfv qrfs

35 / feghsgqvntvh fnqhgt lasgsddlkvivwdwlkkrsvln

Fig. 37A

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fdsgkhnnilqakflpncnd ailamcgrdg qvrvaqlsav
 agthmtkrly khggashrlglepdsprfl tsgedavvfn
 idlrqahpas kllvikdgdg kvglytvfvn
 banvyqfavq gdaqfmriyd qrkidenynn gvlkkfcphh llssdypahi
 tslmysydgdt eilasynoded iyifnssdsd gaqyakrykg hrnnstvkgy
 vfygrprsefv

nsgsdcgghifweksscqiv qfleadeggt incidshpylpvldsssgldheykiwspiae

oskklaglk n vikinklrd nftlrhtslf
 nsmclflms hvtqsngrswrgirinagg gdfsdsssss eetnqes

Fig. 37B

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ORF RB1

1 mncakdith eassipidlqeryshwkknt kllydylntn stkwpstcq
 51 ffpdltdtsd ehrillssft ssqkpedeti yiskistlgghikwsslennfd
 101 mdemefkpen strfpskhv ndisiffpng ecnrarylpq npdiagass
 151 dgaiyifdrf khgstirqs kishpfetkl fgshgviadv eamdtssadi
 201 neatslawnl qqealllssh sngqvqvdi kayshenpii dlplvsinsd
 251 gtavndvtwm pthdslaac tgnavslld lrtkkekls

291 nrekhdggvnsrfrnykn slilasadsngrlnlwdirnmm
 331 kspiatmehgtsvstlewspnfdtvlataqgedg lylwldtsceetifth
 381 gghmlgvndiswdah dpwlmcsyandn syhiwkpagnlvghs

Fig. 38

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Periodic Trp protein

1 misatnwpr gfssefpeky vlddeeveri nqlaqlnldd akatleeaeg
 51 esgveddaat gssnklkdql didddlkeyn leeyddeeia dneggkdvsm
 101 fpglsndsdv kfhegekged pyislpnqed sseekqelqv ypsdnlvlaa
 151 rteddvsyld iyvyddgagf hssdipveeg deadpdvarg lvrpalyvh
 201 hdlmlpafpl cvewldykv gsnseeaanya aigtfdpqie iwnldcvdka
 251 fpdmilgepl dnsmvslksk

271 kkkkksktgh ittnhtdavl smahnkyfrsvlastsadhtv klwdlnsgn
 321 aarslasihs nknvsssewhmlngsilltggysrvaltdvrisdesqmskywsamagee

381 ietvtfasen iilcgtdsgn vysfdirnne nrkpwtlka
 421 hdagistlcs nkfigmmst gamgektvkl
 451 wkfplddatn tkgpsmvlsr dfdvgnvltz sfapdievag tmviggvnkv

501 lklwdvftnr svrksfksel envgnnakee gakiqkeeni gnl tnd

ndda gggg ndda

Fig. 39

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PLAP

1 mhymsghsnf vsyvciipss diyphgliat ggndhnicif sldspmplyi

51 lk~~gh~~ktvcslssgkf gtlsgsw~~ttakvw~~ndkcmmtl
91 ~~qgh~~taavwvavkilpeaglm~~itgsad~~~~ktiklw~~kagrcertf
131 l~~gh~~edcvrglails etefscand~~asirrw~~aitgeclevy
171 f~~gh~~tyiysisvfpnskdfyttae~~drslriw~~khgecaqti

211 rlpaqsiwcc cvlengdivv gasdgiirvf teseertasa

251 eeikaslsre spliakvltt eppiitpvr tlpcrvtrsm issclsrivs

301 tslstdshl titalhlflt ttte

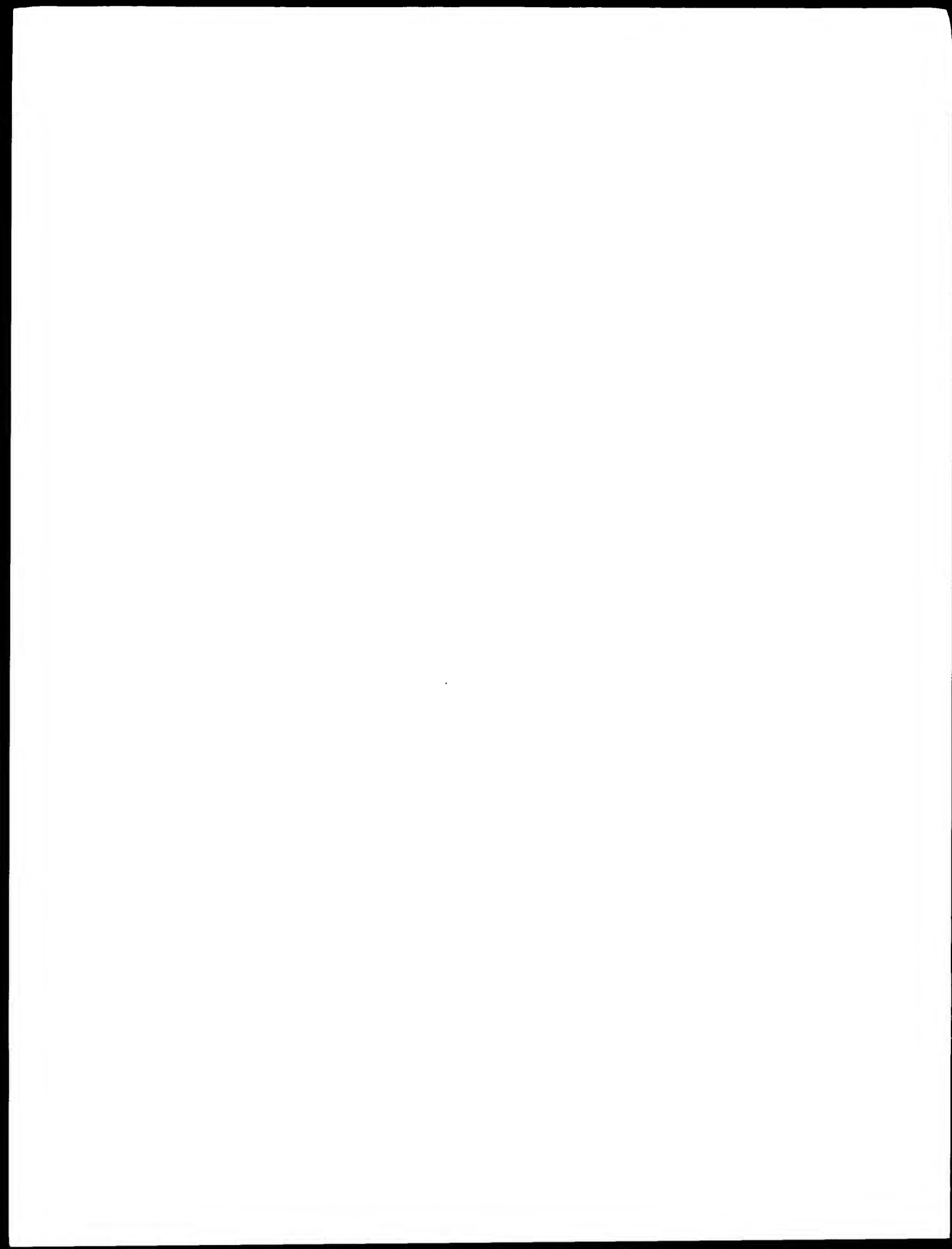
Fig. 40

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RET1 STOMA BINDING PROTEIN - HUMAN

madkeaafdd aveervinee ykiwkntpf lydlvmthal ewpsltaqwl
 pdvtrpegkd fsihrlvlgt htsdeqnhlv iasvqlpndd aqfdashyds
 ekgefsgfgs vsgkieieik inhegevnra rympqnpccii atktpssdvl
 vfdytkhpsk pdpsgecnpd
 lrlrghqkegyglswnpn lsghlssasddhticlwdisavpkegkvvdak
 tiftghtavvedvswll heslfgsvaddqklmiwdtrsn
 ntskps~~h~~svdahtaevncslsfnpysefildtgsadktvalwdlrlnlklkl
 hsfes~~h~~hkdeifqvawsph netilasssgtdrrrlnvwdlskigeeqspedaedgppell
 fihgg~~h~~takisdfswmpnepw vicsvsednimqv~~w~~maeniynededpegsvdpegqgs

Fig. 41



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SOF1

nkiktikrsa ddyvpvkstq esqmpnlnp elhpferare ytkalnatk

ermfakpfvgalgyghrdgvy aiaknygslnklatgsadgavikywnmstr

efvsfkahyglvtglcvtpqrfrhdkkpdllksqnfmlsddgktvklwsinvddysnkns

sdndsvtneeglirtfdgesafqidshrenstfdtggaakihlwdlvnrk

vsdlswgad nitslkfnqn etdilastgs dnsivlydlr tnsptqkivq tmrtnaicwn

meafnfvta nedhnayyyd mrnlrsrlnv fkdhvsavmd vdfspgtdei vtgsydxsir

iyktnhghsreiyhtkrmqhvf vkysmdskyiisgddgnvrlwrskaw

ersnvkttre knkleydekl kerfrhmpei krisrhrhvp qvikkaqeik

ielssikrr eanerrtrkmpyiserkkq ivgtvhkyed sgrdrkrke ddkrdtqek

Fig. 43

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STE4 - YEAST

1 maahqmdsit ysnvtaqyi qpqslqdisa vedeiankie aarqeskqlh

51 aginkakhki qdaslfqman kvtsltknki nlkpnivl

89 kahnnkisdfwrdsdsk rilsasagdfmliwdsasglknai

131 pldsqwlscaispsstlvasaglnnnctiyrvskenrva

171 qnvasifkqhtcyisdieft dnahiltasgdmtealwdip

211 kakrvreysdhlgdvlalaipeepnlenssntfascgsdgytyiwdsrsp

261 savqsfyvndsdinalrffkdgmsivagsd ngainmydlr

301 sdcsiatfslfrgyeertptptymaanmey ntaqspqtlk

341 stsssyldnagvvsldfsasgrlmyscytdigcvvwdvdk

SECRET

Fig. 44

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TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR TIIF

1 mslevsning gngtqlshdk relcllkl kkyqalkstee llcqeanvss
 51 velseised vqqlgavlg agdanrerkh vqspaaghkq savteanaae
 101 elakfidds fdaqhyeqay kelrtfveds ldiykhelsm vlypilvqiy
 151 fkilasglre kakefiekyy cdldgyyieg lfnllllskp eellendlw
 201 ameqdkfvir msrdshslfk rhiqdrreqv vadiivskyh fdtiegmarn
 251 klacvatags hlgeakraqn kmrvygyllk evdfqtltp apapeeeddd
 301 pdapdrpkkk kpkkdpllsk kksdpnaps idriplpelk dsdkllklka
 351 lreaskrlal skdqlpsavfytvln

Fig. 45A

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377 shqgvtaeisddstm lacfgdssvriwsltpanvrtlkdads
 ↑
 lreldkesadi
 427 mlddrsgvtrslnghgtpvyrcafaapemnlscsedstirlwsl
 487 twscvtyrghvypwvdvfaphgyyfvscsydktarlwatdsnqalrvf
 527 vghlsdvdcvqfhpnsnyvdtgssdrtyrlwdhmtgqsvr
 577 lmtghkgsvsslafscacgrylsgsvdhniilwdlsngsl
 617 vtllrhtstvtittfserdgtvlgaagldnnltlwdfhkv
 657 visnhit vshhqadende dvytmrtfps knspfvslhf trrnllmcvg
 701

Fig. 45B

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TUP1

1 mtasvsntqn klnelldair aeflavsgea ntyrlanqkd ydfkmnqqla
 51 emqqirntvy elelthrkmk dayeaeikh1 klgleqrdhq iasltvqqqq
 101 qqqqqqqvqq hlqqqqqqla aasasvpvaq appattsata tpaantttgs
 151 psafpvqasr pnlvgsq1pt tt1pvvssna qqqlpqqqla qqqlqqqqpp
 201 pqvsvap1sn taingsptsk ettt1psvka pestlketep ennntskind
 251 tgsattattt tateteikpk eedatraslh qdhylvpynq ranhskpipp
 301 flldldsqs1v pdalkkatnd yyilypalp reidvelhks ldhtsvvccv
 351 kfsndgeyla tgcnkttqvy rvsdgs1var lsddsaannh rnsitenntt
 401 tstdnntmtt tttttittta mtsaaelakd venlntsssp

441 ssdly1rsvcfspd1gkflatgaedrl1riw1dienrkivmi
 481 lqgheqdiysldyf1psgdklvsgsgdr1tvriw1dlrtgqcs
 521 ltlsiedgvttvavspgdgkyiaagsldravrvwdsetgflverldsene
 571 sgtghkds1vysv1ftrdgqsv1sgsl1drsvklwnlqnannksdsktpnsg
 621 tcevt1yighkdfv1svattqndeyilsgsk1drgylfwdkk

661 sanp1lmlaa hrnsvisvay angss1anex nufatasada

Fig. 46

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TUP1 HOMOLOG

1 msqkqstnqn qngthqpqv knqrtnnaag ansgaqpqqq sagqsqqqgr
 51 sngpfsasdl nrivleylnk kgyhrteaml raesgrtltp qnkqspantk
 101 tgkfpeqssi ppnpgktakp isnptnlssk rdaeggivss grleglnape
 151 nyiraysmlk nwdssleiy kpelsyimp ifiylflnlv aknpvyarrf
 201 fdrfspdfkd fhgseinrlf svnsidhike nevasafqsh kyritmskt
 251 lnlllyflne nesiggslii svinqhldpn ivesvtarek ladgikvlsd
 301 sengngkqnl emnsvpvklg pfpkdeefvk eietelkikd dqekqlnqat
 351 agdnysgann rtllqeykam nnekfkdntg dddkdkikdk iakdeekkes
 401 elkvdgekkd snlsspardi lplppktald lkleiqkvke sdaikldnl
 451 qlalpsvcmy

461 tfqntnkdmscldfsadcriaaag fadsyikiwsl dgssl nnpnialnnn
 511 dkdedptcktlvghsgtvystsf spdnkyllsgsedkt vrlwsmtdhtal
 561 vsykgghnnpvwdvs fsplghyfatahdqt arlwscdhiy
 601 plrifaghlndvdcvs fhpngcyvftgssdkt crmwldvst
 641 gdsvrlflghtapvisi avcpdgrwlstgsgdgi invwdigtgkr
 686 lkqmrghgknaiyslsyskegnvltisggadht vrvwdlkkattep

771 sftykktpvf kvkfsrsnla laggatrp

Fig. 47

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YCU7

1 mvrfrgkel aattfnghrd yvmgaffshd qekiytvskd gavfvweftk
 51 rpsddddnes edddkqeevd iskyswritk khffyanqak vkcvtfhpat
 101 rllavghtsg efrlydlpdf tliqqlsmgq npvntvsvnq tgewlafgss
 151 klqallvyew

161 qsesyilkqagghfdstns lay spdgsrvvtasedgkikvwd
 202 itsgfclatfeehstssvta vqfakrgqvmfsssl~~dg~~tvrawdli
 251 ryrnfrtftgteri qfnc lavdpsgevv cagsldnfdih v~~ws~~vqt
 291 galldalsghegpvscl sfsqensvlasaswd~~kt~~iri~~ws~~i

341 fgrsqqvepi evysdvlals mrpdgkevav stlkgqisif niedakqvgn
 391 idcrkdiisg rfnqdrftakilndpnflq yitvlmwll wlvviitpfv
 431 ymmfqmksc

10 10

50 / 53

YCW2 PROTEIN

1 mstlipppsk kqkkeaqldr evaiipkdlp nvsikfqald tgdnvvgalr
 51 vpgaiseqql eellnqlngt sddpvpytfs ctiagkkasd pvktiditdn
 101 lysslikpgy nstedqitll ytpravfkvk

131	pvtrsssaia	<u>gh</u> gstilcsafaph	tssrmvtgag	<u>dn</u> tariw	dc	dtqtpmh
181		tlk	<u>gh</u> ynwvlcvswsp	dgeviatgsm	<u>dn</u> tirlw	dpksgqc
221	lgdalr	<u>gh</u> skwitsls	wepihlvkpgskprlasssk	<u>dg</u> tikiw	dtvsrvc	
271	qytms	<u>gh</u> tnsvscvkwggag		llysgshdr	tvrv	w
						dinsqg

311 rcinilksha hwnhlslst dyalrigafd htgkkpstpe

351	eaqkkalenyekickkn	gnse	emmv	tas	<u>dy</u> tmf	<u>lw</u> nplkstkpiarmtg
401	hqklvn	<u>h</u> vafspdgr		yivs	asf	<u>dn</u> siklwdgr
441	dgkfistfr	<u>gh</u> iasvyqvawssdc		rllv	scsk	<u>dt</u> tlkvwdv
481	rtrklsvdl	<u>g</u> iktklvdw	svd	akrv	cs	g
						akdkmvr
						lwth

Fig. 49

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Fig. 50**YKL525**

1 mfkststls ydetpnsneg drnatpvnkp eksqtkhl ni pgdrsrhssi
 51 adskrsssry dggysadiip aqlrfidnid ygtrlrktlh rnsvvsnngyn
 101 klsendrwyf dlfdryfen yleeptyiki fkkkegleqf drmfllaqelk
 151 ipdvystty

161 aqepavanselfknsiccct fshdgkymvi gckdgsllwk

202 vinspvkrs emgrseksvs asranslkiq rhlasisshn gsisndlkp

251 sdqfegpskqlhlyapvfysdvf rvfmehaldildanwskngflitasmd

301 ktaklwhperkyslktfvhpadfvtsaiffpnddrfiitgcldhrcrlwsi

351 ldnevsyafd ckdlitsltl sppggeytii gtfngyiyvl lthglkfvs
 401 fhvskstqg ttknsfhpss eygkvqhgr itglqcffsk vdknlrlivt
 451 tndskiqifd lnekkplelf kgfsgssrh rgqflmmkne pvvftgsddh
 501 wfytwkmsf nlseamnta phrkkrlsgs mslkgllriv snkstndecl
 551 tetsnqsssh tftnssknvl atqtvgsqai knnhyisfha hnsptvrcsi
 601 bddvskll hndg avtkemqa: besketea: pnnpvtet:
 651 itssnlsnvt invgt: ssgglrvtr: ldlpeirka: lektheyn:
 701 fhleaagkin nnnndasilen rmdersstea nefsttppsn thnsrpshtf
 751 celhpnnsqv isgmprasa ifknsifnks ngsfislksr seststsvfg
 801 phdiprvstt ypklkcdvcn gsnfecaskn piaggdsgft cadcgtilnn
 851 fr

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yrb 1410 yeast

1 msqkqstnqn qngthqppv knqrtnnaag ansgaqpqqq sagqsqqagr
51 sngpfsasdl nrivleylnk kgyhrteaml raesgrtltp qnkaspantk
101 tgkfpeqssi ppnpgktakp isnptnlssk rdaeggivss grleglnape
151 nyiraysmlk nwdssleiy kpelsyimyp ifiylflnlv aknpvyarrf
201 fdrfspdfkd fhgseinrlf svnsidhike nevasafqsh kyritmsktt
251 lnlllyflne nesiggslii svinqhldpn ivesvtarek ladgikvlsd
301 sengngkqnl emnsvpvklg pfpkdeefvk eietelkikd dqekqlnqqt
351 agdnysgann rttlqeykam nnekfkdtg dddkdkikdk iakdeekkes
401 elkvdgekkd snlsspardi lplppktald lkleiqkvke srdaikldnl
451 qlalpsvcmy tfqntnkams cldfsddcri aaagfqdsyi kiwslgdgssl
501 nnpnialnnn dkdedptckt lvghsgtvys tsfspdnkyl lsgsedktvr

Fig. 51A

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551 lwsmdtthalvsykhnhpvdvs fsplghyfatahdqatarlwsdhiy
601 plrifaghlndvdcvs fhpngcyvftgssdktrmndvst
641 gdsvrlflhtapvisiav cpdgrwlstgsedgiinvndigtgkrkqmr
691 ghgknaiyslsyskegnvlisggadhtvrwldkkattep
731 saepdepfig ylgdvtasinadikeygrrr tyiptsdla sfytkktpvf
kvkfsrsnla laggafrp

Fig. 51B